

UPDATED

SEARCH

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 05:42:06 ON 12 JUN 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:42:17 ON 12 JUN 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L1  
L2 8 S L1

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:44:07 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:45:15 ON 12 JUN 2007  
199 S L1 FULL  
SAV TEMP L3 BRD540283/A

L3  
L4 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:45:51 ON 12 JUN 2007  
100 S L3  
SAV TEM L4 ANS540283/A

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:46:16 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:49:50 ON 12 JUN 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
8 S L5 SAM SUB=L3

L5  
L6

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:51:13 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:51:52 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:52:18 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:54:58 ON 12 JUN 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L7  
L8 8 S L7 SAM SUB=L3  
L9 197 S L5 FULL SUB=L3  
L10 197 S L7 FULL SUB=L3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:56:31 ON 12 JUN 2007

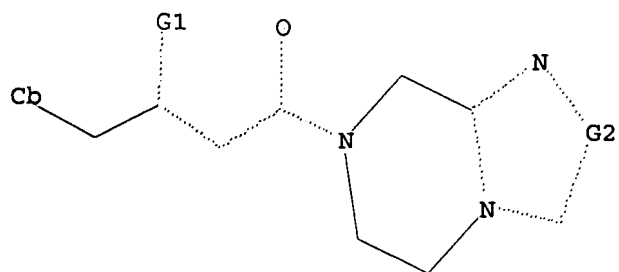
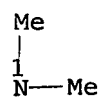
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:56:51 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:57:49 ON 12 JUN 2007

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 [ @1 ] , [ @2 ] , [ @3 ]

G2 C , N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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Job : 84
Date: 6/12/2007
Time: 8:58:52 AM
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=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 05:42:06 ON 12 JUN 2007)

L1 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:42:17 ON 12 JUN 2007  
L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
8 S L1

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:44:07 ON 12 JUN 2007

L3 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:45:15 ON 12 JUN 2007  
199 S L1 FULL  
SAV TEMP L3 BRD540283/A

L4 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:45:51 ON 12 JUN 2007  
100 S L3  
SAV TEM L4 ANS540283/A

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:46:16 ON 12 JUN 2007

L5 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:49:50 ON 12 JUN 2007  
L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
8 S L5 SAM SUB=L3

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:51:13 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:51:52 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:52:18 ON 12 JUN 2007

L7 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:54:58 ON 12 JUN 2007  
L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L9 8 S L7 SAM SUB=L3  
L10 197 S L5 FULL SUB=L3  
197 S L7 FULL SUB=L3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:56:31 ON 12 JUN 2007

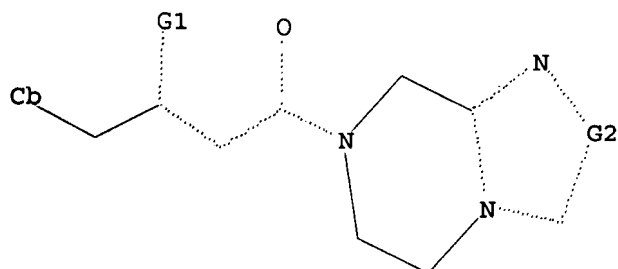
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 05:56:51 ON 12 JUN 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:57:49 ON 12 JUN 2007

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 [@1], [@2], [@3]

G2 C,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> d l4 tot bib abs hitstr

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 527.00 U.S. DOLLARS

DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N:y

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:553808 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:474633

TI Discovery of JANUVIA (sitagliptin), a selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes

AU Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.

CS Departments of Metabolic Disorders and Medicinal Chemistry, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

SO Current Topics in Medicinal Chemistry (Sharjah, United Arab Emirates) (2007), 7(6), 557-568

CODEN: CTMCCL; ISSN: 1568-0266

PB Bentham Science Publishers Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review. The emergence of glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) as a well validated approach to the treatment of type 2 diabetes and preclin. validation of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibition as an alternate, oral approach to GLP-1 therapy prompted the initiation of a DPP-4 inhibitor program at Merck in 1999. DPP-4 inhibitors threo- and allo-isoleucyl thiazolidide were in-licensed to jump start the program; however, development was discontinued due to profound toxicity in rat and dog safety studies. The observation that both compds. inhibit the related proline peptidases DPP8 and DPP9 led to the hypothesis that inhibition of DPP8 and/or DPP9 could evoke severe toxicities in preclin. species. Indeed, the observed toxicities were recapitulated with a selective dual DPP8/9 inhibitor but not with an inhibitor selective for DPP-4. Thus, medicinal chemical efforts focused on identifying a highly selective DPP-4

inhibitor for clin. development. Initial work in an  $\alpha$ -amino acid series related to isoleucyl thiazolidide was discontinued due to lack of selectivity; however, SAR studies on two screening leads led to the identification of a highly selective  $\beta$ -amino acid piperazine series. In an effort to stabilize the piperazine moiety, which was extensively metabolized in vivo, a series of bicyclic derivs. were prepared, culminating in the identification of a potent and selective triazolopiperazine series. Unlike their monocyclic counterparts, these analogs typically showed excellent pharmacokinetic properties in preclin. species. Optimization of this series led to the discovery of JANUVIA (sitagliptin), a highly selective DPP-4 inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes.

IT 654671-78-0, Januvia

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Januvia (sitagliptin), a selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for treatment of type 2 diabetes)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

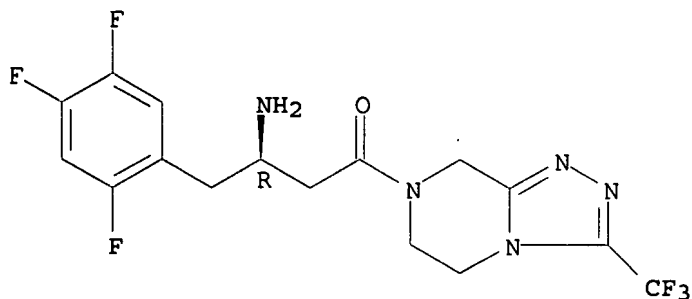
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

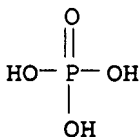
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:538695 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

TI Oxazoles and thiazoles as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy

IN Epple, Robert; Cow, Christopher; Azimioara, Mihai; Russo, Ross; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing  
 PA IRM LLC, Bermuda  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 139pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007056366	A2	20070518	WO 2006-US43342	20061107
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRAI	US 2005-734683P	P	20051107		
GI					

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to oxazoles and thiazoles of formula I, which modulate the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR $\delta$ . In compds. I, W is O or S; R<sub>1</sub> is -L<sub>1</sub>-X-C(R<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub>)-L<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>9</sub>; L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> are independently a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylene; X is a bond, O, or S; R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>8</sub> are independently H, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkoxy; R<sub>9</sub> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; p is 0-3; each R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from halo, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-6 alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylthio, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C<sub>6</sub>-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C<sub>5</sub>-10 heteroaryl; n is 0-3; R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are independently H or C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C<sub>6</sub>-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C<sub>5</sub>-13 heteroaryl; Y is O, S, NR<sub>10</sub>, or CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>11</sub>; Z is C<sub>10</sub>R<sub>11</sub> or S; and R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>11</sub> are independently selected from H and C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; including salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound I with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, optionally containing another active ingredient selected from anti-diabetic agents, hypolipidemic agents, anti-obesity agents, anti-hypertensive agents, etc., as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment or prevention of disease or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Regioselective acetylation of Et (2-methylphenoxy)acetate followed by Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, methanolysis, and regioselective bromination gave phenoxyacetate II, which underwent O-silylation, Suzuki coupling with cyclopropylboronic acid, and desilylation resulting in the formation of cyclopropylphenoxyacetate III. Substitution of 3-chloropropanol with potassium cyanide followed by sulfolysis to the thioamide and heterocyclization with 2-bromo-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)ethanone formed thiazole IV, which was coupled to III under Mitsunobu conditions and hydrolyzed to give thiazole V. The compds. of the invention, e.g., V, are modulators of PPAR, particularly PPAR $\delta$  (no data).

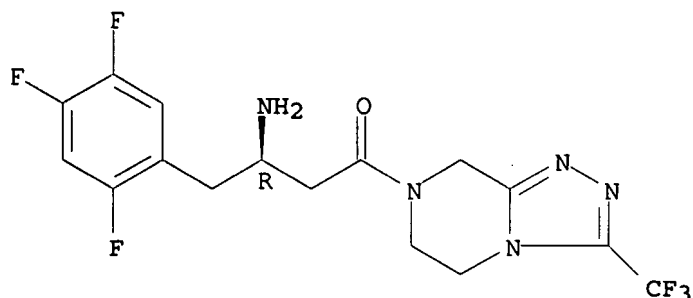
IT 654671-78-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (codrug; preparation of oxazole and thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators)  
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
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 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

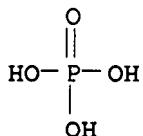
CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
 CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 3 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2007:538194 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 TI Oxazoles and thiazoles as PPAR modulators, their preparation,  
 pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy  
 IN Epple, Robert; Cow, Christopher; Azimioara, Mihai; Russo, Ross  
 PA IRM LLC, Bermuda  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007056496	A1	20070518	WO 2006-US43586	20061107
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,				



RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,  
 TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
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 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2005-734678P P 20051107

GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to oxazoles and thiazoles of formula I, which modulate the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR $\delta$ . In compds. I, W is O or S; R<sub>1</sub> is -L<sub>1</sub>-X-C(R<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>)-L<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>10</sub>; L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> are independently a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylene; X is a bond, O, or S; R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are independently H, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkoxy; R<sub>10</sub> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; p is 0-3; each R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from halo, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-6 alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylthio, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C<sub>6</sub>-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C<sub>5</sub>-10 heteroaryl; n is 0-3; R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are independently H or C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are independently selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C<sub>3</sub>-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C<sub>6</sub>-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C<sub>5</sub>-13 heteroaryl; R<sub>7</sub> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, -L<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-12 aryl, -L<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl, -L<sub>3</sub>-OR<sub>11</sub>, or -L<sub>3</sub>-N(R<sub>11</sub>R<sub>12</sub>); L<sub>3</sub> is a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylene; and R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> are independently H or C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; including salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound I with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, optionally containing another active ingredient selected from anti-diabetic agents, hypolipidemic agents, anti-obesity agents, anti-hypertensive agents, etc., as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment or prevention of disease or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Regioselective bromination of 4-benzyloxyphenol followed by O-silylation, substitution with tetramethyltin, and desilylation gave 4-benzyloxy-2-methylphenol, which underwent substitution of Me 2-bromo-2-methylpropionate, debenzylation, and substitution of 1,2-dibromoethane resulting in the formation of ester II. Heterocyclization of 2-bromo-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)ethanone with thiourea formed aminothiazole III, which underwent substitution of bromide II, N-methylation, and ester hydrolysis to give thiazole IV. The compds. of the invention, e.g., IV, are modulators of PPAR, particularly PPAR $\delta$  (no data).

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(codrug; preparation of oxazole and thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

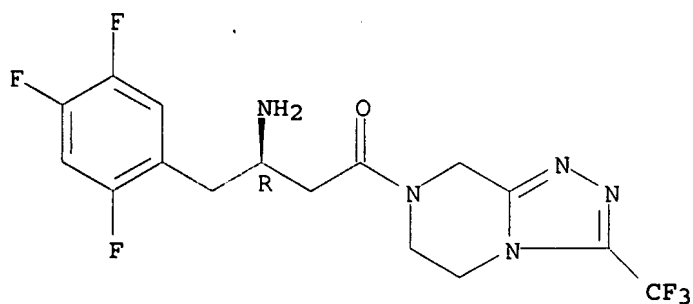
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- $\alpha$ ]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

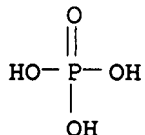
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:536945 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:507832  
TI Multi-stage process to control particle size of pharmaceutical substance  
IN Mooney, Brett Antony  
PA Alphapharm Pty. Ltd., Australia; Keramidas, Panagiotis  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007053904	A1	20070518	WO 2006-AU1687	20061110
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	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRAI	AU 2005-906227	A	20051110		

AB This invention relates to multi-stage process to control the particle size of a pharmaceutical substance comprising the steps of: passing the pharmaceutical substance through a first stage of a particle size reduction process with a first set of particle size control parameters to obtain a feedstock of reduced median particle size and lesser distribution of

median particle size for a second stage of a particle size reduction process; passing the feedstock, through a second stage of a particle size reduction process with a second set of particle size control parameters; optionally, using the product of the second stage or subsequent stages as a feedstock in further stages of a multi-stage particle size reduction process with a set of particle size control parameters for each stage; and collecting a pharmaceutical substance with a median particle size greater than 10µm and with a narrow, reproducible distribution of median particle sizes. Thus, oxcarbazepine was milled in a 12" spiral jet mill to produce particle size of 15µm to 17µm.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

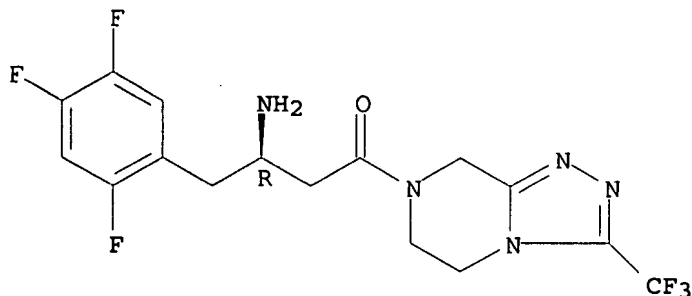
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(multi-stage process to control particle size of pharmaceutical substance)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:536876 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

TI Oxazoles and thiazoles as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy

IN Epple, Robert; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing; Russo, Ross; Cow, Christopher; Azimioara, Mihai

PA IRM LLC, Bermuda

SO PCT Int. Appl., 80pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007056497	A1	20070518	WO 2006-US43587	20061107
<p>W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW</p> <p>RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,</p>				

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to oxazoles and thiazoles of formula I, which modulate the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR $\delta$ . In compds. I, W is N or CH; Y is O, S, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, or CR<sub>5</sub>R<sub>6</sub>, where R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are independently selected from H and C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; Z is S or O; R<sub>1</sub> is -L<sub>1</sub>-X-C(R<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub>)-L<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>9</sub>; L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> are independently a bond or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylene; X is a bond, O, or S; R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>8</sub> are independently H, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkoxy, or R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>8</sub>, together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, form C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl; R<sub>9</sub> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl; n is 0-3; each R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from halo, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkylthio, and C<sub>3</sub>-12 cycloalkyl; R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-8 alkyl; and R<sub>4</sub> is selected from halo, C<sub>1</sub>-4 alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-4 haloalkyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-4 haloalkoxy; including salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound I with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, optionally containing another active ingredient selected from anti-diabetic agents, hypolipidemic agents, anti-obesity agents, anti-hypertensive agents, etc., as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment or prevention of disease or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Diazotization of 4-(trifluoromethoxy)acetophenone followed by heterocyclization with acetonitrile, and sequential double bromination gave dibromooxazole II. O-Benzoylation of 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde, condensation with Et ethoxyacetate, and hydrogenation resulted in the formation of ethoxypionate III, which underwent substitution of II followed by Suzuki coupling with 2-isopropoxy-5-pyrimidineboronic acid (two-step preparation from 5-bromo-2-chloropyrimidine is given) and ester hydrolysis to give oxazole IV. The compds. of the invention, e.g., IV, are modulators of PPAR, particularly PPAR $\delta$  (no data).

IT 654671-78-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(codrug; preparation of oxazole and thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

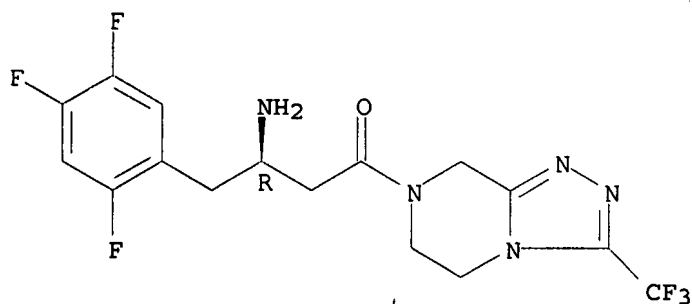
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

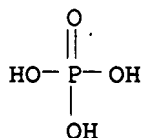
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:513287 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:454126

TI Transport of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin by human organic anion transporter 3, organic anion transporting polypeptide 4C1, and multidrug resistance P-glycoprotein

AU Chu, Xiao-Yan; Bleasby, Kelly; Yabut, Jocelyn; Cai, Xiaoxin; Chan, Grace Hoyee; Hafey, Michael J.; Xu, Shiyao; Bergman, Arthur J.; Braun, Matthew P.; Dean, Dennis C.; Evers, Raymond

CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck and Co., Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (2007), 321(2), 673-683

CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

AB Sitagliptin, a selective dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor recently approved for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, is excreted into the urine via active tubular secretion and glomerular filtration in humans. In this report, we demonstrate that sitagliptin is transported by human organic anion transporter hOAT3 ( $K_m = 162 \mu M$ ), organic anion transporting polypeptide OATP4C1, and multidrug resistance (MDR) P-glycoprotein (Pgp), but not by human organic cation transporter 2 hOCT2, hOAT1, oligopeptide transporter hPEPT1, OATP2B1, and the multidrug resistance proteins MRP2 and MRP4. Our studies suggested that hOAT3, OATP4C1, and MDR1 Pgp might play a role in transporting sitagliptin into and out of renal proximal tubule cells, resp. Sitagliptin did not inhibit hOAT1-mediated cidofovir uptake, but it showed weak inhibition of hOAT3-mediated cimetidine uptake ( $IC_{50} = 160 \mu M$ ). hOAT3-mediated sitagliptin uptake was inhibited by probenecid, ibuprofen, furosemide, fenofibric acid, quinapril, indapamide, and cimetidine with  $IC_{50}$  values of 5.6, 3.7, 1.7, 2.2, 6.2, 11, and  $79 \mu M$ , resp. Sitagliptin did not inhibit Pgp-mediated transport of digoxin,

verapamil, ritonavir, quinidine, and vinblastine. Cyclosporine A significantly inhibited Pgp-mediated transport of sitagliptin (IC50 = 1  $\mu$ M). Our data indicate that sitagliptin is unlikely to be a perpetrator of drug-drug interactions with Pgp, hOAT1, or hOAT3 substrates at clin. relevant concns. Renal secretion of sitagliptin could be inhibited if coadministered with OAT3 inhibitors such as probenecid. However, the magnitude of interactions should be low, and the effects may not be clin. meaningful, due to the high safety margin of sitagliptin.

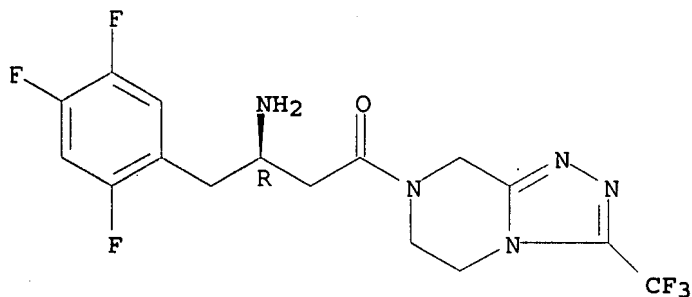
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)  
(transport of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin by human transport proteins and possible drug interactions)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:485597 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:482092

TI Combination of a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor and an anti-hypertensive agent for the treatment of diabetes and hypertension

IN Hasegawa, Philip A.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

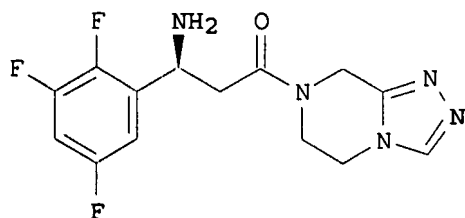
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007050485	A2	20070503	WO 2006-US41233	20061020
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-730167P P 20051025

GI



I

AB The invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising a combination of a particular dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor I and an anti-hypertensive agent selected from the group consisting of an angiotensin II receptor antagonist and an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor, kits containing such combinations and methods of using such compns. for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes-related disorders, hypertension, and hypertension-related disorders. Example compound I and I•H3PO4 was prepared by a multistep procedure (procedure given). Compound I and I•H3PO4 were evaluated for their DPP-4 inhibitory activity.

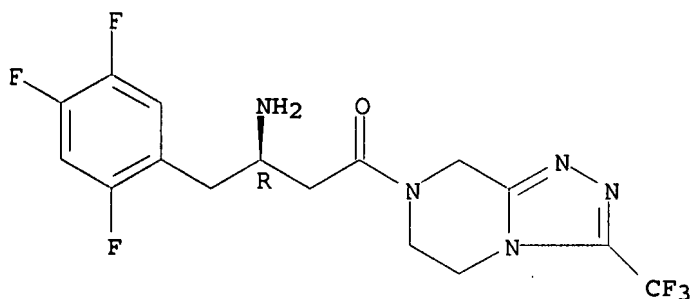
IT 486460-32-6P, Sitagliptin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of sitagliptin phosphate and combination of particular DPP-4 inhibitor and antihypertensive agent selected from angiotensin II receptor antagonist and ACE inhibitor for treatment of diabetes and hypertension)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 654671-78-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of sitagliptin phosphate and combination of particular DPP-4 inhibitor and antihypertensive agent selected from angiotensin II receptor antagonist and ACE inhibitor for treatment of diabetes and hypertension)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

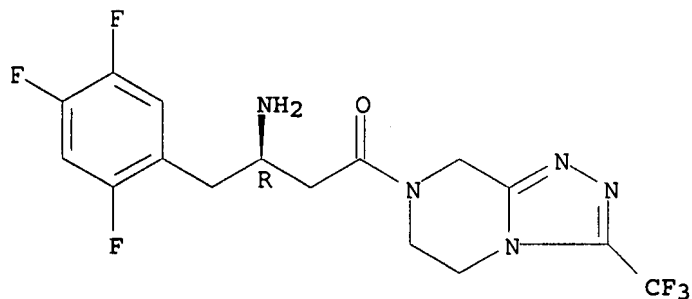
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

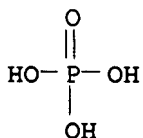
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



IT 767340-03-4P

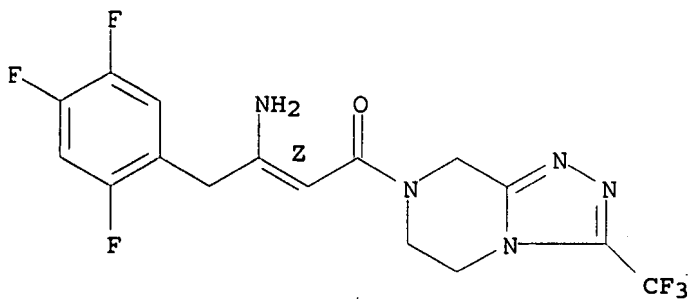
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of sitagliptin phosphate and combination of particular DPP-4 inhibitor and antihypertensive agent selected from angiotensin II receptor antagonist and ACE inhibitor for treatment of diabetes and hypertension)

RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.





L4 ANSWER 8 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2007:438460 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 146:435216  
 TI Combinations and conjugates of dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors and  
 gastrins for treatment of disorders of metabolism and homeostasis  
 IN Cruz, Antonio  
 PA Waratah Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Can.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 64pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007041833	A1	20070419	WO 2006-CA1644	20061006
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-724919P P 20051007

OS MARPAT 146:435216

AB The invention relates to compns., conjugates, and methods for the  
 prevention and/or treatment of a condition and/or disease comprising a  
 therapeutically effective amount of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a gastrin compound  
 The combination of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a gastrin compound provides  
 beneficial effects, in particular sustained beneficial effects, in the  
 prevention and/or treatment of conditions and/or diseases for which either  
 a DPP-IV inhibitor or a gastrin compound have been demonstrated to have a  
 therapeutic effect, including but not limited to diabetes, hypertension,  
 chronic heart failure, fluid retentive states, obesity, metabolic syndrome  
 and related diseases and disorders. Combinations of a DPP-IV inhibitor  
 and a gastrin compound can be selected to provide unexpectedly additive  
 effects or synergistic effects.

IT 486460-32-6D, Sitagliptin, conjugates with gastrin

654671-78-0D, MK 0431, conjugates with gastrin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

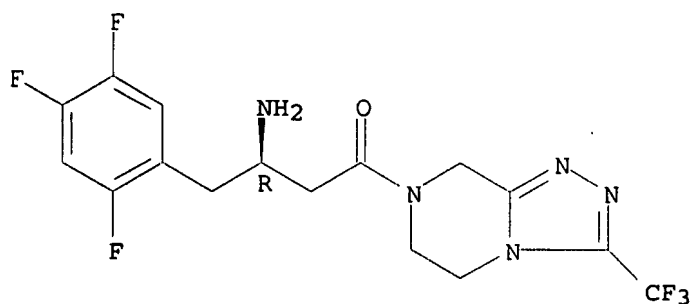
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(combinations and conjugates of dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors and  
 gastrins for treatment of disorders of metabolism and homeostasis)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

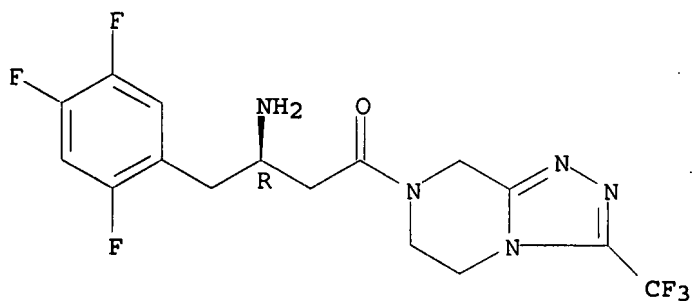


RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

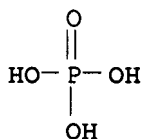
CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
 CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2007:412643 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 146:408429  
 TI Pharmaceutical formulations containing a dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor  
 IN Joshi, Yatindra; Kowalski, James; Lakshman, Jay Parthiban; Royce, Alan  
 Edward; Tong, Wei-Qin; Vasanthavada, Madhav

PA Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007041053	A2	20070412	WO 2006-US37198	20060925
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

PRAI US 2005-722624P P 20050929

AB This invention relates to a formulation comprising a dipeptidylpeptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor preferably vildagliptin and metformin, to tablets comprising such formulations and to processes for the preparation thereof. Thus, tablet contained metformin HCl250.0, Klucel EXF 24.75, and Mg stearate 3.25 mg/tablet.

IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmaceutical formulations containing dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

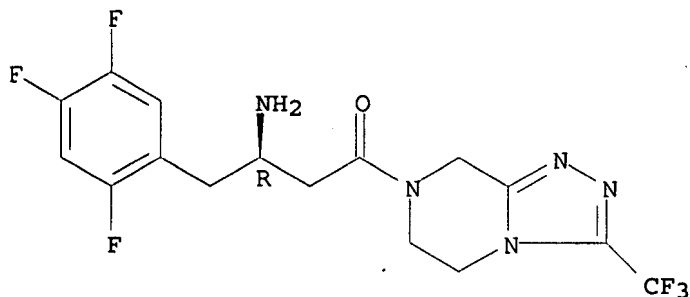
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

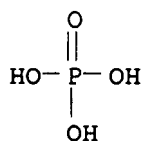
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 10 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:409270 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:415127

TI Dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP IV) inhibitor combination with immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory agent, and therapeutic use

IN Allison, Malcolm; Burkey, Bryan; Hughes, Thomas Edward; Kemp, Daniel Matthew

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 54pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007041368	A2	20070412	WO 2006-US38203	20060928
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-722629P P 20050930

AB The invention discloses a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising of a DPP IV inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and comprising at least one immunosuppressive or immunomodulator agent, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The invention furthermore discloses the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of diseases and disorders that may be inhibited by DPP IV inhibition, for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of autoimmune diseases, and the disorders associated therewith, or for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of graft rejection.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 654671-78-0, MK-0431

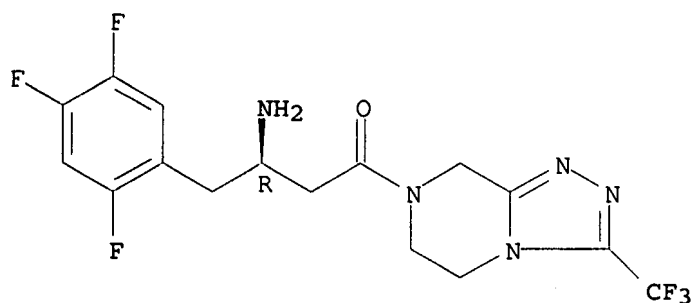
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor combination with immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory agent, and therapeutic use)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

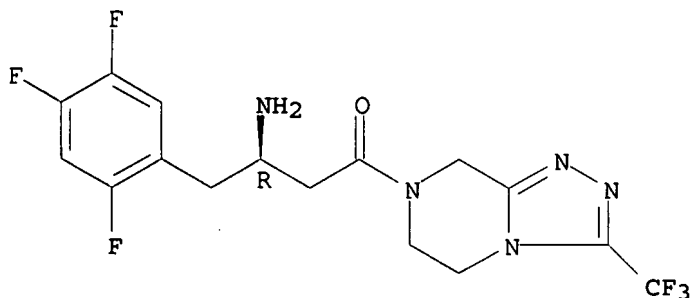
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

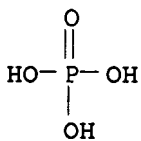
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 11 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:407453 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

TI Metabolism and excretion of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor  
[14C]sitagliptin in humans

AU Vincent, Stella H.; Reed, James R.; Bergman, Arthur J.; Elmore, Charles S.; Zhu, Bing; Xu, Shiyao; Ebel, David; Larson, Patrick; Zeng, Wei; Chen, Li; Dilzer, Stacy; Lasseter, Kenneth; Gottesdiener, Keith; Wagner, John A.; Herman, Gary A.

CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (2007), 35(4), 533-538  
CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556

PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

AB The metabolism and excretion of [<sup>14</sup>C]sitagliptin, an orally active, potent and selective dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor, were investigated in humans after a single oral dose of 83 mg/193  $\mu$ Ci. Urine, feces, and plasma were collected at regular intervals for up to 7 days. The primary route of excretion of radioactivity was via the kidneys, with a mean value of 87% of the administered dose recovered in urine. Mean fecal excretion was 13% of the administered dose. Parent drug was the major radioactive component in plasma, urine, and feces, with only 16% of the dose excreted as metabolites (13% in urine and 3% in feces), indicating that sitagliptin was eliminated primarily by renal excretion. Approx. 74% of plasma AUC of total radioactivity was accounted for by parent drug. Six metabolites were detected at trace levels, each representing <1 to 7% of the radioactivity in plasma. These metabolites were the N-sulfate and N-carbamoyl glucuronic acid conjugates of parent drug, a mixture of hydroxylated derivs., an ether glucuronide of a hydroxylated metabolite, and two metabolites formed by oxidative desatn. of the piperazine ring followed by cyclization. These metabolites were detected also in urine, at low levels. Metabolite profiles in feces were similar to those in urine and plasma, except that the glucuronides were not detected in feces. CYP3A4 was the major cytochrome P 450 isoenzyme responsible for the limited oxidative metabolism of sitagliptin, with some minor contribution from CYP2C8.

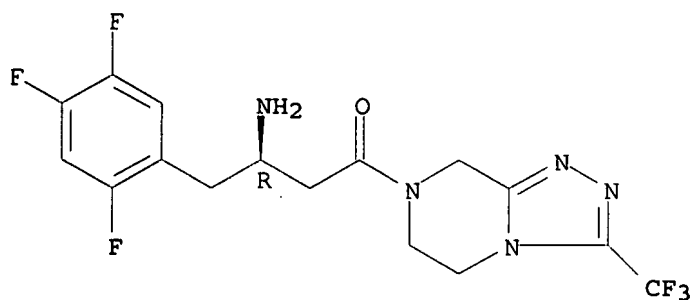
IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 654671-78-0  
RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(metabolism and excretion of dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor [<sup>14</sup>C]sitagliptin in humans)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

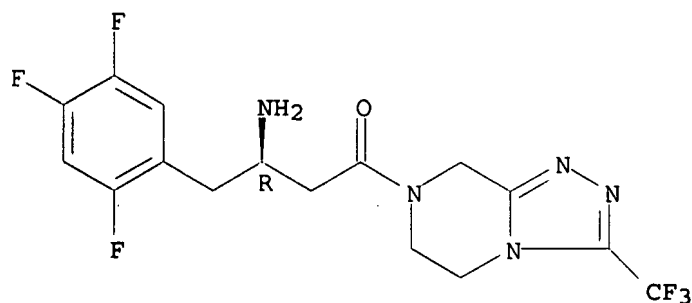
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

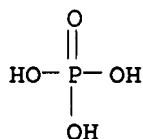
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:407452 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
TI Disposition of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor sitagliptin in rats and dogs  
AU Beconi, Maria G.; Reed, James R.; Teffera, Yohannes; Xia, Yuan-Qing; Kochansky, Christopher J.; Liu, David Q.; Xu, Shiyao; Elmore, Charles S.; Ciccotto, Suzanne; Hora, Donald F.; Stearns, Ralph A.; Vincent, Stella H.  
CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA  
SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (2007), 35(4), 525-532  
CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556  
PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB The pharmacokinetics, metabolism, and excretion of sitagliptin [MK-0431; (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine], a potent dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor, were evaluated in male Sprague-Dawley rats and beagle dogs. The plasma clearance and volume of distribution of sitagliptin were higher in rats (40-48 mL/min/kg, 7-9 l/kg) than in dogs (.apprx.9 mL/min/kg, .apprx.3 l/kg), and its half-life was shorter in rats, .apprx.2 h compared with .apprx.4 h in dogs. Sitagliptin was absorbed rapidly after oral administration of a solution of the phosphate salt. The absolute oral bioavailability was high, and the pharmacokinetics were fairly dose-proportional. After administration of [14C]sitagliptin, parent drug was the major radioactive component in rat and dog plasma, urine, bile, and feces. Sitagliptin was eliminated primarily by renal excretion of parent drug; biliary excretion was an important pathway in rats, whereas

metabolism was minimal in both species in vitro and in vivo. Approx. 10 to 16% of the radiolabeled dose was recovered in the rat and dog excreta as phase I and II metabolites, which were formed by N-sulfation, N-carbamoyl glucuronidation, hydroxylation of the triazolopiperazine ring, and oxidative desatn. of the piperazine ring followed by cyclization via the primary amine. The renal clearance of unbound drug in rats, 32 to 39 mL/min/kg, far exceeded the glomerular filtration rate, indicative of active renal elimination of parent drug.

IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)

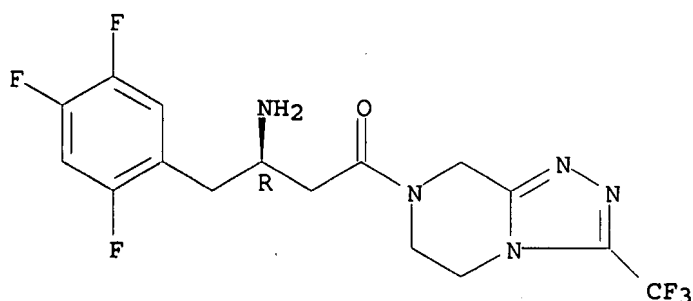
(disposition of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor sitagliptin

(MK-0431, Januvia) in rats and dogs)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:407451 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

TI Characterization of two cyclic metabolites of sitagliptin

AU Liu, David Q.; Arison, Byron H.; Stearns, Ralph A.; Kim, Dooseop; Vincent, Stella H.

CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (2007), 35(4), 521-524

CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556

PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

AB Two novel metabolites of the dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitor sitagliptin (MK-0431, (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-butan-2-amine), were identified after purification from dog urine. The metabolites (referred to as M2 and M5) were characterized by hydrogen/deuterium exchange tandem mass spectrometry and NMR spectroscopy nuclear Overhauser effect expts. as the cis and trans stereoisomers formed by cyclization of the primary amino group with the alpha carbon of the piperazine ring, following oxidative desatn.

IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(characterization of two cyclic metabolites of sitagliptin)

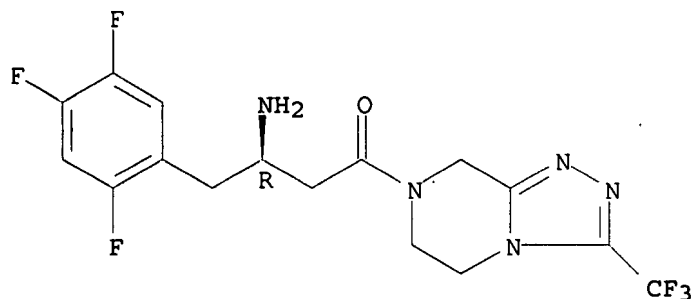
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-



alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:383544 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:365787  
TI Medical agent containing insulin resistance improving agent  
IN Kanda, Shoichi; Nakashima, Ryutaro  
PA Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 24pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007037296	A1	20070405	WO 2006-JP319239	20060928
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI JP 2005-283466 A 20050929

AB The present invention aims to provide a method for treating diabetes which exhibits excellent blood sugar lowering action, while having only few side effects. Specifically disclosed is a pharmaceutical product obtained by combining a DPP-IV inhibitor and an insulin resistance improving agent. For example, tablets were formulated containing rivoglitazone (as insulin resistance improving agent) and MK-0431 (DPP-IV inhibitor).

IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431 930279-24-6 930279-26-8  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(oral pharmaceuticals containing DPP-IV inhibitor and insulin resistance improving agent.)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

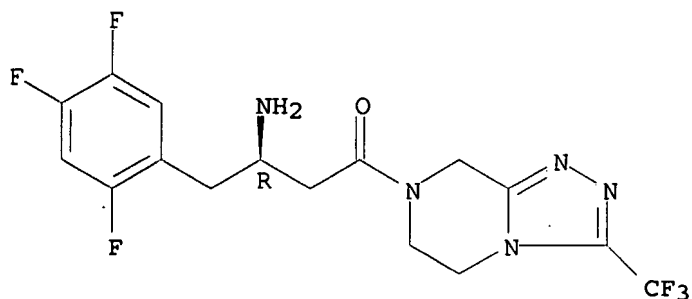
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

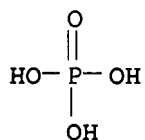
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



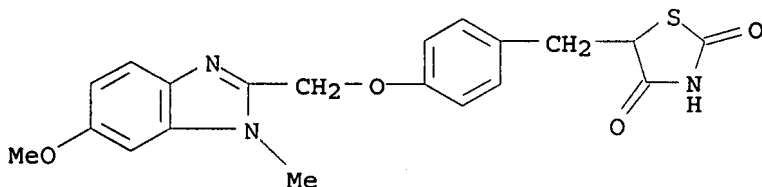
RN 930279-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Thiazolidinedione, 5-[[4-[(6-methoxy-1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-, hydrochloride (1:1), mixt. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 299176-11-7

CMF C20 H19 N3 O4 S . Cl H



● HCl

CM 2

CRN 654671-78-0

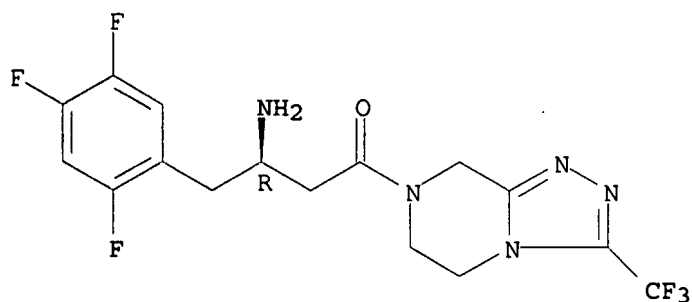
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O . H3 O4 P

CM 3

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

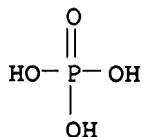
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 4

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



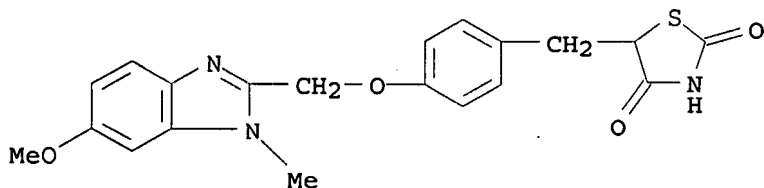
RN 930279-26-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Thiazolidinedione, 5-[[4-[(6-methoxy-1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)methoxy]phenyl)methyl]-, mixt. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 185428-18-6

CMF C20 H19 N3 O4 S



CM 2

CRN 654671-78-0

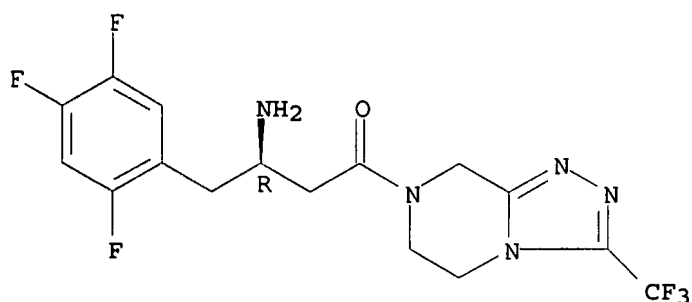
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O . H3 O4 P

CM 3

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

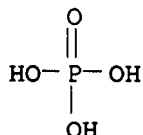
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 4

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 100 THERE ARE 100 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:360862 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:434793

TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, sitagliptin, compared with the sulfonylurea, glipizide, in patients with type 2 diabetes inadequately controlled on metformin alone: a randomized, double-blind, non-inferiority trial

AU Nauck, M. A.; Meininger, G.; Sheng, D.; Terranella, L.; Stein, P. P.

CS The Sitagliptin Study 024 Group, Diabeteszentrum Bad Lauterberg im Harz, Bad Lauterberg, Germany

SO Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism (2007), 9(2), 194-205

CODEN: DOMEF6; ISSN: 1462-8902

PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Aim: To compare the efficacy and safety of sitagliptin vs. glipizide in patients with type 2 diabetes and inadequate glycemic control [Hb A1c (HbA1c)  $\geq 6.5$  and  $\leq 10\%$ ] on metformin monotherapy. Methods: After a metformin dose titration/stabilization period ( $\geq 1500$  mg/day), 1172 patients were randomized to the addition of sitagliptin 100 mg q.d. (N =

588) or glipizide 5 mg/day (uptitrated to a potential maximum 20 mg/day) (N = 584) for 52 wk. The primary anal. assessed whether sitagliptin was non-inferior to glipizide regarding HbA1c changes from baseline at Week 52 using a per-protocol approach. Results: From a mean baseline of 7.5%, HbA1c changes from baseline were -0.67% at Week 52 in both groups, confirming non-inferiority. The proportions achieving an HbA1c < 7% were 63% (sitagliptin) and 59% (glipizide). Fasting plasma glucose changes from baseline were -0.56 mmol/l (-10.0 mg/dL) and -0.42 mmol/l (-7.5 mg/dL) for sitagliptin and glipizide, resp. The proportion of patients experiencing hypoglycemia episodes was significantly (p < 0.001) higher with glipizide (32%) than with sitagliptin (5%), with 657 events in glipizide-treated patients compared with 50 events in sitagliptin-treated patients. Sitagliptin led to weight loss (change from baseline = -1.5 kg) compared with weight gain (+1.1 kg) with glipizide [between-treatment difference (95% confidence interval) = -2.5 kg (-3.1, -2.0); p < 0.001]. Conclusions: In this study, the addition of sitagliptin compared with glipizide provided similar HbA1c-lowering efficacy over 52 wk in patients on ongoing metformin therapy. Sitagliptin was generally well tolerated, with a lower risk of hypoglycemia relative to glipizide and with weight loss compared with weight gain with glipizide.

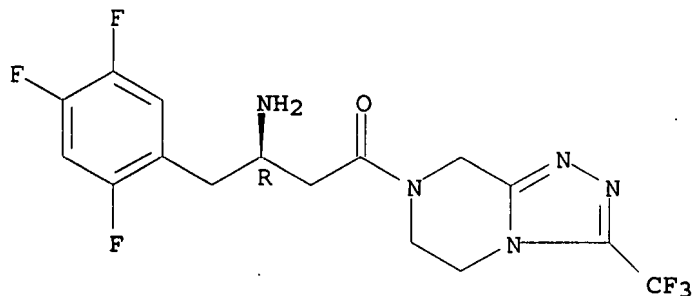
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(addition of sitagliptin compared with glipizide provided similar HbA1c-lowering efficacy in type 2 diabetes patient treated with metformin)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:360861 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:434792

TI Effect of adding sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, to metformin on 24-h glycaemic control and  $\beta$ -cell function in patients with type 2 diabetes

AU Brazg, R.; Xu, L.; Man, C. Dalla; Cobelli, C.; Thomas, K.; Stein, P. P.

CS Rainier Clinical Research Center, Renton, WA, USA

SO Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism (2007), 9(2), 186-193

CODEN: DOMEF6; ISSN: 1462-8902

PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Aim: The aim of this study was to assess the effect of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, on 24-h glucose control when added to

the regimen of patients with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control on metformin therapy. Methods: In a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, two-period crossover study, patients with type 2 diabetes with inadequate glycemic control on metformin monotherapy (i.e. on a stable dose of  $\geq 1500$  mg/day for  $\geq 6$  wk prior to the screening visit and an Hb A1c (HbA1c)  $\geq 6.5\%$  and  $< 10\%$  and fasting plasma glucose (FPG)  $\leq 240$  mg/dL) were recruited for participation. A total of 28 patients (baseline HbA1c range = 6.5-9.6%) receiving metformin were randomized into one of two treatment sequences: the addition of placebo for 4 wk followed by the addition of sitagliptin 50 mg twice daily (b.i.d.) for 4 wk, or vice versa. At the end of each treatment period, patients were domiciled for frequent blood sampling over 24 h. The primary endpoint was 24-h weighted mean glucose (WMG) and secondary endpoints included change in FPG, mean of 7 daily self-blood glucose measurements (MDG) and fructosamine.  $\beta$ -Cell function was assessed from glucose and C-peptide concns. were measured during the 5-h period after a standard breakfast meal by using the C-peptide minimal model. Results: Despite a carryover effect from period 1 to period 2, the combined period 1 and period 2 results for glycemic endpoints were statistically significant for sitagliptin relative to placebo when added to ongoing metformin therapy. To account for the carryover effect, the period 1 results were also compared between the groups. Following period 1, there were significant least-squares (LS) mean redns. in 24-h WMG of 32.8 mg/dL, significant LS mean reduction from baseline in MDG of 28 mg/dL, FPG of 20.3 mg/dL and fructosamine of 33.7 mmol/l in patients treated with sitagliptin relative to placebo ( $p < 0.05$ ). When added to ongoing metformin therapy, parameters of  $\beta$ -cell function were significantly improved with sitagliptin compared with placebo. No weight gain or increases in gastrointestinal adverse events or hypoglycemia events were observed with sitagliptin relative to placebo during this study. Conclusions: In this study, the addition of sitagliptin 50 mg b.i.d. to ongoing metformin therapy improved 24-h glycemic control and  $\beta$ -cell function, and was generally well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes.

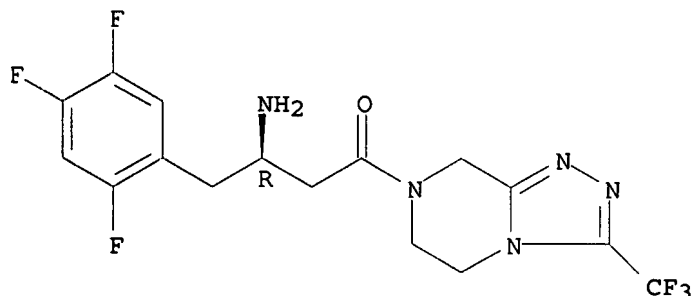
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (addition of sitagliptin to ongoing metformin therapy improved glycemic control and  $\beta$ -cell function and was generally well tolerated in type 2 diabetes patient)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- $\alpha$ ]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

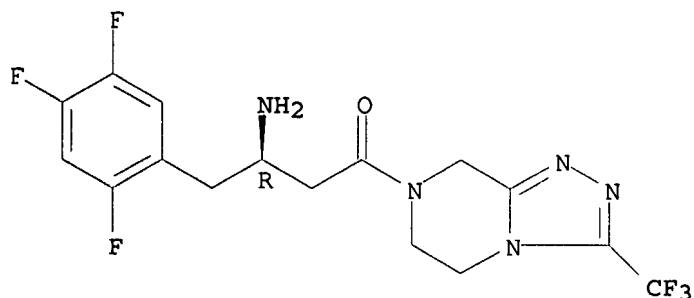
L4 ANSWER 17 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:360858 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:434012  
 TI Dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors: a major new class of oral antidiabetic drug  
 AU Idris, Iskandar; Donnelly, Richard  
 CS Department of Diabetes & Endocrinology, Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Trust, Mansfield, UK  
 SO Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism (2007), 9(2), 153-165  
 CODEN: DOMEF6; ISSN: 1462-8902  
 PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA English  
 AB A review. Exploiting the incretin effect to develop new glucose-lowering treatments has become the focus of intense research. One successful approach has been the development of oral inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV). These drugs reversibly block DPP-IV-mediated inactivation of incretin hormones, for example, glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) and also other peptides that have alanine or proline as the penultimate N-terminal amino acid. DPP-IV inhibitors, therefore, increase circulating levels and prolong the biol. activity of endogenous GLP-1, but whether this is sufficient to fully explain the substantial reduction in HbA1c (HbA1c) and associated metabolic profile remains open to further investigation. DPP-IV inhibitors such as vildagliptin and sitagliptin have been shown to be highly effective antihyperglycemic agents that augment insulin secretion and reduce glucagon secretion via glucose-dependent mechanisms. This review summarizes the major clin. trials with DPP-IV inhibitors as monotherapy and as add-on therapy in patients with type 2 diabetes. The magnitude of HbA1c reduction with DPP-IV inhibitors depends upon the pretreatment HbA1c values, but there seems to be no change in body weight, and very low rates of hypoglycemia and gastrointestinal disturbance with these agents. DPP-IV inhibitors represent a major new class of oral antidiabetic drug and their metabolic profile offers a number of unique clin. advantages for the management of type 2 diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (sitagliptin have been shown to be highly effective antihyperglycemic agents that augment insulin secretion and reduce glucagon secretion via glucose-dependent mechanisms in patient)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 100 THERE ARE 100 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2007:351221 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:365734  
 TI Dodecylsulfate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor  
 IN Ellison, Martha E.; Peresypkin, Andrey V.; Wenslow, Robert M.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 25pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007035198	A2	20070329	WO 2006-US28504	20060721
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-702232P P 20050725

AB The dodecylsulfate salt of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo-[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I) is a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and is useful for the treatment of Type 2 diabetes. The invention also relates to a crystalline anhydrate of the dodecylsulfate salt as well as a process for its preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing this novel

form and methods of use for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, hyperglycemia, insulin resistance, and obesity. I was prepared in a series of steps. Th salt obtained was a crystalline anhydrous substance and characterized by x-ray powder diffraction.

IT 930277-01-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (dodecylsulfate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 930277-01-3 CAPLUS

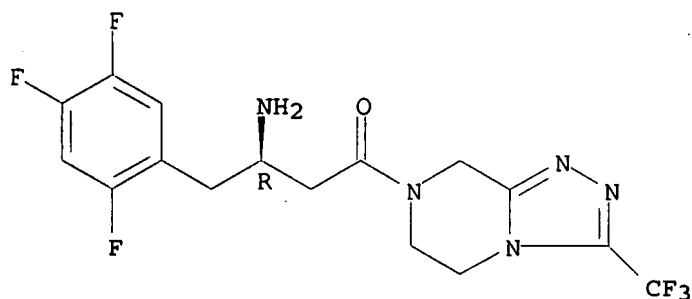
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.





CM 2

CRN 1510-16-3

CMF C12 H26 O3 S

$\text{HO}_3\text{S}^-(\text{CH}_2)_{11}-\text{Me}$

IT 486460-32-6P 654671-78-0P 847445-81-2P

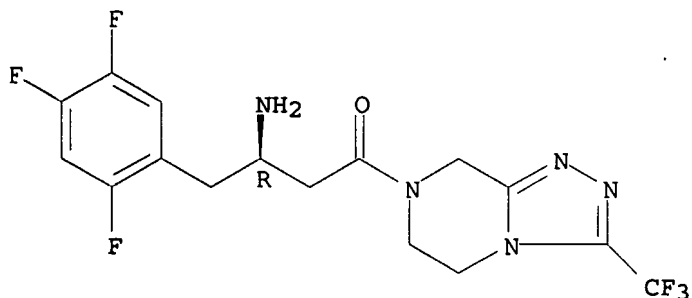
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(dodecylsulfate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

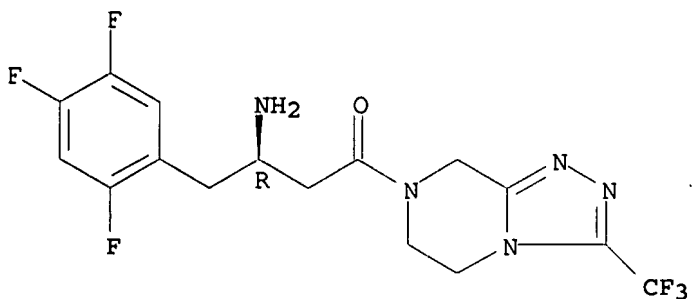
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

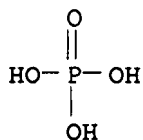
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

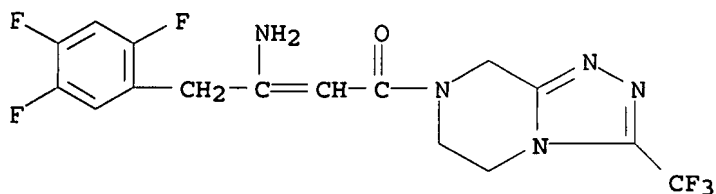


CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
CMF H3 O4 P



RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



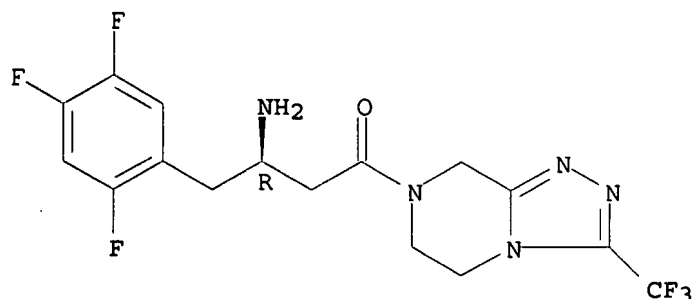
L4 ANSWER 19 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:350563 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:330852  
TI Use of a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor to reduce hypoglycemic events in antidiabetic treatment  
IN Balkan, Boerk; Holmes, David Grenville; Hughes, Thomas Edward; Villhauer, Edwin Bernard  
PA Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 51pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007035665	A1	20070329	WO 2006-US36338	20060918
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRAI	US 2005-718856P	P	20050920		
	US 2006-786755P	P	20060328		

AB The invention discloses a method to reduce the hypoglycemic events, especially severe hypoglycemic events resulting from insulin treatment, wherein the patient is treated with a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (DPP-IV inhibitor), e.g. vildagliptin, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors for reduction of hypoglycemic events in  
 antidiabetic treatment)  
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

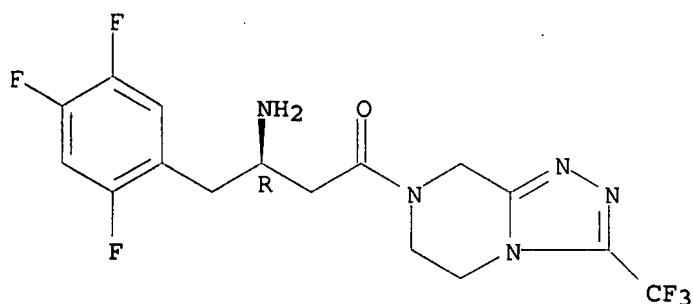
Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2007:320887 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 146:394157  
 TI Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibition with sitagliptin: a new therapy for Type  
 2 diabetes  
 AU Deacon, Carolyn F.  
 CS Panum Institute, Department of Biomedical Sciences, University of  
 Copenhagen, Copenhagen N, DK-2200, Den.  
 SO Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs (2007), 16(4), 533-545  
 CODEN: EOIDER; ISSN: 1354-3784  
 PB Informa Healthcare  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA English  
 AB A review. Sitagliptin is a once-daily, orally active, competitive and  
 fully reversible inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase 4, the enzyme that is  
 responsible for the rapid degradation of the incretin hormone glucagon-like  
 peptide-1. It is the first in this new class of antihyperglycemic agents  
 to gain regulatory approval for the treatment of Type 2 diabetes, both as  
 a monotherapy and for use in combination with metformin or a  
 thiazolidinedione. In clin. trials of ≤1-yr duration, sitagliptin  
 improves glycemic control by reducing both fasting and postprandial  
 glucose concns., leading to clin. meaningful redns. in glycosylated Hb  
 levels. It is safe and well tolerated, with a side-effect profile that is  
 similar to that of the placebo, a low incidence of hypoglycemia and body  
 weight neutrality. Further clin. experience with sitagliptin will reveal its  
 long-term durability, safety and efficacy.  
 IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibition with sitagliptin: a new therapy for  
 Type 2 diabetes)  
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

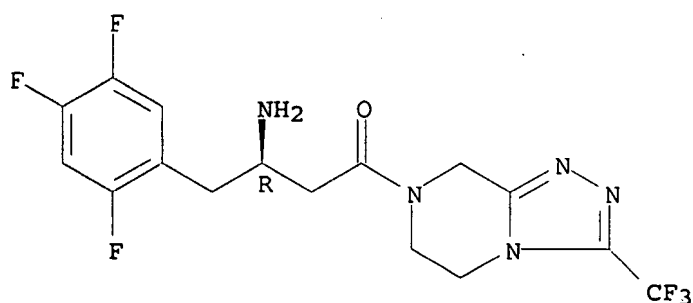
Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:299064 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:492585  
TI Discovery and Structure-Activity Relationships of Piperidinone- and  
Piperidine-Constrained Phenethylamines as Novel, Potent, and Selective  
Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors  
AU Pei, Zhonghua; Li, Xiaofeng; Von Geldern, Thomas W.; Longenecker, Kenton;  
Pireh, Daisy; Stewart, Kent D.; Backes, Bradley J.; Lai, Chunqiu; Lubben,  
Thomas H.; Ballaron, Stephen J.; Beno, David W. A.; Kempf-Grote, Anita J.;  
Sham, Hing L.; Trevillyan, James M.  
CS Metabolic Disease Research, Global Pharmaceutical Research and  
Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA  
SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2007), 50(8), 1983-1987  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
PB American Chemical Society  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB Dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP4) inhibitors are emerging as a new class of  
therapeutic agents for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. They exert their  
beneficial effects by increasing the levels of active glucagon-like  
peptide-1 and glucose-dependent insulintropic peptide, which are two  
important incretins for glucose homeostasis. Starting from a  
high-throughput screening hit, we were able to identify a series of  
piperidinone- and piperidine-constrained phenethylamines as novel DPP4  
inhibitors. Optimized compds. are potent, selective, and have good  
pharmacokinetic profiles.  
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(Discovery and Structure-Activity Relationships of Piperidinone- and  
Piperidine-Constrained Phenethylamines as Novel, Potent, and Selective  
Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors)  
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:237800 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:394936

TI Efficacy and tolerability of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin as monotherapy over 12 weeks in patients with type 2 diabetes

AU Scott, R.; Wu, M.; Sanchez, M.; Stein, P.

CS Christchurch School of Medicine, Christchurch, N. Z.

SO International Journal of Clinical Practice (2006), Volume Date 2007, 61(1), 171-180

CODEN: IJCPF9; ISSN: 1368-5031

PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB The aim of this study was to assess the efficacy and tolerability of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, sitagliptin, in patients with type 2 diabetes who have inadequate glycemic control on diet and exercise. In a randomised, double-blind, placebo- and active-controlled study, 743 patients with type 2 diabetes and a mean baseline HbA1c of 7.9% were randomised to receive one of six treatments for 12 wk: placebo, sitagliptin 5, 12.5, 25 or 50 mg b.i.d., or glipizide 5 mg/day (electively titrated up to 20 mg/day). At week 12, treatment with sitagliptin at all doses tested led to a significant ( $p < 0.001$ ) reduction in HbA1c relative to placebo, with the largest redns. occurring in the 50-mg b.i.d. group. The placebo-subtracted differences in HbA1c for the sitagliptin dose groups ranged from -0.38% to -0.77% in a dose-dependent manner, and -1.00% in the glipizide group. Sitagliptin also produced significant redns. in fasting plasma glucose and mean daily glucose across the dose range studied. Sitagliptin treatment was well tolerated and resulted in no significant weight change relative to placebo. There was a modest weight gain observed

with

glipizide treatment relative to placebo. Hypoglycemia adverse experiences were reported with the highest incidence in the glipizide group (17%) compared with the placebo (2%) or sitagliptin groups (0-4%, not dose-dependent). In summary, in this study sitagliptin improved glycemic control, with 50 mg b.i.d. being the most ED, and was generally well-tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes.

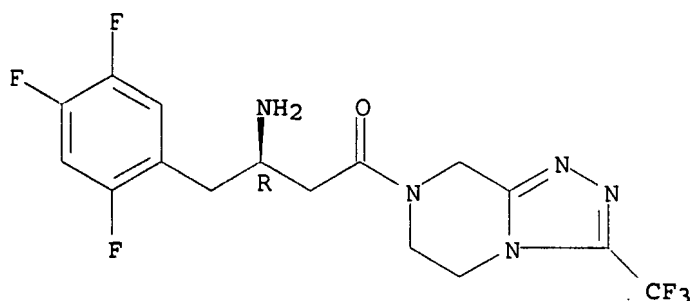
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (efficacy and tolerability of sitagliptin in patients with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2007:227665 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:244370  
TI Drug containing FBPase inhibitor and DPP-IV inhibitor  
IN Okuno, Akira; Yoshida, Taishi  
PA Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 21pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA Japanese  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007023754	A1	20070301	WO 2006-JP316292	20060821
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI JP 2005-239310 A 20050822

OS MARPAT 146:244370

AB It is intended to provide a remedy for diabetes which exerts little side effects even in prolonged drug administration and is efficacious for a large number of diabetic patients. Disclosed is a drug comprising a combination of an fructose 1,6-biphosphatase (FBPase) inhibitor with a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor. Thus, the effect of combination of 2-amino-5-isobutyl-4-[2-[5-[N,N'-bis((S)-1-ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl]phosphonamide]furanyl]thiazole (I) and MK-0431 on glucose tolerance in Zucker Diabetic Fatty (ZDF) rats was examined Also, a capsule composition containing I 50, MK-0431 25, lactose 75, corn starch 58, and magnesium stearate 2 mg was formulated.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431 925668-18-4

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antidiabetic drugs comprising combination of FBPase inhibitors and DPP-IV inhibitors)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)

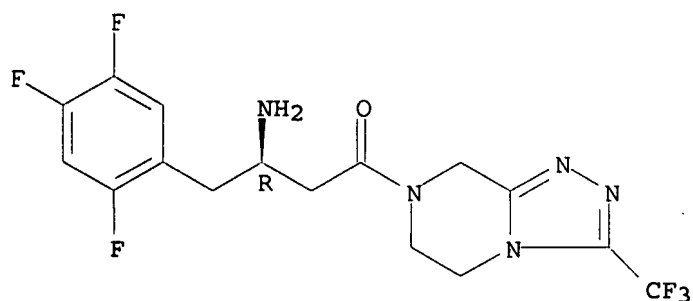
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

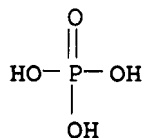
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RN 925668-18-4 CAPLUS

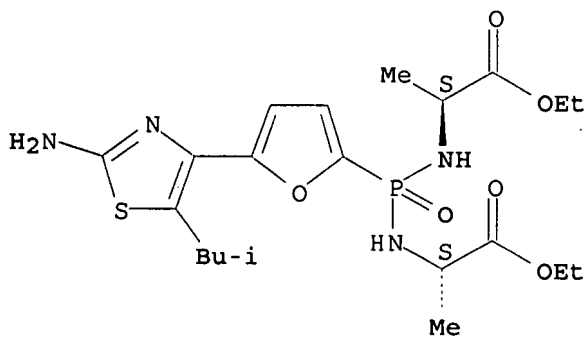
CM L-Alanine, N,N'-[[5-[2-amino-5-(2-methylpropyl)-4-thiazolyl]-2-furanyl]phosphinylidene]bis-, 1,1'-diethyl ester, mixt. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 280782-97-0

CMF C21 H33 N4 O6 P S

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 654671-78-0

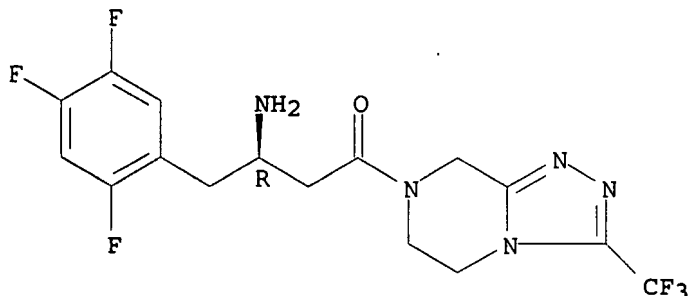
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O . H3 O4 P

CM 3

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

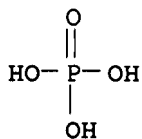
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 4

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:204629 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:329922

TI Effect of a single cyclosporine dose on the single-dose pharmacokinetics of sitagliptin (MK-0431), a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, in healthy male subjects

AU Krishna, Rajesh; Bergman, Arthur; Larson, Patrick; Cote, Josee; Lasseter, Kenneth; Dilzer, Stacey; Wang, Amy; Zeng, Wei; Chen, Li; Wagner, John; Herman, Gary

CS Merck and Co, Inc, Whitehouse Station, NJ, USA

SO Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2007), 47(2), 165-174

CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PB Sage Publications

DT Journal

LA English

AB Sitagliptin (MK-0431) is an orally active, potent, and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor used for the treatment of patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Sitagliptin has been shown to be a substrate



for P-glycoprotein in preclin. studies. Cyclosporine was used as a probe P-glycoprotein inhibitor at a high dose to evaluate the potential effect of potent P-glycoprotein inhibition on single-dose sitagliptin pharmacokinetics in healthy male subjects. Eight healthy young men received a single oral 600-mg dose of cyclosporine with a single 100-mg oral sitagliptin dose and a single oral 100-mg sitagliptin dose alone in an open-label, randomized, 2-period, crossover study. Single doses of sitagliptin with or without single doses of cyclosporine were generally well tolerated. The sitagliptin AUC<sub>0-∞</sub> geometric mean ratio was 1.29 with a 90% confidence interval of (1.24, 1.34). The sitagliptin C<sub>max</sub> geometric mean ratio was 1.68 with a 90% confidence interval of (1.35, 2.08). Cyclosporine coadministration did not appear to affect apparent sitagliptin renal clearance, t<sub>1/2</sub>, or C<sub>24</sub> h, suggesting that effects of these high doses of cyclosporine are more likely due to enhanced absorption of sitagliptin, potentially through inhibition of intestinal P-glycoprotein. These results rationalize the use of a single high-dose cyclosporine as a probe inhibitor of P-glycoprotein for compound candidates whose elimination is less dependent on CYP3A4-mediated metabolism

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

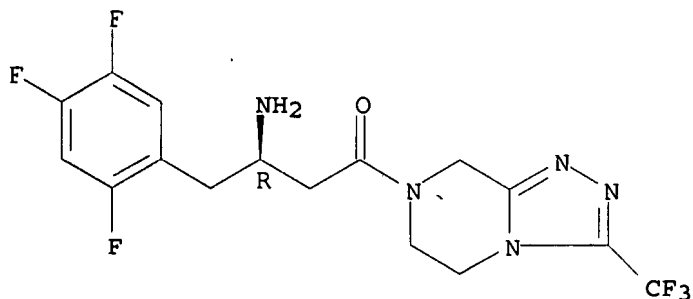
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(single dose of sitagliptin with or without Neoral was well tolerated and latter did not appear to affect renal clearance but modestly increased maximal plasma concentration of former in healthy male subject)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE,CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:204628 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:329921

TI Multiple-dose administration of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, does not alter the single-dose pharmacokinetics of rosiglitazone in healthy subjects

AU Mistry, Goutam C.; Bergman, Arthur J.; Luo, Wen-Lin; Cilissen, Caroline; Haazen, Wouter; Davies, Michael J.; Gottesdiener, Keith M.; Wagner, John A.; Herman, Gary A.

CS Merck and Co, Inc, Whitehouse Station, NJ, USA

SO Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2007), 47(2), 159-164

CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PB Sage Publications

DT Journal

LA English

AB Sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, is an incretin enhancer that is approved for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. Sitagliptin is

mainly renally eliminated and not a potent inhibitor of CYP450 enzymes in vitro. Rosiglitazone, a thiazolidenedione, is an insulin sensitizer and mainly metabolized by CYP2C8. Since both agents may potentially be coadministered, the purpose of this study was to examine the effects of sitagliptin on rosiglitazone pharmacokinetics. In this open-label, randomized, 2-period, crossover study, 12 healthy normoglycemic subjects, 21 to 44 years, received single 4-mg doses of rosiglitazone alone in one period and coadministered with sitagliptin on day 5 following a multiple-dose regimen for sitagliptin (200 mg once daily + 5 days) in the other period. The geometric mean ratios and 90% confidence intervals ([rosiglitazone + sitagliptin]/rosiglitazone) for rosiglitazone AUC<sub>0-∞</sub> and C<sub>max</sub> were 0.98 (0.93, 1.02) and 0.99 (0.88, 1.12), resp. In conclusion, sitagliptin did not alter the pharmacokinetics of rosiglitazone in healthy subjects.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

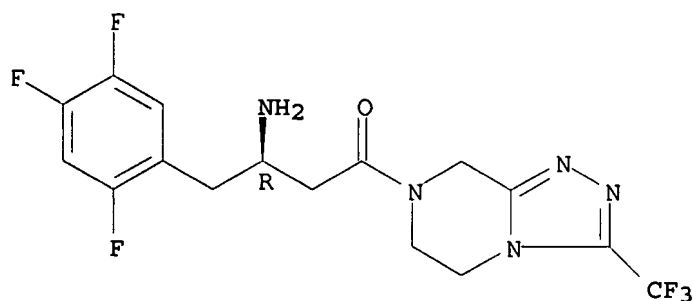
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(coadministration of multiple-dose sitagliptin did not alter single-dose pharmacokinetics of Avandia in healthy human)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:173034 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:236092

TI Composition comprising DPP-IV inhibitor

IN Loeffler, Bernd Michael; MacDonald, Alexander; Rocha, Cynthia; Worth, Eric

PA F. Hoffmann-La Roche A.-G., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 58pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007017423	A2	20070215	WO 2006-EP64933	20060802
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,			

IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

US 2007098781 A1 20070503 US 2006-499587 20060804

PRAI EP 2005-107393 A 20050811

OS MARPAT 146:236092

AB The present invention refers to pharmaceutical composition comprising a DPP-IV inhibitor. Thus, coated tablet 100 mg was prepared comprising (2S)-1-{[1,1-dimethyl-3-(4-pyridin-3-yl-imidazol-1-yl)-propylamino]-acetyl}-pyrrolidine-2-carbonitrile 50 mg, Avicel PH-101 56.4 mg, sodium stearyl fumarate 4.8125 mg, talc 1.925 mg, and Eudragit S: Eudragit L (25:75) 25 mg.

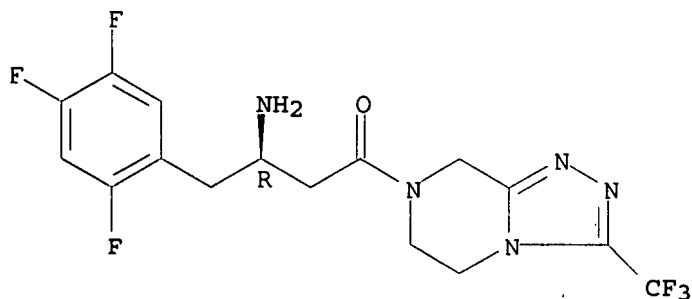
IT 486460-32-6

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(composition comprising DPP-IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 27 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:61707 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:149027

TI Composition comprising combination of cannabinoid receptor-1 antagonist and DPP-IV inhibitor

IN Milosavljevic-Ristic, Smiljana

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2007006790	A2	20070118	WO 2006-EP64117	20060711
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-698304P P 20050712

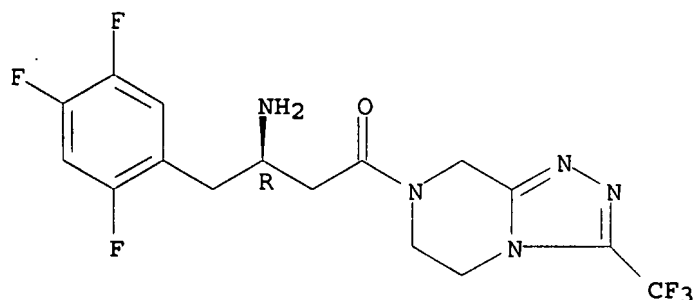
AB The present invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising of a DPP IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and comprising at least one CB1 antagonist, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present invention furthermore relates to the use of such a combination for the prevention of, delay of progression of, treatment of diseases and disorders that may be inhibited by DPP IV inhibition, appetency disorders or substance abuse disorders. Thus, combination of vildagliptin 50 mg and rimionabant 20 mg was used for improvement of cognitive function.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(composition comprising combination of cannabinoid receptor-1 antagonist and DPP-IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 28 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:10527 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:135224

TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin added to ongoing metformin therapy in patients with type 2 diabetes inadequately controlled with metformin alone

AU Charbonnel, Bernard; Karasik, Avraham; Liu, Ji; Wu, Mei; Meininger, Gary  
CS SITAGLIPTIN STUDY 020 GROUP, Centre Hospitalier Universitaire de Nantes, Nantes, Fr.

SO Diabetes Care (2006), 29(12), 2638-2643

CODEN: DICAD2; ISSN: 0149-5992

PB American Diabetes Association, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB The efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, sitagliptin, added to ongoing metformin therapy, were assessed in patients with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c [A1C]  $\geq 7$  and  $\leq 10\%$ ) with metformin alone. After a screening diet/exercise run-in period, a metformin dose titration/stabilization period, and a 2-wk, single-blind, placebo run-in period, 701 patients, aged 19-78 years, with mild to moderate hyperglycemia (mean A1C 8.0%) receiving ongoing metformin ( $\geq 1,500$  mg/day) were randomly assigned to receive the addition of placebo or sitagliptin 100 mg once-daily in a 1:2 ratio for 24 wk. Patients exceeding specific glycemic limits were provided rescue therapy (pioglitazone) until the end of the study. The efficacy analyses were based on an all-patients-treated population using an ANCOVA and excluded data obtained after glycemic rescue. At week 24, sitagliptin treatment led to significant redns. compared with placebo in A1C ( $-0.65\%$ ), fasting plasma glucose, and 2-h postmeal glucose. Fasting insulin,

fasting C-peptide, fasting proinsulin-to-insulin ratio, postmeal insulin and C-peptide areas under the curve (AUCs), postmeal insulin AUC-to-glucose AUC ratio, homeostasis model assessment of  $\beta$ -cell function, and quant. insulin sensitivity check index were significantly improved with sitagliptin relative to placebo. A significantly greater proportion of patients achieved an A1C <7% with sitagliptin (47.0%) than with placebo (18.3%). There was no increased risk of hypoglycemia or gastrointestinal adverse experiences with sitagliptin compared with placebo. Body weight decreased similarly with sitagliptin and placebo. Sitagliptin 100 mg once-daily added to ongoing metformin therapy was efficacious and well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control with metformin alone.

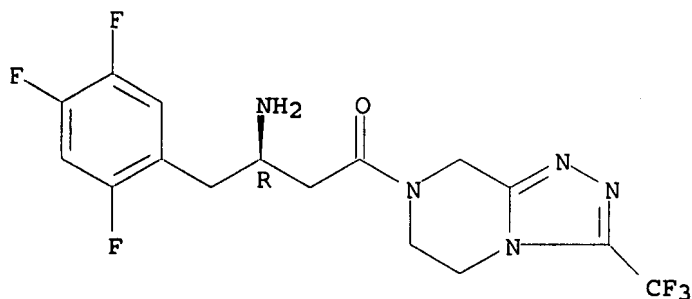
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (sitagliptin 100 mg once-daily added to ongoing metformin therapy was efficacious and well tolerated in patient with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control with metformin alone)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:10526 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:135223

TI Effect of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin as monotherapy on glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes

AU Aschner, Pablo; Kipnes, Mark S.; Lunceford, Jared K.; Sanchez, Matilde; Mickel, Carolyn; Williams-Herman, Debora E.

CS SITAGLIPTIN STUDY 021 GROUP, Colombian Diabetes Association, Bogota, Colombia

SO Diabetes Care (2006), 29(12), 2632-2637

CODEN: DICAD2; ISSN: 0149-5992

PB American Diabetes Association, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB To examine the efficacy and safety of once-daily oral sitagliptin as monotherapy in patients with type 2 diabetes. In a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study, 741 patients (baseline HbA1c [A1C] 8.0%) were randomized to sitagliptin 100 or 200 mg or placebo for 24 wk. Sitagliptin 100 and 200 mg produced significant (P < 0.001) placebo-subtracted redns. in A1C (-0.79 and -0.94%, resp.) and fasting plasma glucose (-1.0 mmol/l [-17.1 mg/dL] and -1.2 mmol/l [-21.3 mg/dL], resp.). Patients with baseline A1C  $\geq$ 9% had greater redns. in placebo-subtracted A1C with sitagliptin 100 and 200 mg (-1.52 and -1.50%,

resp.) than those with baseline A1C <8% (-0.57 and -0.65%) or ≥8 to <9.0% (-0.80 and -1.13%, resp.). In a meal tolerance test, sitagliptin 100 and 200 mg significantly decreased 2-h postprandial glucose (PPG) (placebo-subtracted PPG -2.6 mmol/l [-46.7 mg/dL] and -3.0 mmol/l [-54.1 mg/dL], resp.). Results for the above key efficacy parameters were not significantly different between sitagliptin doses. Homeostasis model assessment of β-cell function and proinsulin-to-insulin ratio improved with sitagliptin. The incidence of hypoglycemia was similar, and overall gastrointestinal adverse experiences were slightly higher with sitagliptin. No meaningful body weight changes from baseline were observed

with

sitagliptin 100 (-0.2 kg) or 200 mg (-0.1 kg). The body weight change with placebo (-1.1 kg) was significantly (P < 0.01) different from that observed with sitagliptin. In this 24-wk study, once-daily sitagliptin monotherapy improved glycemic control in the fasting and postprandial states, improved measures of β-cell function, and was well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes.

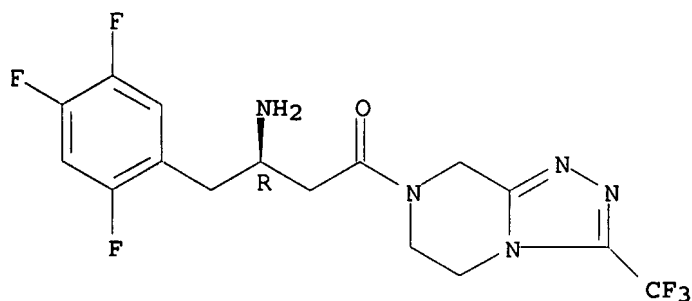
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (once daily sitagliptin monotherapy improved glycemic control in patient with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:2727 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:176193

TI (3R)-4-[(3R)-3-Amino-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butanoyl]-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,4-diazepan-2-one, a selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes

AU Biftu, Tesfaye; Feng, Dennis; Qian, Xiaoxia; Liang, Gui-Bai; Kieczkowski, Gerard; Eiermann, George; He, Huaibing; Leiting, Barbara; Lyons, Kathy; Petrov, Aleksandr; Sinha-Roy, Ranabir; Zhang, Bei; Scapin, Giovanna; Patel, Sangita; Gao, Ying-Duo; Singh, Suresh; Wu, Joseph; Zhang, Xiaoping; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.

CS Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Merck Research Laboratories, Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

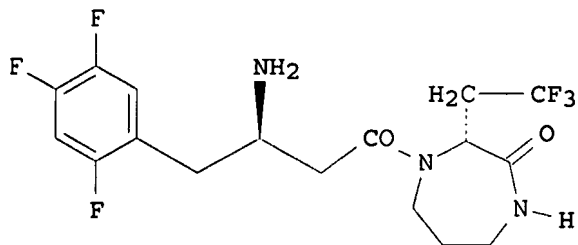
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2007), 17(1), 49-52  
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

GI



I

AB Replacement of the triazolopiperazine ring of sitagliptin (DPP-4 IC<sub>50</sub> = 18 nM) with 3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,4-diazepan-2-one gave dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitor I which is potent (DPP-4 IC<sub>50</sub> = 2.6 nM), selective, and efficacious in an oral glucose tolerance test in mice. It was selected for extensive preclin. development as a potential back-up candidate to sitagliptin.

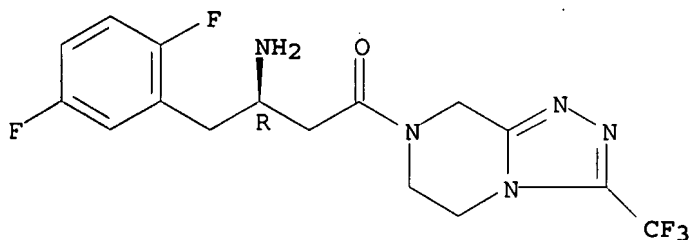
IT 486460-31-5 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 611240-24-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(diazepanones as dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

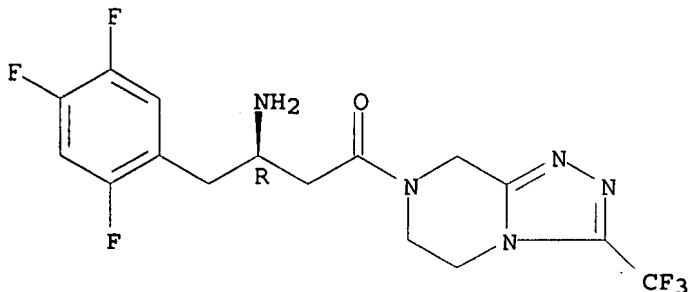
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

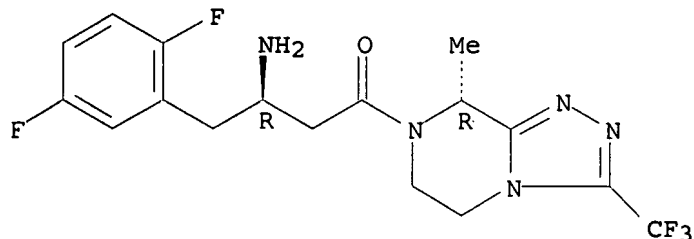
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-24-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



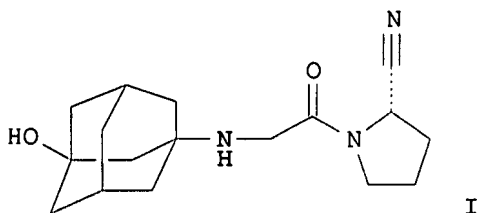
RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:1338372 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 146:68738  
 TI Direct compression formulation of dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors  
 IN Kowalski, James; Lakshman, Jay Parthiban; Patel, Arun P.  
 PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 59pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006135693	A2	20061221	WO 2006-US22336	20060608
	WO 2006135693	A3	20070215		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRAI	US 2005-689739P	P	20050610		
	US 2005-690527P	P	20050614		
	US 2005-690814P	P	20050615		

GI





AB Dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor (herein referred to as DPP-IV) that may be 98.5 100% pure is a high-dose drug capable of being directly compressed with a glitazone and specific excipients into solid form dosage forms, such as tablets and capsules having desired, hardness, disintegrating ability and acceptable dissoln. characteristics. DPP-IV is not inherently compressible and thus presents formulation problems. Excipients used in the formulation enhance the flow and compaction properties of the drug and tableting mix. Optimal flow contributes to uniform die fill and weight control. The binder used ensures sufficient cohesive properties that allow DPP-IV to be compressed using the direct compression method. The tablets produced provide an acceptable in vitro dissoln. profile. Tablets were prepared containing vildagliptin (I) (DPP-IV inhibitor), pioglitazone, microcryst. cellulose, Na starch glycolate and Mg stearate.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(direct compression formulation of dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

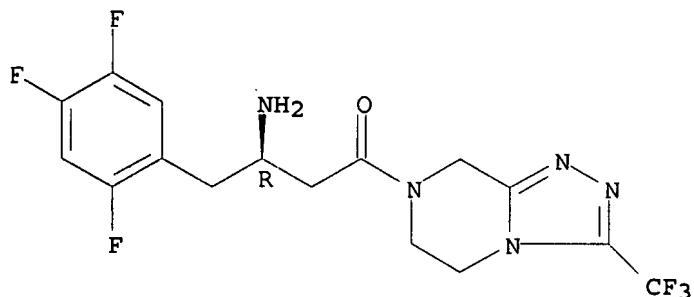
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

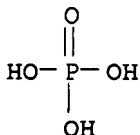
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

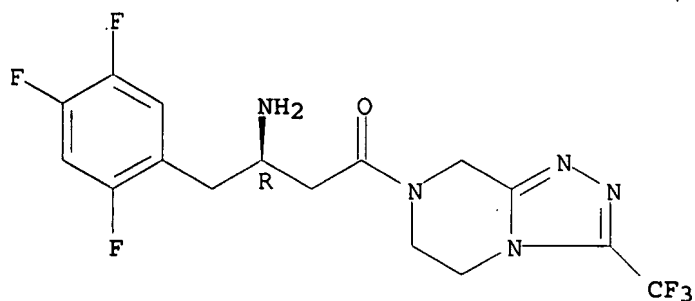
CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 32 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:1328538 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:433889  
TI DPPIV inhibitor

AU Igarashi, Yasuhiro; Watada, Hirotaka; Kawamori, Ryuzo  
 CS Department of Medicine, Metabolism and Endocrinology, Juntendo University  
 School of Medicine, Tokyo, 113-8421, Japan  
 SO Naibunpi, Tonyobyoka (2006), 23(3), 291-298  
 CODEN: NATOFF; ISSN: 1341-3724  
 PB Kagaku Hyoronsha  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA Japanese  
 AB A review, discussing the action mechanism, toxicity, and clin. pharmacol.  
 of DPP-IV (dipeptidyl peptidase-IV) inhibitors, including vildagliptin and  
 sitagliptin, as oral antidiabetics for treatment of type 2 diabetes.  
 IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of  
 action); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (action mechanism, toxicity, and clin. pharmacol. of DPP-IV (dipeptidyl  
 peptidase-IV) inhibitors, including vildagliptin and sitagliptin, as  
 oral antidiabetics for treatment of type 2 diabetes)  
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 33 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:1328428 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 146:114748  
 TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin  
 added to ongoing pioglitazone therapy in patients with type 2 diabetes: a  
 24-week, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled,  
 parallel-group study  
 AU Rosenstock, Julio; Brazg, Ronald; Andryuk, Paula J.; Lu, Kaifeng; Stein,  
 Peter  
 CS Sitagliptin Study 019 Group, Dallas Diabetes and Endocrine Center, Dallas,  
 TX, USA  
 SO Clinical Therapeutics (2006), 28(10), 1556-1568  
 CODEN: CLTHDG; ISSN: 0149-2918  
 PB Excerpta Medica, Inc.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB Objective: The efficacy and tolerability of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4  
 inhibitor sitagliptin added to ongoing pioglitazone therapy were assessed  
 in patients with type 2 diabetes and inadequate glycemic control  
 (glycosylated Hb [HbA<sub>1c</sub>] ≥7% and ≤10%) while receiving a  
 stable dose of pioglitazone. Methods: This was a 24-wk, multicenter,  
 randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study in  
 patients aged ≥18 years (ClinicalTrials.gov NCT00086502). At  
 screening, all patients began a diet/exercise program that continued  
 throughout the study period. Patients taking antihyperglycemic therapy  
 other than pioglitazone underwent a washout of this therapy and entered an

8- to 14-wk open-label pioglitazone dose-titration/stabilization period. Patients with an HbA1c  $\geq 7\%$  and  $\leq 10\%$  at the end of this period entered a 2-wk, single-blind, placebo run-in period (total duration of run-in period, up to 21 wk). Patients who had been receiving pioglitazone monotherapy (30 or 45 mg/d) and had an HbA1c  $\geq 7\%$  and  $\leq 10\%$  entered the 2-wk, single-blind, placebo run-in period directly. Thus, at the time of randomization, all patients were receiving ongoing pioglitazone (30 or 45 mg/d). Patients were randomized in a 1:1 ratio to receive sitagliptin 100 mg once daily or placebo for 24 wk. The primary efficacy end point was the change from baseline in HbA1c at week 24. Secondary efficacy end points included the change from baseline in fasting plasma glucose (FPG), insulin, and proinsulin; the Homeostasis Model Assessment  $\beta$ -cell function and insulin-resistance indexes; the proinsulin/insulin ratio; the Quant. Insulin Sensitivity Check Index; the percent changes from baseline in selected lipid parameters; the proportion of patients meeting the American Diabetes Association HbA1c goal of  $< 7.0\%$ ; the proportion of patients requiring metformin rescue therapy; and the time to the initiation of rescue therapy. Results: One hundred seventy-five patients were randomized to receive sitagliptin, and 178 were randomized to receive placebo. The mean (SD) baseline HbA1c value was 8.1% (0.8) in the sitagliptin group and 8.0% (0.8) in the placebo group. After 24 wk, sitagliptin added to pioglitazone therapy was associated with significant redns. compared with placebo in HbA1c (between-treatment difference in least squares [LS] mean change from baseline: -0.70%; 95% CI, -0.85 to -0.54;  $P < 0.001$ ) and FPG (-17.7 mg/dL; 95% CI, -24.3 to -11.0;  $P < 0.001$ ). Mean HbA1c values at end point were 7.2% (0.9) and 7.8% (1.1) in the resp. treatment groups, and the proportions of patients reaching a target HbA1c of  $< 7.0\%$  were 45.4% and 23.0% ( $P < 0.001$ ). Significant redns. in fasting serum proinsulin levels and the proinsulin/insulin ratio were seen with sitagliptin treatment compared with placebo (both,  $P < 0.01$ ). Sitagliptin was generally well tolerated, with no increased risk of hypoglycemia compared with placebo (2 vs 0 patients, resp.). The number of patients discontinuing the study due to clin. adverse experiences (10 [5.7%] vs 2 [1.1%]) and the incidence of abdominal pain (3.4% vs 0%) were significantly greater in the sitagliptin group compared with the placebo group (both,  $P < 0.05$ ). The LS mean change in body weight from baseline did not differ significantly between sitagliptin or placebo added to pioglitazone therapy (between-treatment difference in LS mean change from baseline: 0.2 kg; 95% CI, -0.5 to 1.0). Conclusion: In this 24-wk study, sitagliptin 100 mg once daily added to ongoing pioglitazone therapy was effective and well tolerated in these patients with type 2 diabetes who had not achieved adequate glycemic control with pioglitazone alone.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

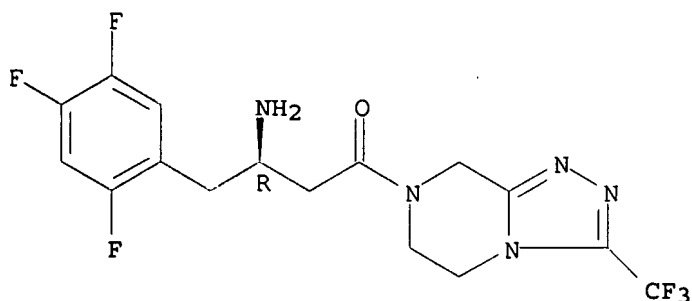
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin added to pioglitazone therapy reduced glycosylated Hb, fasting plasma glucose and proinsulin than pioglitazone alone in patient with type 2 diabetes mellitus)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1320516 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:114024

TI DPP-4 inhibitors and their potential role in the management of type 2 diabetes

AU Barnett, A.

CS Department of Medicine, University of Birmingham and Heart of England National Health Service Foundation Trust (Teaching), Birmingham, UK

SO International Journal of Clinical Practice (2006), 60(11), 1454-1470  
CODEN: IJCPF9; ISSN: 1368-5031

PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review. The dipeptidyl peptidase 4 (DPP-4) inhibitors enhance the body's own ability to control blood glucose by increasing the active levels of incretin hormones in the body. Their mechanism of action is distinct from any existing class of oral glucose-lowering agents. They control elevated blood glucose by triggering pancreatic insulin secretion, suppressing pancreatic glucagon secretion, and signalling the liver to reduce glucose production. The leading DPP-4 inhibitors have shown clinically significant HbA1c reductions up to 1 yr of treatment and offer many potential advantages over existing diabetes therapies including a low risk of hypoglycemia, no effect on body weight, and the potential, based on animal and in vitro studies, for the regeneration and differentiation of pancreatic  $\beta$ -cells. They are efficacious as monotherapy and also in combination with commonly prescribed antidiabetic agents and are suitable for once-daily oral dosing. Consequently, many DPP-4 inhibitors such as vildagliptin (Galvus; LAF-237), sitagliptin (Januvia; MK-0431), and saxagliptin (BMS-477118) have advanced into late-stage human clinical trials. Search strategy and selection criteria This review was built on a systematic MEDLINE search for publications on the subject with the key words: DPP-4 inhibitor; vildagliptin (LAF-237); sitagliptin (MK-0431); saxagliptin (BMS-477118); and type 2 diabetes; up to August 2006. Meeting abstracts were also searched, as much of the data currently only exists in abstract form. Take home message for clinician The DPP-4 inhibitors appear to have great potential for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, but time will tell if this will be realized. While they do not lower glucose to a greater extent than existing therapies, they offer many potential advantages, including the ability to achieve sustainable reductions in HbA1c with a well-tolerated agent that has a low risk of hypoglycemia and no weight gain, and which can be administered as a once-daily oral dose.

IT 654671-78-0, Januvia

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor Januvia might have role in management of type 2 diabetes in human)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

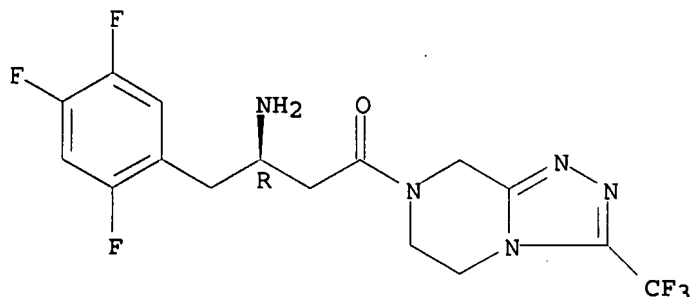
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

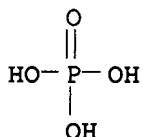
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 79 THERE ARE 79 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1274234 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:49995

TI The development of a stable, coated pellet formulation of a  
water-sensitive drug, a case study: development of a stable core  
formulation

AU Fitzpatrick, Shaun; Taylor, Scott; Booth, Steven W.; Newton, Michael J.

CS Development Laboratories, Merck Sharp and Dohme Ltd., Hoddesdon, Herts, UK

SO Pharmaceutical Development and Technology (2006), 11(4), 521-528

CODEN: PDTEFS; ISSN: 1083-7450

PB Taylor & Francis, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A development program has been carried out to provide a stable  
extrusion/spheronization pellet formulation for a highly water-soluble drug,  
sitagliptin, which undergoes a change in phys. form on processing and is  
subject to hydrolytic decomposition. A conventional extrusion/spheronization  
formulation resulted in significant degradation of the drug. The inclusion of  
glyceryl monostearate into the formulation was found to reduce the water  
levels required to such a level that there was no significant degradation of  
the drug during processing to form pellets. The use of a ram extruder to

screen formulations with small quantities minimizes the need for the drug in the formulation-screening process, and the results from this method of extrusion were found to be translatable to the use of a screen extruder, which allowed scale-up of the process.

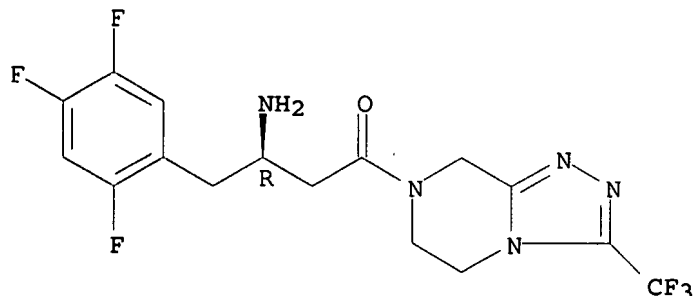
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (stable, coated pellet formulation of a water-sensitive drug with a stable core formulation)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 36 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1266432 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:92587

TI Tolerability and pharmacokinetics of metformin and the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin when co-administered in patients with type 2 diabetes

AU Herman, Gary A.; Bergman, Arthur; Yi, Bingming; Kipnes, Mark

CS Sitagliptin Study 012 Group, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Current Medical Research and Opinion (2006), 22(10), 1939-1947

CODEN: CMROCX; ISSN: 0300-7995

PB LibraPharm Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Objective: As part of the clin. development of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, the potential for pharmacokinetic interactions with other antihyperglycemic agents used in managing patients with type 2 diabetes are being carefully evaluated. The purposes of this study were to evaluate the tolerability of co-administered sitagliptin and metformin and effects of sitagliptin on metformin pharmacokinetics as well as metformin on sitagliptin pharmacokinetics under steady-state conditions. Methods: This placebo-controlled, multiple-dose, crossover study in patients with type 2 diabetes assessed the tolerability of co-administered sitagliptin (50 mg b.i.d.) with metformin (1000 mg b.i.d.). Patients received, in a randomized crossover manner, three treatments (each of 7 days duration): 50 mg sitagliptin twice daily and placebo to metformin twice daily; 1000 mg of metformin twice daily and placebo to sitagliptin twice daily; concomitant administration of 50 mg of sitagliptin twice daily and 1000 mg of metformin twice daily. Following dosing on Day 7 of each treatment period, these pharmacokinetic parameters were determined for plasma sitagliptin and metformin: area under the plasma concns.-time curve over the dosing interval (AUC0-12 h), maximum observed plasma concns. (Cmax), and time of

occurrence of maximum observed plasma concns. (Tmax). Renal clearance was also determined for sitagliptin. Results: In this study, no adverse experiences were reported by 11 of 13 patients. Two patients had adverse experiences, which were not related to study drugs as determined by the investigators. The mean metformin plasma concentration-time profiles were nearly identical with or without sitagliptin co-administration [metformin AUC0-12 h geometric mean ratio (GMR; [metformin + sitagliptin]/metformin)] was 1.02 (90% CI 0.95, 1.09). Similarly metformin administration did not alter the plasma sitagliptin pharmacokinetics [sitagliptin AUC0-12 h GMR ([sitagliptin + metformin]/sitagliptin)] was 1.02 (90% CI 0.97, 1.08) or renal clearance of sitagliptin. No efficacy measurements (glycosylated Hb or fasting plasma glucose) were obtained during this study. Urinary pharmacokinetics for metformin were not determined due to the lack of effect of sitagliptin on plasma metformin pharmacokinetics. Conclusions: In this study, co-administration of sitagliptin and metformin was generally well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes and did not meaningfully alter the steady-state pharmacokinetics of either agent.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

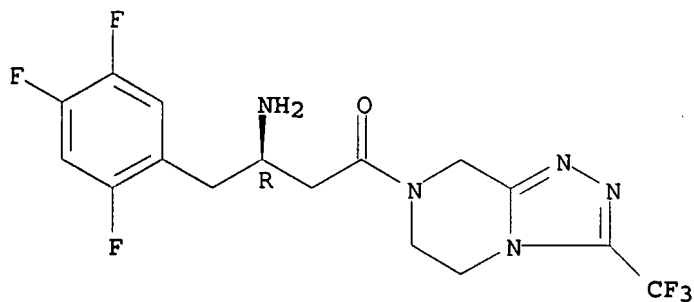
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(co-administration of sitagliptin and metformin was well tolerated and did not alter steady-state pharmacokinetics of either agent in patient with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 37 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1256551 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:20305

TI Combination of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and a dual PPAR agonist for the treatment of diabetes and obesity

IN Thornberry, Nancy A.; Kaufman, Keith D.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2006270722	A1	20061130	US 2006-440198	20060524
PRAI	US 2005-686076P	P	20050531		

AB The present invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising a combination of a particular dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor and

a particular PPAR- $\alpha/\gamma$  dual agonist, kits containing such combinations and methods of using such compns. for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes associated with obesity, diabetes-related disorders, obesity, and obesity-related disorders.

IT 486460-32-6P 654671-78-0P, MK-0431

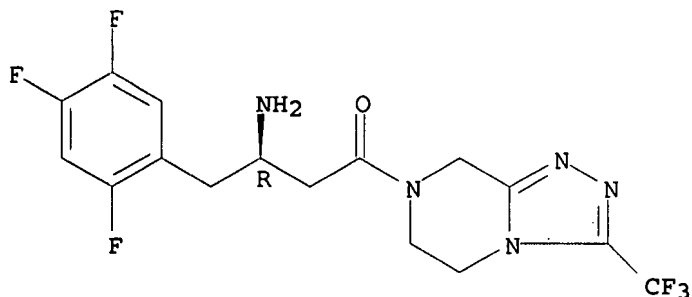
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and dual PPAR agonist for treatment of diabetes and obesity)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

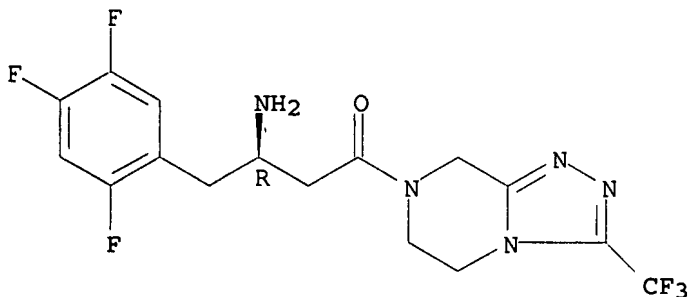
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

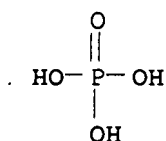


CM 2

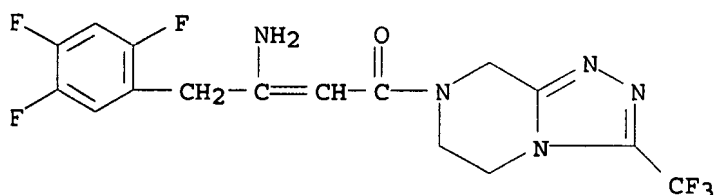
CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P





IT 847445-81-2P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and dual PPAR agonist  
 for treatment of diabetes and obesity)  
 RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
 triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX  
 NAME)



L4 ANSWER 38 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:1212876 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 146:38812  
 TI Effect of single oral doses of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4  
 inhibitor, on incretin and plasma glucose levels after an oral glucose  
 tolerance test in patients with type 2 diabetes  
 AU Herman, Gary A.; Bergman, Arthur; Stevens, Catherine; Kotey, Paul; Yi,  
 Bingming; Zhao, Peng; Dietrich, Bruno; Golor, George; Schrodter, Andreas;  
 Keymeulen, Bart; Lasseter, Kenneth C.; Kipnes, Mark S.; Snyder, Karen;  
 Hilliard, Deborah; Tanen, Michael; Cilissen, Caroline; De Smet, Marina; de  
 Lepeleire, Inge; Van Dyck, Kristien; Wang, Amy Q.; Zeng, Wei; Davies,  
 Michael J.; Tanaka, Wesley; Holst, Jens J.; Deacon, Carolyn F.;  
 Gottesdiener, Keith M.; Wagner, John A.  
 CS Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA  
 SO Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism (2006), 91(11), 4612-4619  
 CODEN: JCEMAZ; ISSN: 0021-972X  
 PB Endocrine Society  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 AB In response to a meal, glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) and  
 glucose-dependent insulinotropic peptide (GIP) are released and modulate  
 glycemic control. Normally these incretins are rapidly degraded by  
 dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4). DPP-4 inhibitors are a novel class of  
 oral antihyperglycemic agents in development for the treatment of type 2  
 diabetes. The degree of DPP-4 inhibition and the level of active incretin  
 augmentation required for glucose lowering efficacy after an oral glucose  
 tolerance test (OGTT) were evaluated. The objective of the study was to  
 examine the pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics, and tolerability of  
 sitagliptin. This was a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled,  
 3-period, single-dose crossover study. The study was conducted at 6  
 investigational sites. The study population consisted of 58 patients with  
 type 2 diabetes who were not on antihyperglycemic agents. Interventions  
 included sitagliptin 25 mg, sitagliptin 200 mg, or placebo. Measurements  
 included plasma DPP-4 activity; post-OGTT glucose excursion; active and

total incretin GIP levels; insulin, C-peptide, and glucagon concns.; and sitagliptin pharmacokinetics. Sitagliptin dose-dependently inhibited plasma DPP-4 activity over 24 h, enhanced active GLP-1 and GIP levels, increased insulin/C-peptide, decreased glucagon, and reduced glycemic excursion after OGTTs administered at 2 and 24 h after single oral 25- or 200-mg doses of sitagliptin. Sitagliptin was generally well tolerated, with no hypoglycemic events. In this study in patients with type 2 diabetes, near maximal glucose-lowering efficacy of sitagliptin after single oral doses was associated with inhibition of plasma DPP-4 activity of 80% or greater, corresponding to a plasma sitagliptin concentration of 100 nM

or

greater, and an augmentation of active GLP-1 and GIP levels of 2-fold or higher after an OGTT.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

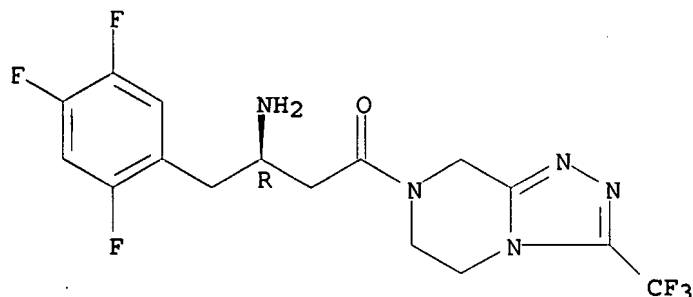
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sitagliptin on incretin and blood glucose levels in patients with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1193860 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:242978

TI The incretin system: glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists and dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors in type 2 diabetes

AU Drucker, Daniel J.; Nauck, Michael A.

CS Samuel Lunenfeld Research Institute, Mount Sinai Hospital, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Can.

SO Lancet (2006), 368(9548), 1696-1705

CODEN: LANCAO; ISSN: 0140-6736

PB Elsevier Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review. Glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) is a gut-derived incretin hormone that stimulates insulin and suppresses glucagon secretion, inhibits gastric emptying, and reduces appetite and food intake. Therapeutic approaches for enhancing incretin action include degradation-resistant GLP-1 receptor agonists (incretin mimetics), and inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) activity (incretin enhancers). Clin. trials with the incretin mimetic exenatide (two injections per day or long-acting release form once weekly) and liraglutide (one injection per day) show redns. in fasting and postprandial glucose concns., and Hb Alc (HbA1c) (1-2%), associated with weight

loss (2-5 kg). The most common adverse event associated with GLP-1 receptor agonists is mild nausea, which lessens over time. Orally administered DPP-4 inhibitors, such as sitagliptin and vildagliptin, reduce HbA1c by 0.5-1.0%, with few adverse events and no weight gain. These new classes of antidiabetic agents, and incretin mimetics and enhancers, also expand  $\beta$ -cell mass in preclin. studies. However, long-term clin. studies are needed to determine the benefits of targeting the incretin axis for the treatment of type 2 diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

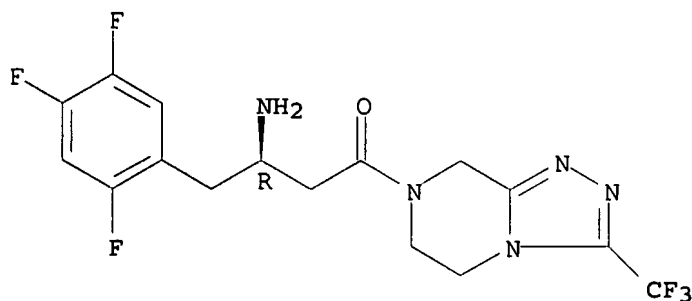
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(use of glucagon-like peptide 1 receptor agonists and dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitor in treating patients with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 109 THERE ARE 109 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1179059 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:55218

TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin as monotherapy in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus

AU Raz, I.; Hanefeld, M.; Xu, L.; Caria, C.; Williams-Herman, D.; Khatami, H.

CS Diabetes Research Center, Hadassah University Hospital, Jerusalem, Israel

SO Diabetologia (2006), 49(11), 2564-2571

CODEN: DBTGAJ; ISSN: 0012-186X

PB Springer GmbH

DT Journal

LA English

AB Aims/hypothesis: The aim of this study was to assess the efficacy and safety of sitagliptin (MK-0431) as monotherapy in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c  $\geq 7\%$  and  $\leq 10\%$ ) on exercise and diet. Methods: A total of 521 patients aged 27-76 years with a mean baseline HbA1c of 8.1% were randomized in a 1:2:2 ratio to treatment with placebo, sitagliptin 100 mg once daily, or sitagliptin 200 mg once daily, for 18 wk. The efficacy anal. was based on an all-patients-treated population using an anal. of covariance, excluding data obtained after glycemic rescue. Results: After 18 wk, HbA1c was significantly reduced with sitagliptin 100 mg and 200 mg compared with placebo (placebo-subtracted HbA1c reduction: -0.60% and -0.48%, resp.). Sitagliptin also significantly decreased fasting plasma glucose relative to placebo. Patients with higher baseline HbA1c ( $\geq 9\%$ ) experienced greater placebo-subtracted HbA1c redns. with sitagliptin (-1.20% for 100 mg and -1.04% for 200 mg) than those with HbA1c  $< 8\%$  (-0.44% and -0.33%, resp.) or  $\geq 8\%$  to 8.9% (-0.61% and -0.39%, resp.). Homeostasis

model assessment beta cell function index and fasting proinsulin:insulin ratio, markers of insulin secretion and beta cell function, were significantly improved with sitagliptin. The incidence of hypoglycemia and gastrointestinal adverse experiences was not significantly different between sitagliptin and placebo. Sitagliptin had a neutral effect on body weight. Conclusions/interpretation: Sitagliptin significantly improved glycemic control and was well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus who had inadequate glycemic control on exercise and diet.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

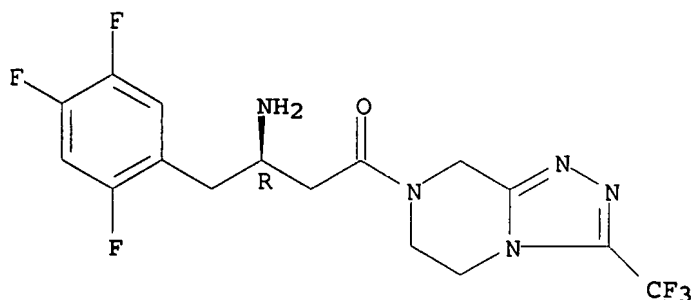
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sitagliptin was well tolerated and significantly improved glycemic control in patient with type 2 diabetes mellitus and inadequate glycemic control on exercise and diet)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1177439 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:465736

TI Combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and a cannabinoid CB1  
receptor antagonist for the treatment of diabetes and obesity

IN Amatruda, John M.; Fong, Tung M.; Moller, David E.; Thornberry, Nancy A.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 54pp.

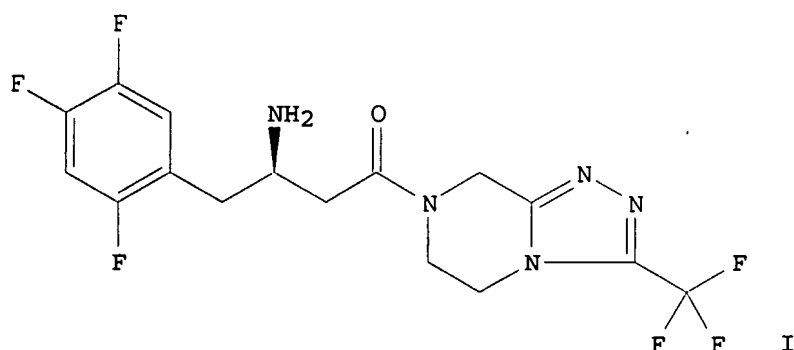
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

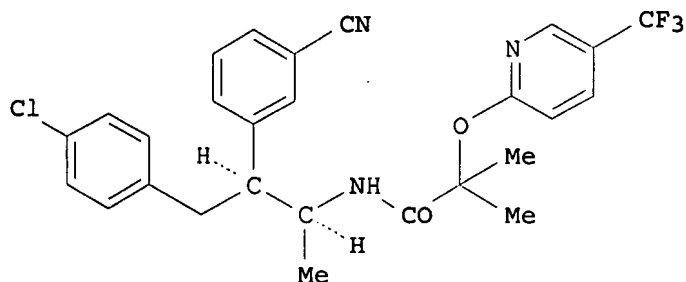
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006119260	A2	20061109	WO 2006-US16754	20060428
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,				
	CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,				
	GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,				
	KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,				
	MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,				
	SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,				
	VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,				
	IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,				
	CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,				
	GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				
	KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				



I



II

AB The present invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising a combination of a particular dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor (e.g. (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine dihydrogen phosphate monohydrate; free base shown as I) and a particular cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist/inverse agonist (e.g. N-[(1S,2S)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(3-cyanophenyl)-1-methylpropyl]-2-methyl-2-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]oxy]propanamide; shown as II), kits containing such combinations and methods of using such compns. for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes associated with obesity, diabetes-related disorders, obesity, and obesity-related disorders (no data). Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, preps. and/or characterization data for the above examples are included.

IT 486460-32-6P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine

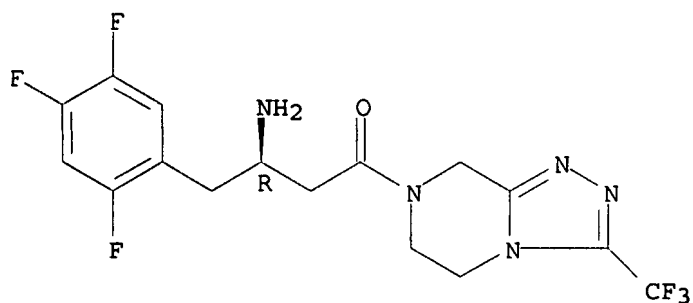
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(candidate codrug; combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist for treatment of diabetes and obesity)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 654671-77-9P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine dihydrogen phosphate monohydrate

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(candidate codrug; combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist for treatment of diabetes and obesity)

RN 654671-77-9 CAPLUS

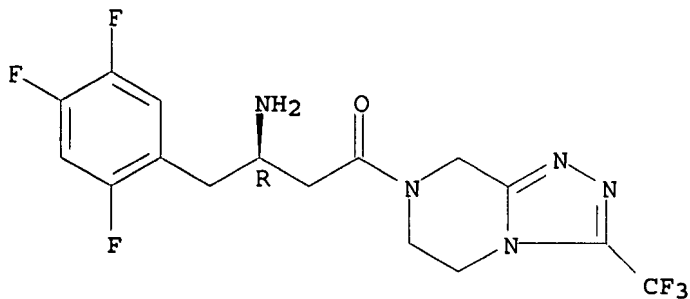
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate, hydrate (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

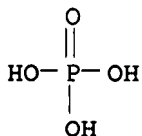
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

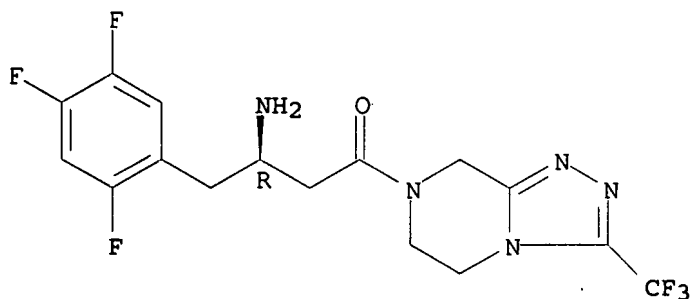
CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P

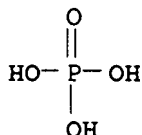


IT 654671-78-0  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (candidate codrug; combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and  
 cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist for treatment of diabetes and  
 obesity)  
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

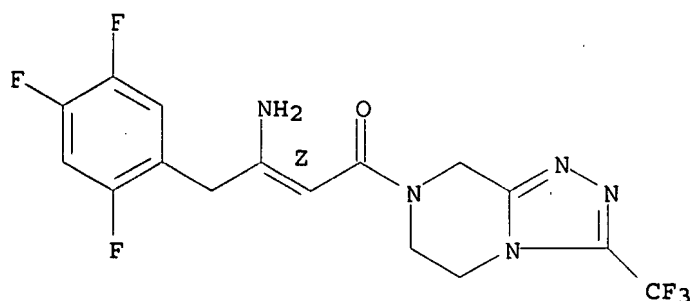


CM 2  
 CRN 7664-38-2  
 CMF H3 O4 P



IT 767340-03-4P, (2Z)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-  
 [1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-  
 2-amine  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and cannabinoid CB1  
 receptor antagonist for treatment of diabetes and obesity)  
 RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-  
 trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

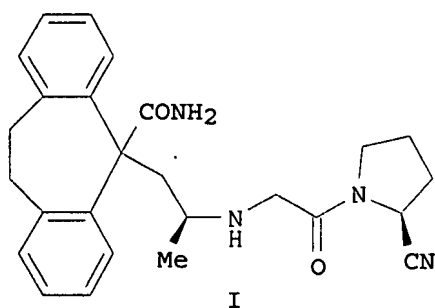
Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 42 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:1147258 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 145:471864  
 TI Preparation of multicyclic peptide derivatives as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors  
 IN Kroth, Heiko; Feuerstein, Tim; Richter, Frank; Boer, Jorgen; Essers, Michael; Nolte, Bert; Schneider, Matthias; Hochguertel, Matthias; Frickel, Fritz-Frieder; Taveras, Arthur  
 PA Alantos Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 542pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006116157	A2	20061102	WO 2006-US15200	20060421
	WO 2006116157	A9	20070301		
	WO 2006116157	A3	20070419		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA				
	US 2006270701	A1	20061130	US 2006-409481	20060421
PRAI	US 2005-674151P	P	20050422		
OS	CASREACT 145:471864; MARPAT 145:471864				
GI					





AB The invention relates generally to pyrrolidine and thiazolidine DPP-IV inhibitory compds. A-B-CO-D (A is a bicyclic or tricyclic ring system attached to B at carbon or nitrogen; B is a linking group such as an amino acid residue or fragment; D is a pyrrolidine or thiazolidine residue or derivative), including isomers and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, for treatment of DPP-IV mediated diseases, in particular, type-2 diabetes. Thus, pyrrolidinecarbonitrile derivative I was prepared by reaction of 5-[(S)-2-aminopropyl]-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cycloheptene-5-carboxamide with N-glyoxyloyl-L-prolinecarbonitrile (prepsn. given) and showed  $K_i < 6$  nM for inhibition of DPP-IV.

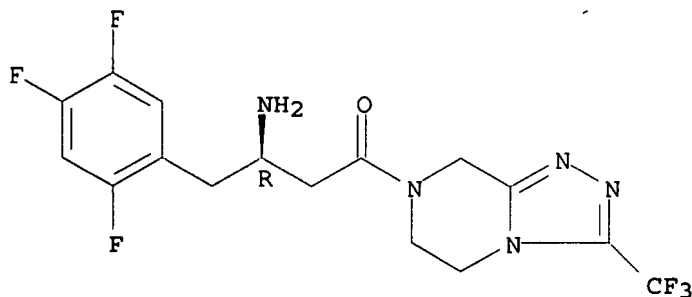
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of multicyclic peptide derivs. as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 43 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:952876 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:328380

TI Combination therapy for endothelial dysfunction, angina and diabetes

IN Kaesemeyer, Wayne

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	---	-----	-----	-----
PI	US 2006205727	A1	20060914	US 2006-373658	20060310

WO 2006099244 A1 20060921 WO 2006-US8801 20060310  
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,  
KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,  
MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,  
SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,  
VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2005-660625P P 20050311  
US 2005-675118P P 20050427

AB The combination of a HMG CoA reductase inhibitor like a statin, such as simvastatin, with a pFox inhibitor such as trimetazidine ("Simetazidine") is particularly advantageous for treatment of end-stage complications, such as acute coronary syndrome (ACS) and chronic angina, especially in type II diabetics. The combination therapy is also useful in the treatment and/or prevention of chronic heart failure (CHF) and peripheral arterial disease (PAD). The combination of a nitric oxide (NO) mechanism with increased NO production with pFox inhibition simultaneously treats both the effect and the cause of angina. One or more oral hypoglycemic compds. (biguanides, insulin sensitizers, such as thiazolidinediones,  $\alpha$ -glucosidase inhibitors, insulin secretagogues, and dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors), protein kinase C (PKC) inhibitors, and acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors can also be used in combination with the HMG CoA reductase inhibitors and/or pFox inhibitors, especially in type II diabetics, to control glucose levels and treat endothelial dysfunction. The drugs can be given in combination (e.g. a single tablet) or in sep. dosage forms, administered simultaneously or sequentially. In the preferred form the statin is given in a dose of between 5 and 80 mg/day in two sep. doses, and the pFox inhibitor is administered in a sustained or extended dosage formulation at a dose of 20 mg three times a day or 35 mg two times a day. The dose of the oral hypoglycemic, PKC inhibitor, or acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitor varies with the type of drug used.

IT 654671-78-0, MK 431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(combination therapy for endothelial dysfunction, angina and diabetes)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

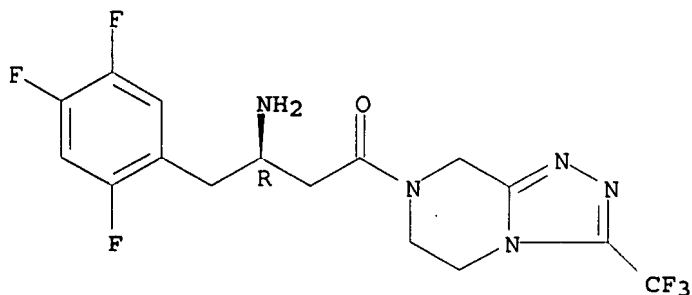
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

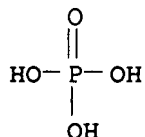
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 44 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:945768 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:328394

TI Roflumilast for the treatment of diabetes mellitus

IN Kley, Hans-Peter; Hanauer, Guido; Hauser, Daniela; Schmidt, Beate;  
Bredenbroeker, Dirk; Wurst, Wilhelm; Kemkowski, Joerg

PA Altana Pharma AG, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 67pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006094942	A1	20060914	WO 2006-EP60445	20060303
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRAI	EP 2005-101780	A	20050308		

AB The invention discloses the use of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide for the treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders thereof. The invention addnl. discloses combinations of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide with other active agents for the treatment of diabetes mellitus.

IT 486460-32-6

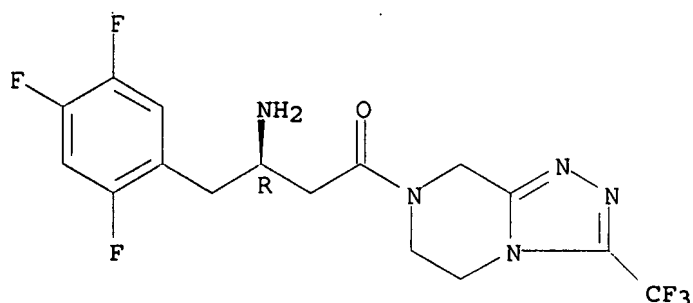
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Roflumilast for treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders, and combinations with other agents)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 45 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:944442 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 145:328392  
TI Roflumilast for the treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders, and combinations with other agents  
IN Kley, Hans-Peter; Hanauer, Guido; Hauser, Daniela; Schmidt, Beate; Bredenbroeker, Dirk; Wurst, Wilhelm; Kemkowski, Joerg  
PA Altana Pharma AG, Germany  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 71pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006094933	A1	20060914	WO 2006-EP60418	20060303
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI EP 2005-101772 A 20050308

AB The invention relates to the use of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide for the treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders thereof. The invention addnl. relates to combinations of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide with other active agents for the treatment of diabetes mellitus.

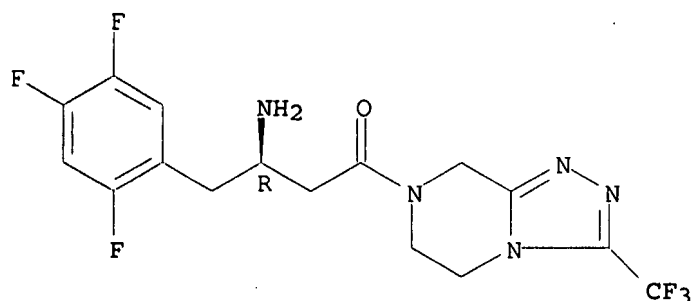
IT 486460-32-6, SITAGLIPTIN

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(Roflumilast for treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders, and combinations with other agents)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

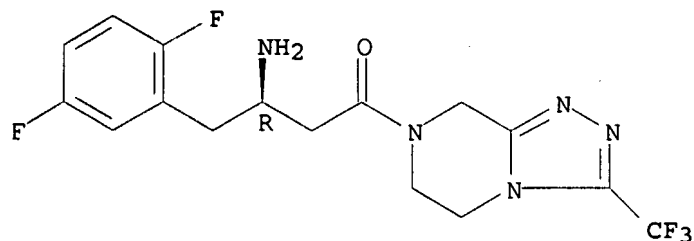
Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 46 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:930335 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:330487  
TI Inhibition of dipeptidyl-peptidase IV does not increase circulating IGF-1 concentrations in growing pigs  
AU Faidley, T. D.; Leiting, B.; Pryor, K. D.; Lyons, K.; Hickey, G. J.; Thompson, D. R.  
CS Department of Pharmacology, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA  
SO Experimental Biology and Medicine (Maywood, NJ, United States) (2006), 231(8), 1373-1378  
CODEN: EBMMBE; ISSN: 1535-3702  
PB Society for Experimental Biology and Medicine  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB The enzyme dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inactivates a variety of bioactive peptides, including glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) and growth hormone releasing hormone (GHRH). Inhibiting DPP-IV to increase circulating GLP-1 is of interest as a treatment for Type II diabetes. Inactivation of DPP-IV may also increase circulating GHRH, potentially enhancing growth in domestic animals. To test the hypothesis that inhibition of DPP-IV activity will influence the growth hormone/IGF-1 axis, growing swine (*Sus scrofa domestica*, 78 kg) were treated with a DPP-IV inhibitor (Compound 1, the 2,5-difluorophenyl analog of the triazolopiperazine MK0431, sitagliptin), and blood plasma concns. of IGF-1 were monitored. Swine were administered either sterile saline (0.11 mL/kg followed by a continuous infusion at 2 mL/h for 72 h, controls, n = 2), Compound 1 (2.78 mg/kg followed by a continuous infusion at 0.327 mg/kg·hr for 72 h, n = 4) or GHRH (0.11 mL/kg sterile saline, followed by a continuous infusion of GHRH at 2.5 µg/kg·hr for 48 h, n = 4). Plasma concns. of Compound 1 were maintained at 1 µM, which resulted in a 90% inhibition of circulating DPP-IV activity. Relative to the predose 24-h period, area under the IGF-1 concentration curve (AUC) tended to be lower with Compound 1 (-79 ng/mL·hr) than controls (543 ng/mL·hr). GHRH treatment increased the IGF-1 AUC (1210 ng/mL·hr). We conclude that inhibition of DPP-IV does not alter the circulating levels of IGF-1 in the growing swine.  
IT 486460-31-5  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(inhibition of dipeptidyl-peptidase IV does not increase circulating IGF-1 concns. in growing swine)  
RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS  
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 47 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:903209 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 146:54398

TI Sitagliptin: a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes

AU Miller, Shannon A.; St. Onge, Erin L.

CS Pharmacotherapy Faculty, Florida Hospital Family Practice Residency, Orlando, FL, USA

SO Annals of Pharmacotherapy (2006), 40(7/8), 1336-1343

CODEN: APHRER; ISSN: 1060-0280

PB Harvey Whitney Books Co.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB Objective: To review the pharmacol., pharmacokinetics, safety, and efficacy of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor in the management of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Data Sources: A MEDLINE search (1966-Feb. 2006) was conducted for English-language articles using the terms dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, incretin, MK-0431, and sitagliptin. Abstrs. from the American Diabetes Association annual meetings in 2004 and 2005 were included as sources of data. Study Selection And Data Extraction: Articles pertaining to the pharmacol. of sitagliptin, its pharmacokinetics, safety and efficacy were reviewed. Data Synthesis: Sitagliptin is a potent, competitive, reversible inhibitor of the DPP-IV enzyme. It is eliminated renally, with a terminal half-life of 11.8-14.4 h. In Phase II clin. trials, sitagliptin was found to be superior to placebo for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Results of a small trial comparing sitagliptin with glipizide indicate that both treatments are comparable. The efficacy of sitagliptin has also been demonstrated when used as adjunctive therapy with metformin. Few adverse effects have been reported. Weight gain and hypoglycemia have not been seen with sitagliptin therapy. Conclusions: Based on its unique mechanism of action, sitagliptin will provide practitioners with an addnl. tool in the treatment of diabetes. Review of the literature to date implies sitagliptin may be effective as monotherapy in type 2 diabetes. In addition, existing evidence supports the use of sitagliptin as adjunct therapy to sulfonylureas and metformin. Another advantage of sitagliptin use is that it appears to be free from the adverse effects of weight gain and hypoglycemia that are associated with currently available treatments.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

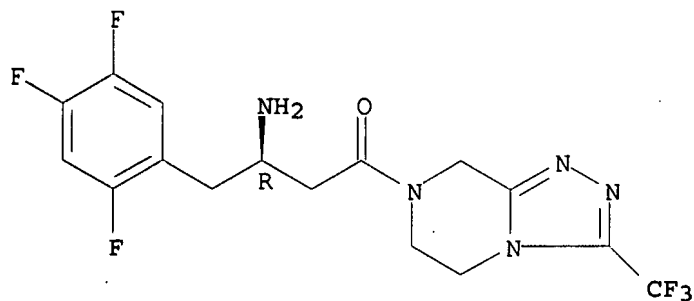
(sitagliptin as monotherapy and as adjunct therapy with sulfonylurea and metformin was effective without any adverse effects of weight gain and hypoglycemia in type 2 diabetes mellitus patient)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-

alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

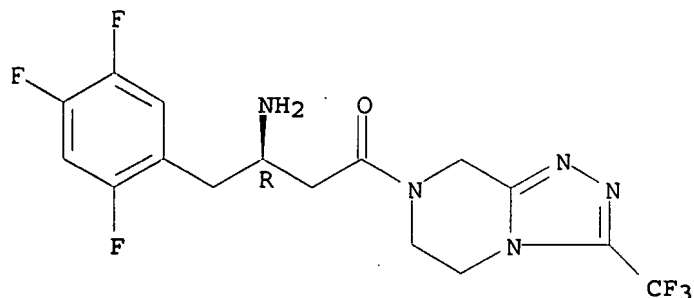
Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 48 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:826044 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 146:176805  
TI Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic effects of the oral DPP-4 inhibitor sitagliptin in middle-aged obese subjects  
AU Herman, Gary A.; Bergman, Arthur; Liu, Fang; Stevens, Cathy; Wang, Amy Q.; Zeng, Wei; Chen, Li; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanen, Michael; Tanaka, Wesley; Meehan, Alan G.; Lasseter, Kenneth; Dilzer, Stacy; Blum, Robert; Wagner, John A.  
CS Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA  
SO Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2006), 46(8), 876-886  
CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700  
PB Sage Publications  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB Sitagliptin (MK-0431) is an oral, potent, and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-4) inhibitor developed for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. This multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study examined the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic effects of sitagliptin in obese subjects. Middle-aged (45-63 years), nondiabetic, obese (body mass index: 30-40 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) men and women were randomized to sitagliptin 200 mg bid (n = 24) or placebo (n = 8) for 28 days. Steady-state plasma concns. of sitagliptin were achieved within 2 days of starting treatment, and >90% of the dose was excreted unchanged in urine. Sitagliptin treatment led to .apprx.90% inhibition of plasma DPP-4 activity, increased active glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) levels by 2.7-fold (P <.001), and decreased post-oral glucose tolerance test glucose excursion by 35% (P <.050) compared to placebo. In non-diabetic obese subjects, treatment with sitagliptin 200 mg bid was generally well tolerated without associated hypoglycemia and led to maximal inhibition of plasma DPP-4 activity, increased active GLP-1, and reduced glycemic excursion.  
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin  
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(sitagliptin inhibits of plasma dipeptidyl peptidase-IV activity, increased active glucagon-like peptide-1 levels and decreased glucose excursion in middle-aged obese patient with diabetes)  
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

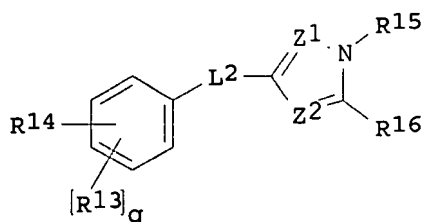


RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

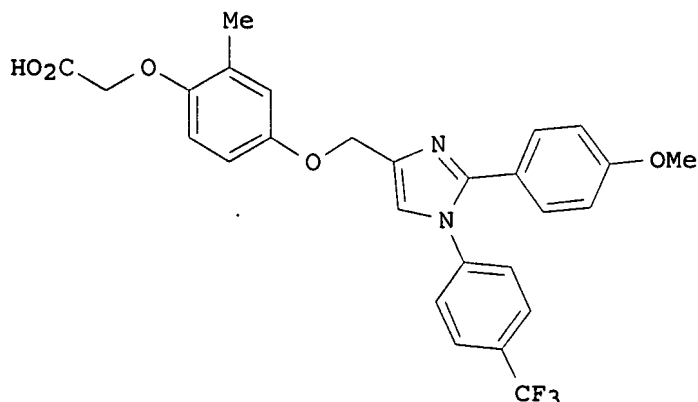
L4 ANSWER 49 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:795736 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 145:230633  
TI Preparation of 4-[(benzimidazolyl/pyrazolyl/triazolyl)methoxy]phenoxyacetic acids as PPAR modulators  
IN Cow, Christopher; Epple, Robert; Wang, Xing; Xie, Yongping  
PA Irm LLC, Bermuda  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006084176	A2	20060810	WO 2006-US3924	20060203
	WO 2006084176	A3	20060914		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRAI	US 2005-649962P	P	20050203		
OS	MARPAT 145:230633				
GI					





I



II

AB The title compds. I [ $q = 0-3$ ;  $Z1, Z2 = CH, N$ ;  $L2 = XOX, XSO0-2X, XSO0-2XO$  (wherein  $X =$  a bond, (un)substituted alkylene);  $R13 =$  halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.;  $R14 = XOXC(O)OR17, XC(O)OR17$  ( $X =$  a bond, alkylene;  $R17 = H, alkyl$ );  $R15, R16 = R18$  or  $YR18$  ( $Y =$  alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene,  $CONR17, OX$ ;  $X =$  a bond, alkylene;  $R17 = H, alkyl$ ;  $R18 =$  cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl); or  $R15$  and  $R16$  together with the atoms to which  $R15$  and  $R16$  are attached form fused bicyclic or tricyclic heteroaryl], useful in treating or preventing diseases or disorders associated with the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of  $PPAR\delta$  (no specific data given), were prepared. Thus, reacting Me (4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy)acetate with 4-(chloromethyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1H-imidazole (prepn. given) followed by hydrolysis afforded 28% II. Also disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. comprising compds. I alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 4-[(benzimidazolyl/pyrazolyl/triazolyl)methoxy]phenoxyacetic acids as PPAR modulators for treating and preventing diseases-associated with PPAR activity, particularly activity of  $PPAR\delta$ )

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

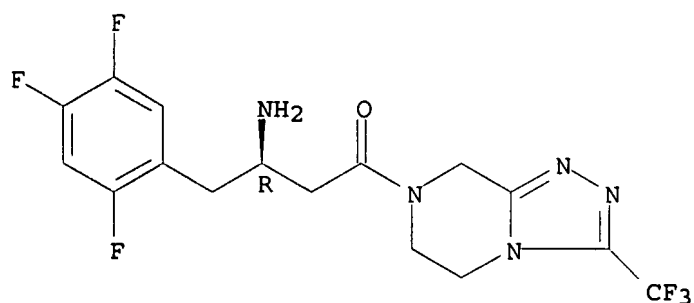
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- $\alpha$ ]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

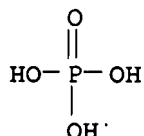
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 50 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:768357 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 145:189177  
 TI Process for the preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivatives by  
 asymmetric hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition  
 metal-complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines  
 IN Xiao, Yi; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Krska, Shane W.; Njolito, Eugenia;  
 Rivera, Nelo R.; Sun, Yongkui; Rosner, Thorsten; Clausen, Andrew M.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006081151	A1	20060803	WO 2006-US2147	20060120
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-646697P P 20050124

OS MARPAT 145:189177

AB The invention relates to a process for the efficient preparation of  
 enantiomerically enriched  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs.  $R_1CH(NH_2)CH_2CO-Z$  [Z =  
 OR<sub>2</sub>, SR<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>1</sub> = alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl; R<sub>2</sub>,

R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; R2R3N = (substituted) 4-7 membered ring] having (R)- or (S)-configuration which are useful in the asym. synthesis of biol. active mols. The process comprises an enantioselective hydrogenation of a prochiral  $\beta$ -aminoacrylic acid derivative in the presence of an ammonium salt and a transition metal precursor complexed with a chiral ferrocenyl diphosphine ligand. Thus, (Z)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-2-amine (preparation given) was hydrogenated in the presence of chloro(1,5-cyclooctadiene)rhodium(I) dimer, (R,S) tert-Bu Josiphos, and ammonium chloride in MeOH at 100 psi and 50 °C for 18 h to give 97% (R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine in 98-99% enantiomeric excess.

IT 486460-31-5P 486460-32-6P

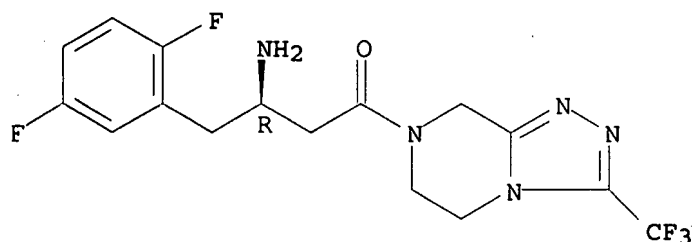
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. by asym. hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition metal-complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

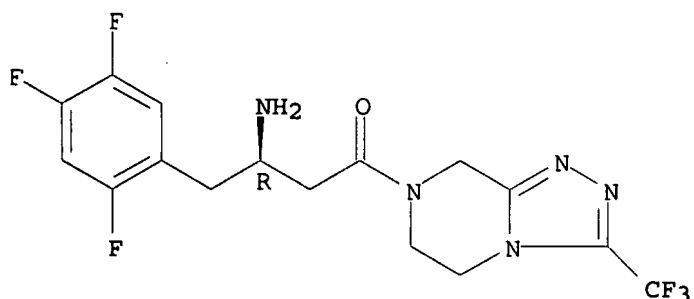
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 767340-03-4P

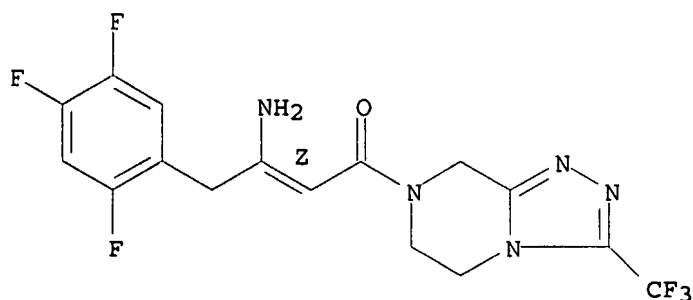
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. by asym. hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition metal-complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 51 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:761925 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 145:201985  
TI Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacological Evaluation of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors. [Erratum to document cited in CA145:116704]  
AU Pei, Zhonghua; Li, Xiaofeng; Longenecker, Kenton; von Geldern, Thomas W.; Wiedeman, Paul E.; Lubben, Thomas H.; Zinker, Bradley A.; Stewart, Kent; Ballaron, Stephen J.; Stashko, Michael A.; Mika, Amanda K.; Beno, David W. A.; Long, Michelle; Wells, Heidi; Kempf-Grote, Anita J.; Madar, David J.; McDermott, Todd S.; Bhagavatula, Lakshmi; Fickes, Michael G.; Pireh, Daisy; Solomon, Larry R.; Lake, Marc R.; Edalji, Rohinton; Fry, Elizabeth H.; Sham, Hing L.; Trevillyan, James M.  
CS Metabolic Disease Research, Advanced Technology, Departments of Exploratory Pharmacokinetics and Pharmaceuticals and Process Chemistry Global Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA  
SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2006), 49(17), 5387  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
PB American Chemical Society  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB On page 3521, right column, "Results and Discussion" section, last paragraph, the last line is missing the words "then the C5-position" before "...of the P2 pyrrolidine ring...". With the added words, the correct sentence is "Alternatively, upon analyzing the structures of more potent inhibitors, cyanopyrrolidine 2 (Chart 1) and compound 10a, it occurred to us that if the P2 pyrrolidine moiety of compound 10a, it occurred to us that if the P2 pyrrolidine moiety of compound 10a could serve as a rigidified linker to replace the flexible aminino side chain of cyanopyrrolidine 2, then the C5-position of the P2 pyrrolidine ring could be modified to improve potency and other properties."  
IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacol. Evaluation of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent Dipeptidyl (Erratum))  
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-

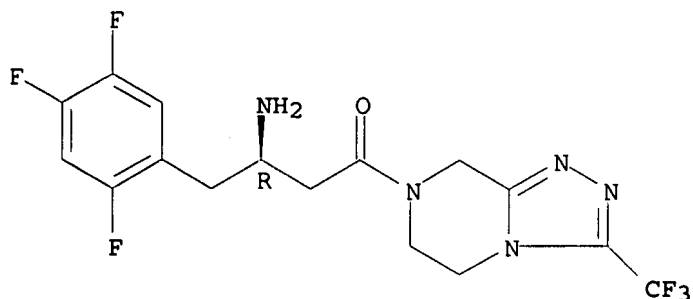
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

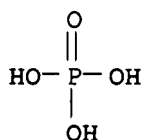
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 52 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:733033 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:174316

TI Direct compression formulation comprising dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor

IN Pfeffer, Sabine; Schaefer, Frank; Schneeberger, Ricardo; Sutton, Paul

Allen; Trueby, Martin Friedrich; Wirth, Wolfgang

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006078593	A2	20060727	WO 2006-US1473	20060117
	WO 2006078593	A3	20060914		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,				

IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

US 2006210627 A1 20060921 US 2006-333582 20060117  
PRAI US 2005-644645P P 20050118  
US 2005-690484P P 20050614

AB This invention relates to tablets especially tablets formed by direct compression of a dipeptidylpeptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor compound, a process for the preparation thereof, to new pharmaceutical formulations, and new tableting powders comprising DPP-IV inhibitor formulations capable of being directly compressed into tablets. The invention relates further to a process for preparing the tablets by blending the active ingredient and specific excipients into the new formulations and then directly compressing the formulations into the direct compression tablets. The invention also relates to vildagliptin particle size distribution and a new crystal form of vildagliptin particularly adapted for the preparation of improved tablets and other pharmaceutical compns. For example, tablets were produced containing LAF237 100 mg, microcryst. cellulose 191,36 mg, lactose anhydrous 95.64 mg, sodium starch glycolate 8 mg and magnesium stearate 5 mg.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431  
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(direct compression formulation comprising dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

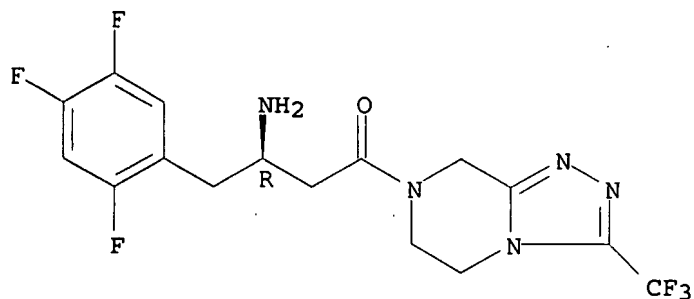
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

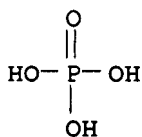
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 53 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:681434 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:137853

TI Pharmaceutical compositions and methods using a biological response modifier and a  $\beta$ -cell growth factor for restoring  $\beta$ -cell mass and function

IN Nadler, Jerry

PA Diakine Therapeutics, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 121 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006074051	A2	20060713	WO 2005-US47390	20051230
	WO 2006074051	A3	20061109		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	US 2006160736	A1	20060720	US 2005-321090	20051230
PRAI	US 2004-640523P	P	20041230		

OS MARPAT 145:137853

AB Pharmaceutical compns. and methods for using are provided for restoring  $\beta$ -cell mass and function in a mammal in need thereof. The pharmaceutical compns. have a biol. response modifier and a  $\beta$ -cell growth factor in admixt. with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant or vehicle. The compns. of the invention may be used to treat diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

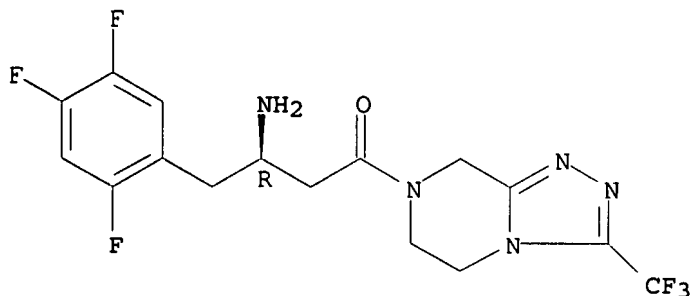
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(biol. response modifier and  $\beta$ -cell growth factor for restoring  $\beta$ -cell mass and function)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 54 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:677805 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 145:137850  
 TI Combination therapy for diabetes and related disorders using a GPR119  
 agonist and dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for lowering blood glucose  
 and increasing GLP-1 levels  
 IN Chu, Zhi-Liang; Leonard, James N.; Al-Shamma, Hussien A.; Jones, Robert M.  
 PA USA  
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 99 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2006154866	A1	20060713	US 2006-328405	20060109
	WO 2006076231	A2	20060720	WO 2006-US510	20060109
	WO 2006076231	A8	20060921		
	WO 2006076231	A3	20070118		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
 CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
 GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,  
 KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,  
 MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,  
 SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,  
 VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

EP 1758565	A2	20070307	EP 2006-717678	20060109
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU				

US 2007072803	A1	20070329	US 2006-603410	20061122
US 2007072804	A1	20070329	US 2006-603417	20061122

PRAI US 2005-643086P	P	20050110
US 2005-683172P	P	20050519
US 2005-726880P	P	20051014
US 2006-328405	A1	20060109
WO 2006-US510	W	20060109

AB The present invention provides combination of a G protein-coupled receptor  
 GPR119 agonist with a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor such that  
 the combination provides an effect in lowering a blood glucose level or in  
 increasing a blood GLP-1 level in a subject for treating or preventing  
 diabetes and other related conditions. The present invention also relates  
 to the use of a G protein-coupled receptor to screen for GLP-1  
 secretagogues. GPR119 agonist is AR231453 while DPP-IV inhibitors of the  
 invention include MK-0431, LAF237 and FE107542.

IT 654671-78-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (DPP-IV inhibitor; combination therapy for diabetes and related  
 disorders using GPR119 agonist and dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor  
 for lowering blood glucose and increasing GLP-1 levels)

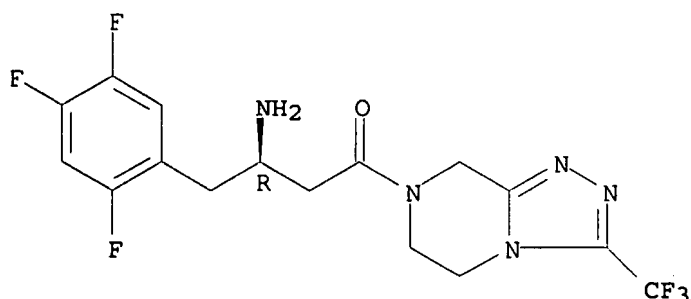
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



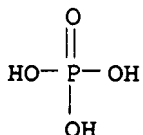
CRN 486460-32-6  
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 55 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:639624 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 145:465116  
TI Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic properties of multiple oral doses of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor: a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study in healthy male volunteers  
AU Bergman, Arthur J.; Stevens, Catherine; Zhou, YanYan; Yi, Bingming; Laethem, Martine; De Smet, Marina; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanaka, Wesley; Zeng, Wei; Tanen, Michael; Wang, Amy Q.; Chen, Li; Winchell, Gregory; Davies, Michael J.; Ramael, Steven; Wagner, John A.; Herman, Gary A.  
CS Merck & Co., Inc., Whitehouse Station, NJ, USA  
SO Clinical Therapeutics (2006), 28(1), 55-72  
CODEN: CLTHDG; ISSN: 0149-2918  
PB Excerpta Medica, Inc.  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB Background: Dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inhibitors represent a new class of oral antihyperglycemic agents. Sitagliptin is an orally active and selective DPP-IV inhibitor currently in Phase III development for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Objective: The aim of this study was to assess the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic (PK/PD) properties and tolerability of multiple oral once-daily or twice-daily doses of sitagliptin. Methods: This double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, incremental oral-dose study was conducted at SGS Biopharma, Antwerp, Belgium. Healthy, nonsmoking male volunteers aged 18 to 45 years with a creatinine clearance rate of >80 mL/min and normoglycemia and weighing within 15% of their ideal height/weight range were randomly assigned to 1 of

8 treatment groups: sitagliptin 25, 50, 100, 200, or 400 mg or placebo, QD for 10 days; a single dose of sitagliptin 800 mg administered on day 1 followed by 600 mg QD on days 3 to 10; or sitagliptin 300 mg BID for 10 days. For anal. of PK properties, plasma and urine samples were obtained before study drug administration on day 1 and at 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 16 h after study drug administration on day 1; before study drug administration on days 2 to 9; and every 24 h for 96 h after the last dose on day 10, and analyzed for sitagliptin concns. Assays were used to measure inhibition of plasma DPP-IV activity and plasma concns. of active and total glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1), glucose, and glucagon, and serum concns. of insulin, C-peptide, insulin-like growth factor-1, and insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3. Tolerability was assessed throughout the study using phys. examination, including vital sign measurements; 12-lead electrocardiogr.; and laboratory anal., including

hematol.,

biochem. (hepatic aminotransferase and creatine phosphokinase), and urinalysis. Results: Seventy subjects were enrolled (mean age, 32.9 years [range, 18-45 years]; mean weight, 79.7 kg [range, 63.4-97.7 kg]; 8 patients per sitagliptin study group and 14 patients in the control group). In the sitagliptin groups, the plasma concentration-time profiles and principal PK parameters (Tmax, Cmax, and t1/2) were statistically similar at days 1 (single dose) and 10 (steady state). In the groups receiving sitagliptin QD doses, accumulation of sitagliptin was modest (AUC accumulation ratio [day 10/day 1] range, 1.05-1.29), and the apparent terminal elimination t1/2 was 11.8 to 14.4 h. At steady state in the sitagliptin QD groups, the mean proportion of drug excreted unchanged in the urine was .apprx.70.6%. Dose-dependent inhibition of plasma DPP-IV activity was apparent, and the pattern of inhibition at steady state (day 10) was statistically similar to that observed on day 1. Day-10 weighted mean inhibition of plasma DPP-IV activity over 24 h was ≥80% for doses of ≥50 mg QD. After a standard meal, active GLP-1 concns. were significantly increased in the sitagliptin groups by .apprx.2-fold compared with that in the control group, a finding consistent with near-maximal acute glucose lowering in preclin. studies. Across doses, no apparent adverse effects, including hypoglycemia, were found or reported. Conclusions: The results from this study in a select population of healthy male volunteers suggest that multiple oral doses of sitagliptin inhibited plasma DPP-IV activity and affected active GLP-1 concns. in a dose-dependent manner, without producing hypoglycemia. Multiple dosing of sitagliptin exhibited a PK/PD profile consistent with that of a QD regimen and was well tolerated.

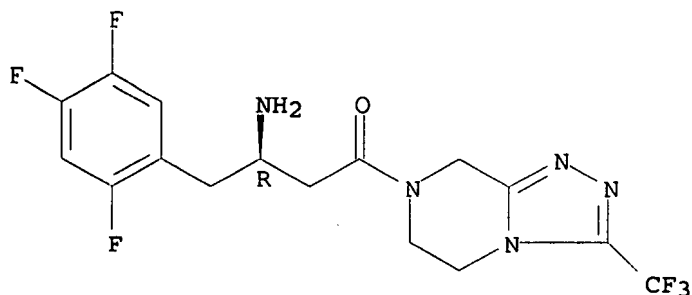
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor sitagliptin revealed modest pharmacokinetic profile, inhibited plasma dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and was well tolerated in human)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

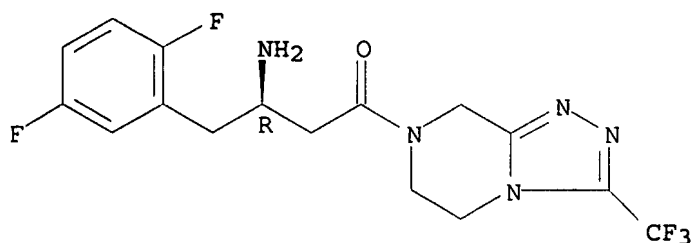
Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 38      THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4    ANSWER 56 OF 100    CAPLUS    COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN    2006:559882    CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN    145:284727  
TI    Chronic inhibition of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 with a sitagliptin analog  
     preserves pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell mass and function in a rodent model of  
     type 2 diabetes  
AU    Mu, James; Woods, John; Zhou, Yun-Ping; Roy, Ranabir Sinha; Li, Zhihua;  
     Zychband, Emanuel; Feng, Yue; Zhu, Lan; Li, Cai; Howard, Andrew D.; Moller,  
     David E.; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Zhang, Bei B.  
CS    Department of Metabolic Disorders, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway,  
     NJ, USA  
SO    Diabetes (2006), 55(6), 1695-1704  
     CODEN: DIAEAZ; ISSN: 0012-1797  
PB    American Diabetes Association  
DT    Journal  
LA    English  
AB    Inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4), a key regulator of the  
     actions of incretin hormones, exert antihyperglycemic effects in type 2  
     diabetic patients. A major unanswered question concerns the potential  
     ability of DPP-4 inhibition to have beneficial disease-modifying effects,  
     specifically to attenuate loss of pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell mass and  
     function. Here, we investigated the effects of a potent and selective  
     DPP-4 inhibitor, an analog of sitagliptin (des-fluoro-sitagliptin), on  
     glycemic control and pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell mass and function in a mouse  
     model with defects in insulin sensitivity and secretion, namely high-fat  
     diet (HFD) streptozotocin (STZ)-induced diabetic mice. Significant and  
     dose-dependent correction of postprandial and fasting hyperglycemia,  
     HbA<sub>1c</sub>, and blood plasma triglyceride and free fatty acid levels were observed  
     in HFD/STZ mice following 2-3 mo of chronic therapy. Treatment with  
     des-fluoro-sitagliptin dose dependently increased the number of insulin-pos.  
      $\beta$ -cells in islets, leading to the normalization of  $\beta$ -cell mass  
     and  $\beta$ -cell-to- $\alpha$ -cell ratio. In addition, treatment of mice with  
     des-fluoro-sitagliptin, but not glipizide, significantly increased islet  
     insulin content and improved glucose-stimulated insulin secretion in  
     isolated islets. These findings suggest that DPP-4 inhibitors may offer  
     long-lasting efficacy in the treatment of type 2 diabetes by modifying the  
     courses of the disease.  
IT    837430-23-6  
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
     (dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibition and pancreatic  $\beta$ -cell mass and  
     function)  
RN    837430-23-6    CAPLUS  
CN    1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-  
     oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2E)-2-butenedioate  
     (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
  
CM    1  
  
CRN    486460-31-5  
CMF    C16 H16 F5 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

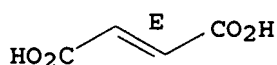


CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 57 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:479718 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:145648

TI Identification of Ammonium Chloride as an Effective Promoter of the  
Asymmetric Hydrogenation of a  $\beta$ -Enamine Amide

AU Clausen, Andrew M.; Dziadul, Brianne; Cappuccio, Kristine L.; Kaba,  
Mahmoud; Starbuck, Cindy; Hsiao, Yi; Dowling, Thomas M.

CS Process Research Development (Process Research), Merck & Co., Inc.,  
Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

SO Organic Process Research & Development (2006), 10(4), 723-726  
CODEN: OPRDFK; ISSN: 1083-6160

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 145:145648

AB An investigation into the cause of substrate-specific hydrogenation  
performance variability was conducted. A significant and unexpected  
correlation was observed between apparent pH of a solution of the substrate and  
rate of conversion and enantioselectivity. This observation led to the  
examination of low and variable levels of native ammonium chloride in different  
lots of substrate. The presence of ammonium chloride was found to have a  
pos. effect on reaction rate and enantioselectivity when controlled within  
a relatively narrow range. Optimal performance was achieved with a mole  
ratio of 1:1 ammonium chloride to catalyst. The enamine amide,  
7-[3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-  
(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, was converted to  
stigalipitin.

IT 823817-55-6P, (S)-Sitagliptin

RL: BYP (Byproduct); PREP (Preparation)

(ammonium chloride as effective promoter of substrate-specific,  
stereoselective hydrogenation of stigalipitin precursor

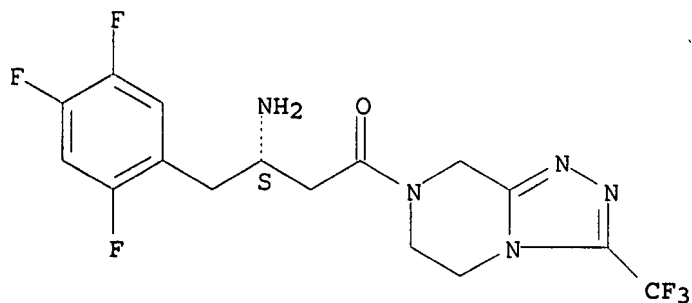
[amino(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butenyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine)

RN 823817-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-  
trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



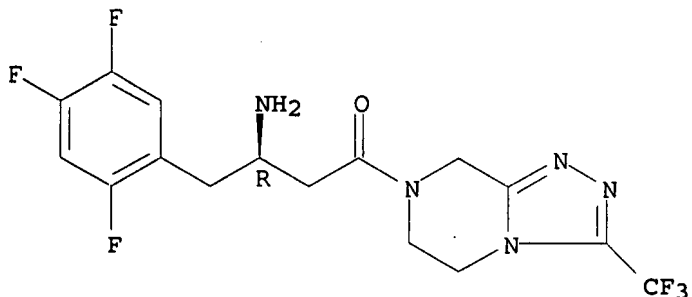
IT 486460-32-6P, Sitagliptin

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(ammonium chloride as effective promoter of substrate-specific,  
stereoselective hydrogenation of sitagliptin precursor  
[amino(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butenyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

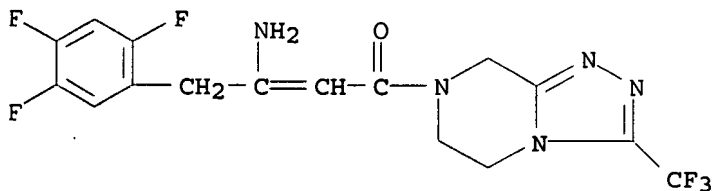


IT 847445-81-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(ammonium chloride as effective promoter of substrate-specific,  
stereoselective hydrogenation of  $\beta$ -enamine amide)

RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS

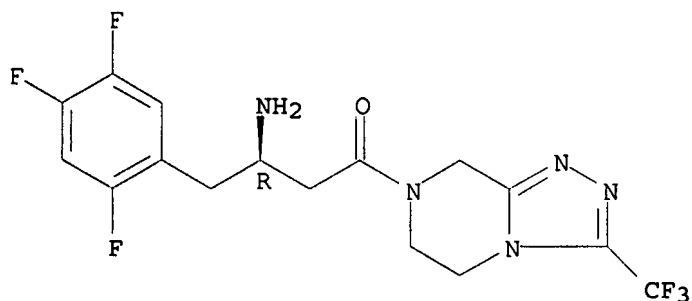
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX  
NAME)



RE.CNT 10      THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4    ANSWER 58 OF 100    CAPLUS    COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN    2006:456711    CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN    145:116704  
TI    Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacological Evaluation  
of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent  
Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors  
AU    Pei, Zhonghua; Li, Xiaofeng; Longenecker, Kenton; Von Geldern, Thomas W.;  
Wiedeman, Paul E.; Lubben, Thomas H.; Zinker, Bradley A.; Stewart, Kent;  
Ballaron, Stephen J.; Stashko, Michael A.; Mika, Amanda K.; Beno, David W.  
A.; Long, Michelle; Wells, Heidi; Kempf-Grote, Anita J.; Madar, David J.;  
McDermott, Todd S.; Bhagavatula, Lakshmi; Fickes, Michael G.; Pireh,  
Daisy; Solomon, Larry R.; Lake, Marc R.; Edalji, Rohinton; Fry, Elizabeth  
H.; Sham, Hing L.; Trevillyan, James M.  
CS    Metabolic Disease Research, Advanced Technology, Departments of  
Exploratory Pharmacokinetics and Pharmaceutics and Process Chemistry  
Global Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Abbott Laboratories,  
Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA  
SO    Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2006), 49(12), 3520-3535  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
PB    American Chemical Society  
DT    Journal  
LA    English  
OS    CASREACT 145:116704  
AB    A series of (5-substituted pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidine  
(C5-Pro-Pro) analogs was discovered as dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV)  
inhibitors as a potential treatment of diabetes and obesity. X-ray  
crystallog. data show that these inhibitors bind to the catalytic site of  
DPP-IV with the cyano group forming a covalent bond with the serine residue  
of DPP-IV. The C5-substituents make various interactions with the enzyme  
and affect potency, chemical stability, selectivity, and PK properties of the  
inhibitors. Optimized analogs are extremely potent with subnanomolar  
K<sub>i</sub>'s, are chemical stable, show very little potency decrease in the presence  
of plasma, and exhibit more than 1,000-fold selectivity against related  
peptidases. The best compds. also possess good PK and are efficacious in  
lowering blood glucose in an oral glucose tolerance test in ZDF rats.  
IT    654671-78-0, MK 0431  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
      (Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacol. Evaluation  
      of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as  
      Potent Dipeptidyl)  
RN    654671-78-0    CAPLUS  
CN    1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
      (CA INDEX NAME)  
  
CM    1  
  
CRN    486460-32-6  
CMF    C16 H15 F6 N5 O

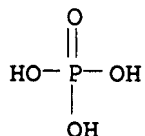
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 59 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:411999 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 144:456512  
TI Combination of DPP-IV inhibitor, PPAR antidiabetic and metformin  
IN Burkey, Bryan; Hughes, Thomas Edward  
PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006047248	A1	20060504	WO 2005-US37819	20051021
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	AU 2005299808	A1	20060504	AU 2005-299808	20051021
	CA 2581298	A1	20060504	CA 2005-2581298	20051021
PRAI	US 2004-621891P	P	20041025		
	WO 2005-US37819	W	20051021		
OS	MARPAT 144:456512				
AB	The invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or				

pharmaceutical composition comprising (1) a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor, (2) one antidiabetic selected from thiazolidinediones (glitazones), non-glitazone type PPAR agonists, PPAR $\alpha$  agonists or dual PPAR $\gamma$ /PPAR $\alpha$  agonists, and (3) metformin, for simultaneous, sep. or sequential use, especially in the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of conditions mediated by DPP-IV, in particular diabetes, more particularly type 2 diabetes mellitus, conditions of impaired glucose tolerance (IGT), conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, metabolic acidosis, ketosis, arthritis, obesity and osteoporosis. The invention also relates to the use of such combination for the preparation of a pharmaceutical preparation for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of such conditions and for the cosmetic treatment of a mammal in order to effect a cosmetically beneficial loss of body weight; to a method of prevention, delay of progression or treatment of conditions mediated by DPP-IV; and to a method of improving the bodily appearance of a warm-blooded animal. For example, bilayered tablets comprising metformin 500 mg in one layer and the DPP-IV inhibitor 50 mg plus pioglitazone HCl 39.672 (equivalent to 30 mg pioglitazone) in another layer were prepared

IT

486460-32-6 654671-78-0, MK-0431  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (combination of DPP-IV inhibitor, PPAR agonist and metformin for treatment of metabolic disorders)

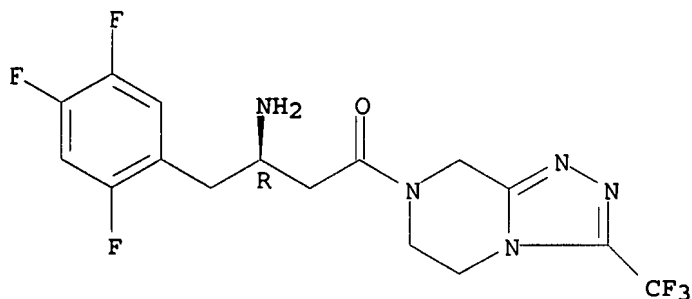
RN

486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN

1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN

654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN

1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

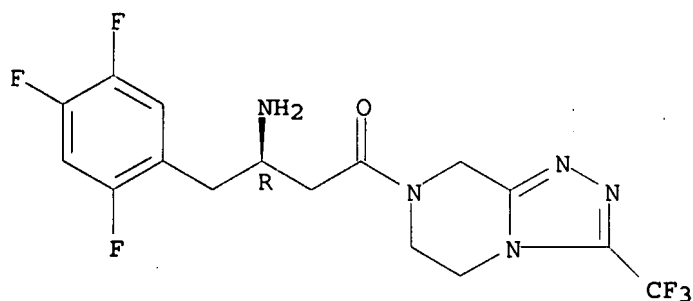
CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

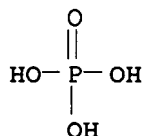




CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 60 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:404434 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:55290

TI Determination of MK-0431 in human plasma using high turbulence liquid chromatography online extraction and tandem mass spectrometry

AU Zeng, Wei; Musson, Donald G.; Fisher, Alison L.; Wang, Amy Qiu

CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Merck and Co. Inc., West Point, PA, 19486-0004, USA

SO Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry (2006), 20(8), 1169-1175

CODEN: RCMSEF; ISSN: 0951-4198

PB John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A robust and sensitive method using high turbulence liquid chromatog. (HTLC) online extraction with tandem mass spectrometry (MS/MS) for the determination

of

MK-0431 in human plasma was developed and validated to support the clin. studies. This HTLC online extraction method eliminated the time-consuming off-line sample extraction procedures and significantly increased productivity. A narrow bore large particle size reversed-phase column (Cyclone, 50 + 1.0 mm, 60 µm) and a BDS Hypersil C18 column (30 + 2.1 mm, 3 µm) were used as extraction and anal. columns, resp. The linear dynamic range of the calibration curve was 0.5 to 1000 ng/mL. Intraday validation was conducted using five calibration curves prepared in five lots of human control plasma, and the intraday precision (RSD%) was from 2.4 to 9.0% and the accuracy was from 98.0 to 103% of the nominal value. The intraday precision (RSD%, n = 5) for plasma quality control (QC) samples varied from 2.0 to 5.3% and accuracy from 103 to 105% of the nominal value. The interday precision (RSD%) for 100 sets of plasma QC samples in 29 anal. runs varied from 6.3 to 9.0% and the accuracy from 98.8 to 104% of the nominal value. No significant difference was observed between the interday and intraday precision and accuracy of the QC samples.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(determination of MK-0431 in human plasma using high turbulence liquid chromatog.

online extraction and tandem mass spectrometry)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

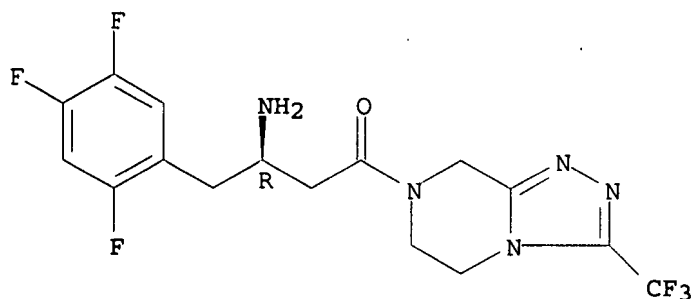
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

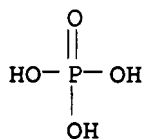
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 61 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:364868 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 144:382039

TI Combination of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a PDGF kinase inhibitor

IN Burkey, Bryan; Hughes, Thomas Edward

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006041976	A1	20060420	WO 2005-US35917	20051006
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,				

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

AU 2005294320 A1 20060420 AU 2005-294320 20051006

CA 2580266 A1 20060420 CA 2005-2580266 20051006

PRAI US 2004-617201P P 20041008

WO 2005-US35917 W 20051006

AB The present invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising (i) dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and (ii) at least one PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present invention furthermore relates to the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of a disease or condition selected from insulin resistance, impaired glucose metabolism (IGT), conditions of impaired glucose tolerance, conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, diabetes particularly type 1 or type 2 diabetes mellitus, obesity, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, cataracts, diabetic nephropathy, glomerulosclerosis, diabetic neuropathy, erectile dysfunction, premenstrual syndrome, coronary heart disease, hypertension, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, stroke, vascular restenosis, skin and connective tissue disorders, foot ulcerations and ulcerative colitis, endothelial dysfunction and impaired vascular compliance, and vascular events, cardiovascular morbidity or mortality associated with diabetes (e.g. type I or II) or IGT. For example, a combination comprises a PDGF receptor kinase inhibitor, i.e., [4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-methyl)-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-pyridin-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-yl-amino]phenyl]benzamide or 4-methyl-N-[3-(4-methylimidazol-1-yl)-5-trifluoromethylphenyl]-3-(4-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-2-yl-amino)benzamide (50, 100, 200, 300 or 400 mg) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a DPP-IV inhibitor (S)-1-[(3-hydroxy-1-adamantyl)amino]acetyl-2-cyanopyrrolidine (50, 100 or 150 mg) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

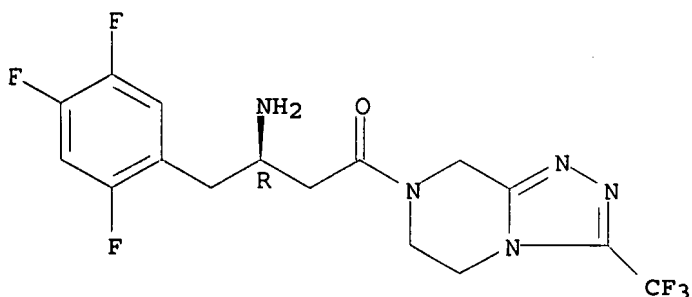
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (therapeutic uses of combination of DPP-IV inhibitor and PDGF kinase inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

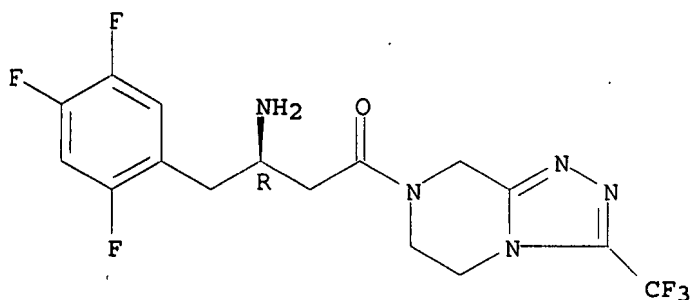


RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

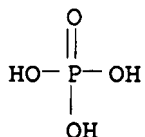
CRN 486460-32-6  
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
CMF H3 O4 P

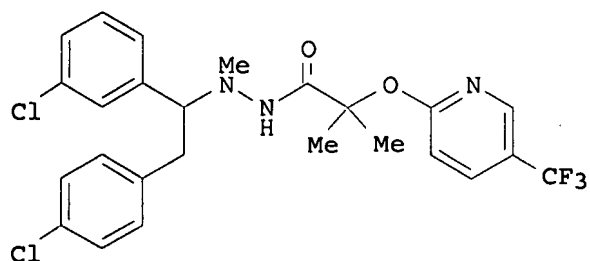
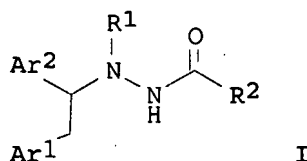


RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 62 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:361238 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 144:412373  
TI Acyclic hydrazides as cannabinoid receptor modulators  
IN Lin, Linus S.; Liu, Ping  
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006041797	A2	20060420	WO 2005-US35560	20051003
	WO 2006041797	A3	20060706		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,				

SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN,  
 YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 AU 2005294506 A1 20060420 AU 2005-294506 20051003  
 CA 2582588 A1 20060420 CA 2005-2582588 20051003  
 PRAI US 2004-616696P P 20041007  
 WO 2005-US35560 W 20051003  
 OS CASREACT 144:412373; MARPAT 144:412373  
 GI



AB The acyclic hydrazides I [R1 = H, C1-4-alkyl, C3-6-cycloalkyl, C2-4-alkenyl, C2-4-alkynyl; R2 = C1-10-alkyl, C2-10-alkenyl, C2-10-alkynyl, C3-10-cycloalkyl, (C3-10-cycloalkyl)-(C1-4-alkyl), cycloheteroalkyl, cycloheteroalkyl-(C1-4-alkyl), aryl, aryl-(C1-10-alkyl), aryl-(C2-8-alkenyl), diaryl-(C1-4-alkyl), heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C1-10-alkyl), NRcRd; Ar1, Ar2 = aryl, heteroaryl; Rc, Rd = H, C1-10-alkyl, C2-10-alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-(C1-10-alkyl), aryl, heteroaryl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, aryl-(C1-10-alkyl), heteroaryl-(C1-10-alkyl); NRcRd = 4- to 7-membered heterocyclic ring containing 0 - 2 addnl. heteroatoms selected from N, O, S] of the invention are antagonists and/or inverse agonists of the Cannabinoid-1 (CB1) receptor and are useful in the treatment, prevention and suppression of diseases mediated by the CB1 receptor. Thus, hydrazide II was prepared from 3-ClC6H4CHO via imination with MeNH2, Grignard reaction with 4-ClC6H4CH2MgCl, nitrosation with NaNO3 in CH2Cl2 containing N-chlorosuccinimide and PhCH2Et3N+Cl-, reduction with TiCl4/Mg in Et2O, and acylation with 2-methyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyloxy]propionic acid. The compds. of the present invention are useful as centrally acting drugs in the treatment of psychosis, memory deficits, cognitive disorders, migraine, neuropathy, neuro-inflammatory disorders including multiple sclerosis and Guillain-Barre syndrome and the inflammatory sequelae of viral encephalitis, cerebral vascular accidents, and head trauma, anxiety disorders, stress, epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, movement disorders, and schizophrenia. The compds. are also useful for the treatment of substance abuse disorders (including smoking cessation), the treatment of obesity or eating disorders, as well as the treatment of

asthma, constipation, chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction, and cirrhosis of the liver. Thus, I were tested for binding to cannabinoid receptor-1 [IC50 = 2µM].

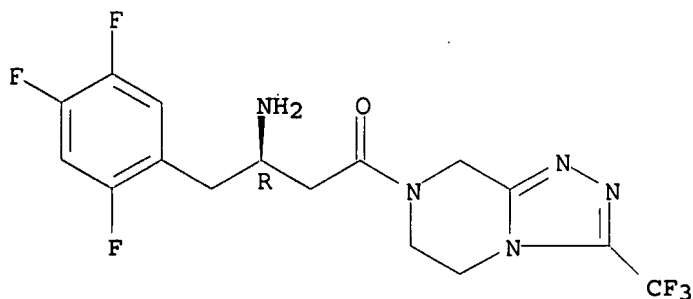
IT 486460-32-6

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(combination chemotherapy co-drug; hydrazides as cannabinoid receptor modulators)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 63 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:298857 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 144:338150

TI Amorphous form of a phosphoric acid salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor

IN Ferlita, Russell R.; Wenslow, Robert M.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006033848	A1	20060330	WO 2005-US32079	20050909
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

PRAI US 2004-610019P P 20040915

AB The present invention relates to a novel amorphous form of the dihydrogenphosphate salt of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine as well as a process for its preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing this novel form, and methods of use of the novel form and pharmaceutical compns. for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.

IT 654671-78-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(amorphous form of a phosphoric acid salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

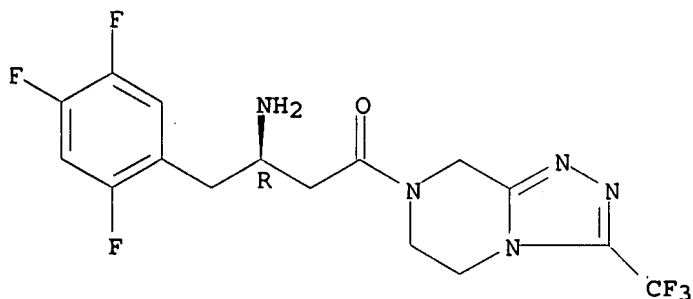
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

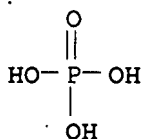
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 64 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:101593 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 144:171188

TI Preparation of glucopyranosyl-glucopyranosides and related compounds as  
α-amylase inhibitors

IN Izumi, Masanori; Okuno, Akira; Matsumura, Keiko

PA Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006011588	A1	20060202	WO 2005-JP13912	20050729

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

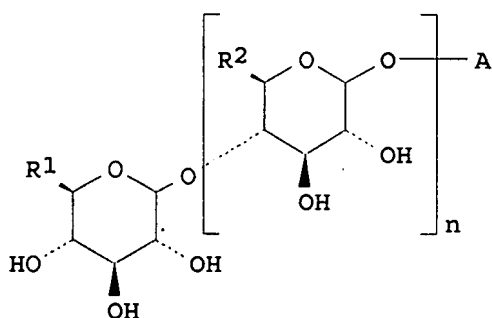
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

CA 2575521	A1	20060202	CA 2005-2575521	20050729
JP 2006063074	A	20060309	JP 2005-219763	20050729
EP 1792620	A1	20070606	EP 2005-767081	20050729

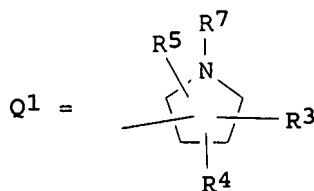
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRAI JP 2004-222419 A 20040729  
WO 2005-JP13912 W 20050729

OS MARPAT 144:171188  
GI



I



AB The present invention provided the preparation of compds. I [A = Q1, etc.; R1, R2 = alkyl, hydroxymethyl, alkoxyethyl, etc.; R3, R4, R5 = alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, etc.; R7 = alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, etc.; n = 1, 2] and medicaments with at least one drug selected from insulin sensitivity enhancers, insulin secretion accelerators, biguanides, insulin pharmaceuticals, and DPP-IV inhibitors. For example, (2R,3R,4R)-4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidin-3-yl 4-O-(6-deoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl)- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranoside (II) was prepared from D-maltose monohydrate in a multistep process. In  $\alpha$ -amylase inhibition assays, compound II exhibited the IC50 value of 0.7  $\mu$ g/mL. Compds. I are claimed useful for the treatment of diabetes.

IT 654671-78-0

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(medicaments with; preparation of glucopyranosyl-glucopyranosides and



related compds. as  $\alpha$ -amylase inhibitors for treatment of diabetes)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

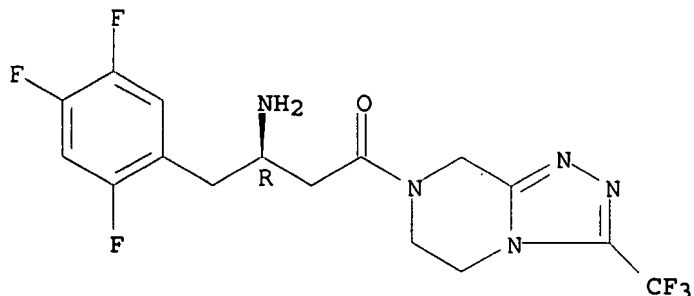
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

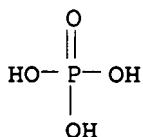
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 65 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:82491 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 145:1093

TI Glucagon-like peptide-1-based therapies for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

AU Gallwitz, Baptist

CS Department of Medicine, Eberhard-Karls-University, Tuebingen, Germany

SO Treatments in Endocrinology (2005), 4(6), 361-370

CODEN: TERNAN; ISSN: 1175-6349

PB Adis International Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review. The 'incretin effect' describes the phenomenon of an enhanced insulin response following oral ingestion of glucose compared with that after i.v. administration of glucose, leading to identical postprandial plasma glucose excursions. It accounts for up to 60% of the postprandial insulin secretion, but is diminished in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Gastrointestinal hormones that promote the incretin effect are

called incretins. Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) is an important incretin. Under hyperglycemic conditions in humans, it stimulates insulin secretion and normalizes blood glucose levels. GLP-1 does not stimulate insulin secretion at normal glucose levels; therefore, it does not cause hypoglycemia. Furthermore, it inhibits glucagon secretion and delays gastric emptying. In vitro and animal data have demonstrated that GLP-1 increases  $\beta$ -cell mass by stimulating islet cell neogenesis and by inhibiting the apoptosis of islet cells. The improvement of  $\beta$ -cell function due to GLP-1 can be indirectly observed from the increased insulin secretory capacity of humans receiving such treatment. GLP-1 may represent an attractive therapeutic method for patients with type 2 diabetes because of its multiple effects, including the stimulation of satiety in the CNS by acting as a transmitter or by crossing the blood brain barrier. Native GLP-1 is degraded rapidly upon i.v. or s.c. administration and is therefore not feasible for routine therapy. Long-acting GLP-1 analogs (e.g. liraglutide) and exendin-4 (exenatide) that are resistant to degradation, called 'incretin mimetics', are being investigated in clin. trials. Dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors (e.g. vildagliptin, sitagliptin, and saxagliptin) that inhibit the enzyme responsible for incretin degradation are also being studied.

IT 654671-78-0, Sitagliptin

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor sitagliptin that inhibit enzyme responsible for incretin degradation may prove useful therapeutic option for treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus in patient)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

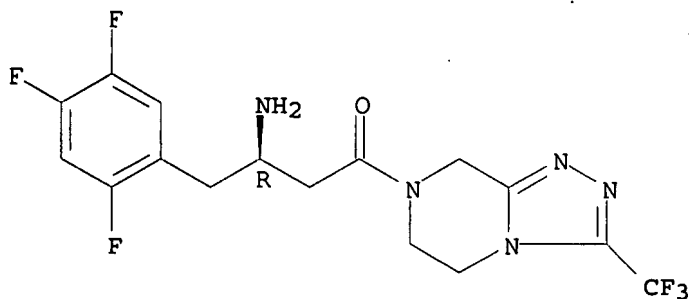
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

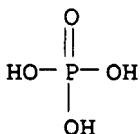
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 72 THERE ARE 72 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

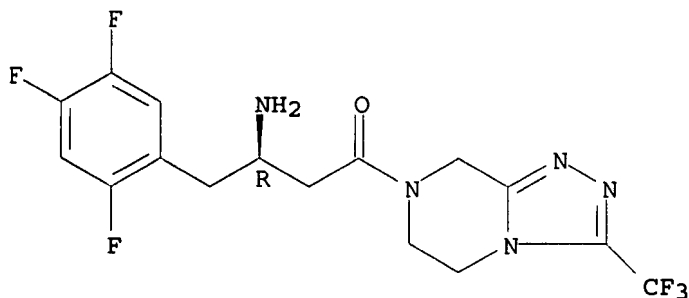
L4 ANSWER 66 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:64377 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 144:323953  
TI DPP-4 inhibitor: MK-0431  
AU Hojo, Minoru  
CS Clinical Development Institute, Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SO BIO Clinica (2006), 21(1), 73-76  
CODEN: BCILCY; ISSN: 0919-8237  
PB Hokuryukan  
DT Journal; General Review  
LA Japanese  
AB A review, discussing the action mechanism and clin. pharmacol. of the  
DPP-4 inhibitor, MK-0431 for treatment of type-2 diabetes.  
IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431  
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(action mechanism and clin. pharmacol. of the DPP-4 inhibitor, MK-0431  
for treatment of type-2 diabetes)  
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

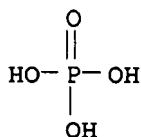
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 67 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2006:53972 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 144:121856  
 TI Combination of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitors and compounds  
 modulating 5-HT3 and/or 5-HT4 receptors for therapeutic use  
 IN Villhauer, Edwin Bernard  
 PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006005613	A1	20060119	WO 2005-EP7636	20050713
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

AU 2005261778	A1	20060119	AU 2005-261778	20050713
CA 2573209	A1	20060119	CA 2005-2573209	20050713
EP 1768664	A1	20070404	EP 2005-761596	20050713

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRAI US 2004-588011P P 20040714  
 WO 2005-EP7636 W 20050713

AB The invention discloses a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising of a DPP-IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and comprising at least one therapeutic agent selected from an agent interacting with a 5-HT3 receptor and/or an agent interacting with 5HT4 receptor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The invention furthermore discloses the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression, or treatment of diseases and disorders selected from selected from insulin resistance, impaired glucose metabolism, conditions of impaired glucose tolerance, conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, diabetes particularly type 2 diabetes mellitus, obesity, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, cataracts, diabetic nephropathy, glomerulosclerosis, diabetic neuropathy, erectile dysfunction, premenstrual syndrome, coronary heart disease, hypertension, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, stroke, vascular restenosis, skin and connective tissue disorders, foot ulceration's and ulcerative colitis, endothelial dysfunction and impaired vascular compliance, altered gastrointestinal motility, sensitivity and/or secretion disorder(s) which include, but are not limited to, heartburn, bloating, postoperative ileus, abdominal pain and discomfort, early satiety, epigastric pain, nausea, vomiting, burbulence, regurgitation, intestinal pseudoobstruction, anal incontinence, GERD, IBS, dyspepsia, chronic constipation or diarrhea, diabetic gastropathy, gastroparesis, e.g. diabetic gastroparesis, ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, ulcers and the visceral pain associated therewith.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor combination with compds. modulating 5-HT3 and/or 5-HT4 receptors for therapeutic use)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

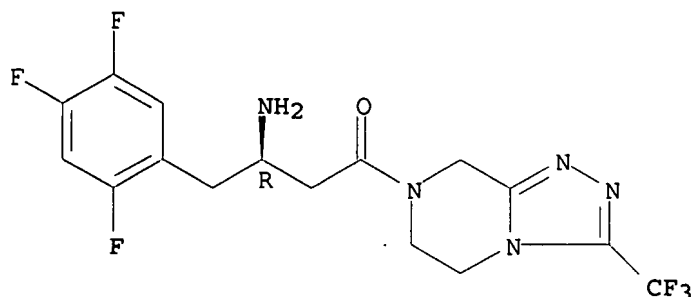
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

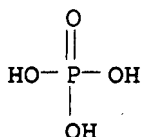
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 68 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:1302281 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 144:425470

TI Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of sitagliptin, an inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV, in healthy subjects: Results from two randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled studies with single oral doses

AU Herman, Gary A.; Stevens, Cathy; Van Dyck, Kristien; Bergman, Arthur; Yi, Bingming; De Smet, Marina; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanen, Michael; Tanaka, Wesley; Wang, Amy Q.; Zeng, Wei; Musson, Donald; Winchell, Gregory; Davies, Michael J.; Ramael, Steven; Gottesdiener, Keith M.; Wagner, John A.

CS Whitehouse Station, and SGS Biopharma, Merck & Co, Antwerp, Belg.

SO Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics (New York, NY, United States) (2005), 78(6), 675-688

CODEN: CLPTAT; ISSN: 0009-9236

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

AB Background: Sitagliptin (MK-0431 [(2R)-4-oxo-4-(3-[trifluoromethyl]-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7[8H]-yl)-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine]) is an orally active, potent, and selective

inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) currently in phase III development for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. Methods: Two double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, alternating-panel studies evaluated the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of single oral doses of sitagliptin (1.5-600 mg) in healthy male volunteers. Results: Sitagliptin was well absorbed (approx. 80% excreted unchanged in the urine) with an apparent terminal half-life ranging from 8 to 14 h. Renal clearance of sitagliptin averaged 388 mL/min and was largely uninfluenced by the dose administered. The area under the plasma concentration-time curve for sitagliptin increased in an approx. dose-dependent manner and was not meaningfully influenced by food. Single doses of sitagliptin markedly and dose-dependently inhibited plasma DPP-IV activity, with approx. 80% or greater inhibition of DPP-IV activity occurring at 50 mg or greater over a 12-h period and at 100 mg or greater over a 24-h period. Compared with placebo, sitagliptin produced an approx. 2-fold increase in postmeal active glucagon-like peptide 1 levels. Sitagliptin was well tolerated and was not associated with hypoglycemia. Conclusions: This study provides proof of pharmacol. characteristics for sitagliptin in humans. By inhibiting plasma DPP-IV activity, sitagliptin increases the postprandial rise in active glucagon-like peptide 1 concns. without causing hypoglycemia in normoglycemic healthy male volunteers. Sitagliptin possesses pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic characteristics that support a once-daily dosing regimen.

IT 654671-78-0, Sitagliptin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(single oral dose sitagliptin was well absorbed, tolerated increase plasma postprandial active glucagon-like peptide 1, inhibited dipeptidyl peptidase IV activity and did not cause adverse effect as hypoglycemia in normoglycemic human)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

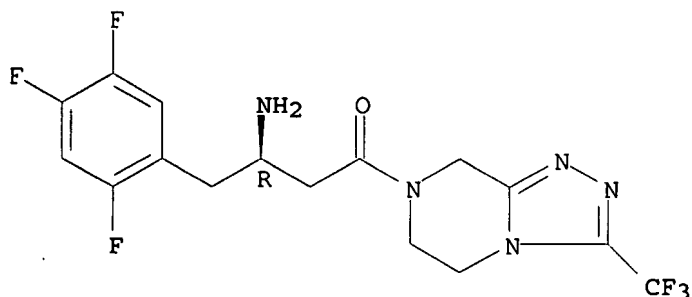
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

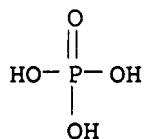
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 69 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:1290025 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 144:36329  
TI Thiazole compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy  
IN Epple, Robert; Cow, Christopher; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing; Russo, Ross; Azimioara, Mihai; Saez, Enrique  
PA IRM LLC, Bermuda  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 187 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005116000	A1	20051208	WO 2005-US18167	20050524
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2005247931	A1	20051208	AU 2005-247931	20050524
	CA 2563818	A1	20051208	CA 2005-2563818	20050524
	EP 1748993	A1	20070207	EP 2005-754130	20050524
	R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
	NO 2006005984	A	20070205	NO 2006-5984	20061222
PRAI	US 2004-574137P	P	20040524		
	US 2005-648985P	P	20050131		
	WO 2005-US18167	W	20050524		
OS	MARPAT 144:36329				
GI					

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to thiazole compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR $\delta$ . In compds. I, p is 0-3; L is selected from -XOX-, -XS(O)mX-, and -XS(O)mXO-, where m is 0-2 and X is a bond or (un)substituted C1-4 alkylene; R1 is selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 hydroxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C1-6 haloalkoxy, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, and (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl;

R2 is -XOXCO2R5 or -XCO2R5, where X is as defined previously and R5 is H or C1-6 alkyl; and R3 and R4 are independently selected from R6 and R6Y, where R6 is (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl, and Y is selected from C1-6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-6 alkynylene, -C(O)N(R5)-, and -OX-, where X and R5 are as defined previously, or R3 and R4, together with the atoms to which they are attached, form fused bi- or tricyclic C5-14 heteroaryl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Cyclocondensation of 2-bromo-4'-methoxyacetophenone with thioacetamide followed by bromination, demethylation, and alkylation with iso-Pr iodide gave bromothiazole II, which was brominated and substituted with phenol III (preparation in 3 steps from 4-hydroxy-3-methylacetophenone given) to give thiazole IV. Compound IV underwent Suzuki coupling with 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenylboronic acid and ester hydrolysis to give thiazole V. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC50 value for PPAR $\delta$  of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPAR $\delta$  over PPAR $\gamma$ .

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with PPAR $\delta$  activity)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

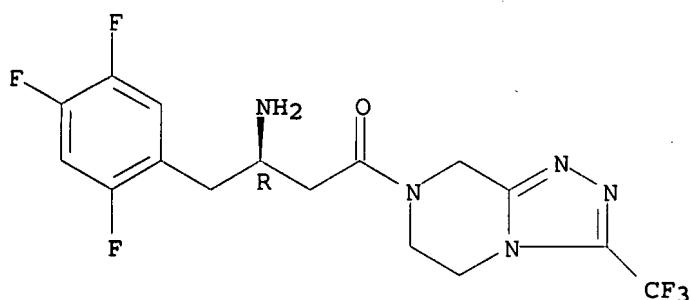
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

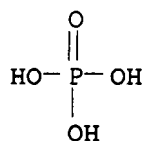


CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P





RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 70 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:1289979 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 144:36326  
TI Oxazole compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy  
IN Eppler, Robert; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing; Cow, Christopher; Russo, Ross  
PA IRM LLC, Bermuda  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005116016	A1	20051208	WO 2005-US18166	20050524
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2005247930	A1	20051208	AU 2005-247930	20050524
	CA 2563819	A1	20051208	CA 2005-2563819	20050524
	EP 1749003	A1	20070207	EP 2005-775612	20050524
	R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
	NO 2006005983	A	20070205	NO 2006-5983	20061222
PRAI	US 2004-574137P	P	20040524		
	US 2005-649671P	P	20050202		
	WO 2005-US18166	W	20050524		
OS	MARPAT 144:36326				
GI					

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to oxazole compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPARδ. In compds. I, p is 0-3; L is selected from -XOX-, -XS(O)mX-, and -XS(O)mXO-, where m is 0-2 and X is a bond or (un)substituted C1-4 alkylene; R1 is selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 hydroxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C1-6 haloalkoxy, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, and (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl; R2 is -XOXCO2R5 or -XCO2R5, where X is as defined previously and R5 is H

or C1-6 alkyl; and R3 and R4 are independently selected from R6 and R6Y, where R6 is (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl, and Y is selected from C1-6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-6 alkynylene, -C(O)N(R5)-, and -OX-, where X and R5 are as defined previously, or R3 and R4, together with the atoms to which they are attached, form fused bi- or tricyclic C5-14 heteroaryl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Diazotization of 4-(trifluoromethoxy)acetophenone followed by heterocyclization with acetonitrile, and bromination gave bromooxazole II, which was brominated and substituted with phenol III (preparation in 3 steps from 4-hydroxy-3-methylacetophenone given) to give oxazole IV. Compound IV underwent Suzuki coupling with 2-isopropoxy-pyridin-5-ylboronic acid (preparation from 2-chloro-5-bromopyridine given) and ester hydrolysis to give oxazole V. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC50 value for PPAR $\delta$  of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPAR $\delta$  over PPAR $\gamma$ .

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of oxazoles as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with PPAR $\delta$  activity)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

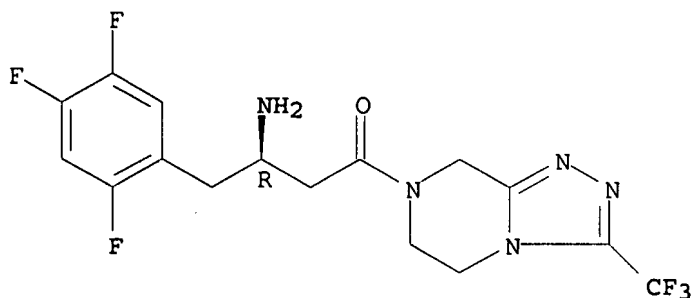
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

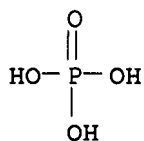
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 71 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:1262399 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 144:22712  
TI Triaryl compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy  
IN Epple, Robert; Azimioara, Mihai  
PA Irm LLC, Bermuda  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005113506	A1	20051201	WO 2005-US16747	20050513
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2005245418	A1	20051201	AU 2005-245418	20050513
	CA 2564365	A1	20051201	CA 2005-2564365	20050513
	EP 1756062	A1	20070228	EP 2005-751010	20050513
	R:				
	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
PRAI	US 2004-571004P	P	20040514		
	WO 2005-US16747	W	20050513		
OS	MARPAT 144:22712				
GI					

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to aryl compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR $\delta$ . In compds. I, m is 0-3; X, Y, and Z are independently selected from CH and N; L is (un)substituted (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>S(O)<sub>p</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, where each n is independently selected from 0-4 and p is 0-2; R1 and R2 are independently selected from (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl-A-, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl-A-, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl-A-, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl-A-, where A is a bond, C1-6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, or C2-6 alkynylene; R3 is selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 hydroxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C1-6 haloalkoxy, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl,

(un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, and (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl; and R4 is selected from (CH2)nO(CH2)nCO2R5 and (CH2)nCO2R5, where n is as defined previously and R5 is H or C1-6 alkyl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Substitution of Me bromoacetate with 4-hydroxy-3-methylacetophenone followed by Baeyer-Villiger oxidation and methanolysis gave phenoxyacetate II, which underwent substitution of 3,5-dibromobenzyl bromide to give dibromobenzyl ether III. Treatment of III with an excess of 4-trifluoromethylphenylboronic acid and ester hydrolysis resulted in the formation of terphenyl IV. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC50 value for PPARδ of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPARδ over PPARγ.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triaryl compds. as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with PPARδ activity)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

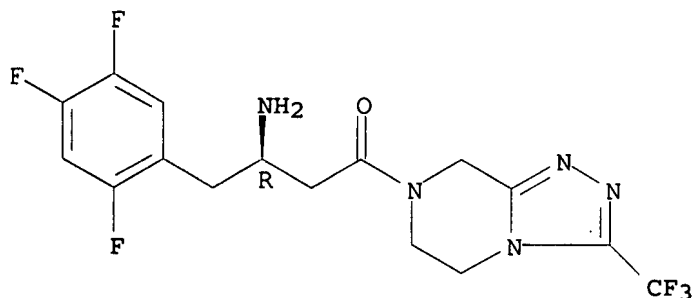
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

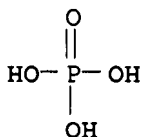
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 3

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

## ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 72 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:1259663 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 144:22911  
 TI Isoxazole compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy  
 IN Epple, Robert; Russo, Ross; Azimioara, Mihai; Xie, Yongping  
 PA IRM LLC, Bermuda  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005113519	A1	20051201	WO 2005-US16672	20050512
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2005245411	A1	20051201	AU 2005-245411	20050512
	CA 2564429	A1	20051201	CA 2005-2564429	20050512
	EP 1745027	A1	20070124	EP 2005-769154	20050512
	R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
PRAI	US 2004-571003P	P	20040514		
	WO 2005-US16672	W	20050512		
OS	MARPAT 144:22911				
GI					

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention relates to isoxazole compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR $\delta$ . In compds. I, R1 is selected from (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl; R2 is selected from (CH2) $n$ O(CH2) $n$ OR5, (CH2) $n$ OR5, CO2R5, C(O)N(R4)2, C(O)N(R4)(CH2) $n$ OR4, CO2(CH2) $n$ OR5, C(O)(CH2) $n$ OR5, C(O)N(R4)(CH2) $n$ OR5, C(O)N(R4)(R5), and C(O)N(R4)(CH2) $n$ R5, where n is 0-4, R4 is H or C1-6 alkyl, and R5 is C1-6 alkyl, C3-12 cycloalkyl, C3-8 heterocyclyl, C6-10 aryl, or C5-10 heteroaryl, or R4 and R5, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form C3-8 heterocyclyl or C5-10 heteroaryl; and R3 is selected from (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Esterification of 3-bromophenylacetic acid followed by

coupling with cyanide, reduction of the nitrile to an aldehyde, condensation with hydroxylamine, and chlorination gave chlorooxime II. N-Boc-2-bromoethylamine was substituted with 2,4-dichlorophenol followed by deprotection, amidation with Et benzoylacetate to give benzoylacetamide III, which underwent cyclocondensation with chlorooxime II and ester hydrolysis, resulting in the formation of isoxazole IV. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC50 value for PPARδ of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPARδ over PPARγ.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compds. and compns. as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with activity of PPAR families, particularly PPARδ)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

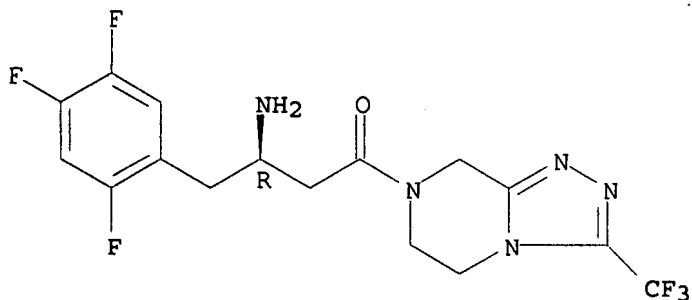
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

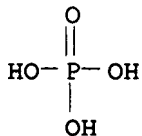
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 73 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:1123877 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

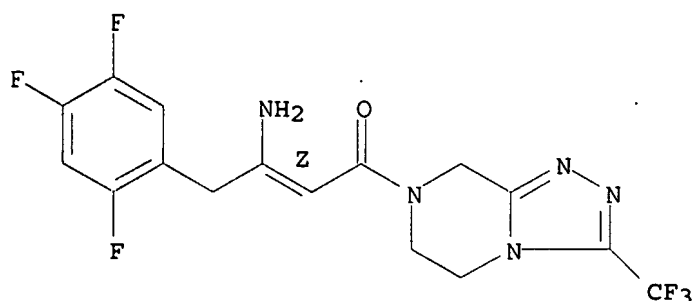
DN 143:387377

TI Process for the preparation of enantiomerically enriched β-amino acid derivatives

IN Xiao, Yi; Sun, Yongkui; Rosner, Thorsten; Rivera, Nelo R.; Krska, Shane W.; Clausen, Andrew M.; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Spindler, Felix; Malan, Christophe  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Solvias A.-G.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005097733	A1	20051020	WO 2005-US11585	20050405
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2005230693	A1	20051020	AU 2005-230693	20050405
	CA 2561973	A1	20051020	CA 2005-2561973	20050405
	EP 1735269	A1	20061227	EP 2005-732844	20050405
	R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
	CN 1972898	A	20070530	CN 2005-80010669	20050405
PRAI	US 2004-559514P	P	20040405		
	US 2005-646698P	P	20050124		
	WO 2005-US11585	W	20050405		
OS	MARPAT 143:387377				
AB	Enantiomerically-enriched $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. having unprotected amino group were prepared by enantioselective hydrogenation of an amine-unprotected prochiral $\beta$ -amino acrylic acid or derivative in the presence of a rhodium metal precursor complexed with a chiral mono- or bisphosphine ligand. The product chiral $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. are useful in the asym. synthesis of biol. active mols. Thus, hydrogenation of H <sub>2</sub> NCPH:CHCO <sub>2</sub> Me in the presence of [Rh(cod)Cl] <sub>2</sub> and a ferrocenyl bisphosphine ligand afforded 92% H <sub>2</sub> NCHPhCH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> Me.				
IT	767340-03-4P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of enantiomerically-enriched $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. by catalytic hydrogenation of $\beta$ -amino acrylic acids)				
RN	767340-03-4 CAPLUS				
CN	1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Double bond geometry as shown.



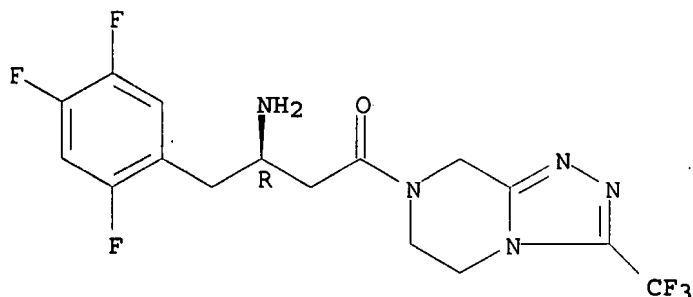
IT 486460-32-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of enantiomerically-enriched  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. by  
catalytic hydrogenation of  $\beta$ -amino acrylic acids)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 74 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:1080535 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 143:432008

TI Structure-Based Virtual Screening for Low Molecular Weight Chemical  
Starting Points for Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors

AU Ward, Richard A.; Perkins, Tim D. J.; Stafford, Jackie

CS Cancer Discovery, AstraZeneca, Macclesfield /Cheshire, SK10 4TG, UK

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 48(22), 6991-6996

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Structure-based virtual screening was performed against the target  
dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) to identify good chemical starting points  
for medicinal chemical. A database of available compds. was filtered by  
calculated phys. properties and undesired chemical. This database was matched  
against two inhouse designed DPP-IV pharmacophores, and the hits from  
these pharmacophore searches were docked into a DPP-IV crystal structure.  
Compds. were then selected for testing and 51 active compds. were  
identified from a list of 4000 compds. tested. These had activities  
ranging from 30% to 82% when tested at a concentration of 30  $\mu$ M in an enzyme  
inhibition assay.

IT 486460-32-6



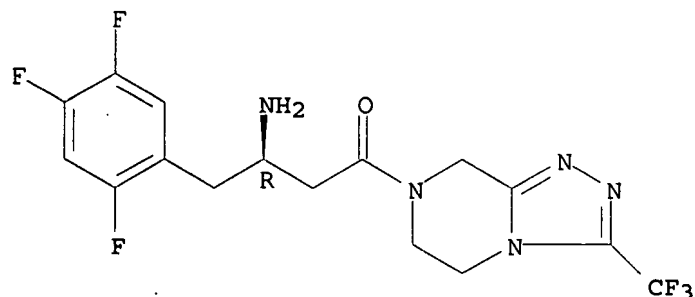
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(structure-based screening for low mol. weight chemical starting points for  
dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 75 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:1050865 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 143:347172

TI Preparation of imidazoles as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase.

IN Schilling, Stephan; Buchholz, Mirko; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Heiser,  
Ulrich; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich

PA Probiodrug Ag, Germany

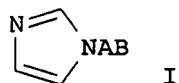
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 53 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 838,993.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2005215573	A1	20050929	US 2005-51760	20050204
	US 2004224875	A1	20041111	US 2004-838993	20040505
PRAI	US 2004-542133P	P	20040205		
	US 2004-838993	A2	20040505		
	US 2004-634364P	P	20041208		
	US 2003-468014P	P	20030505		
OS	CASREACT 143:347172; MARPAT 143:347172				
GI					



AB Title compds. [I; A = (Ph-, cycloalkyl-interrupted) alkylene, alkenylene,  
alkynylene; B = NHC(:X)NHD, C(:X)NHD, C(:X)SD, etc.; D = alkyl, alkenyl,  
alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, acyl, heterocyclyl, etc.; X = O, S, imino,  
(substituted) CH2], with specific exceptions, were prepared Thus,  
3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl isothiocyanate and 3-(1H-imidazol-1-  
yl)propylamine were refluxed together for 2 h in EtOH to give 51.3%

1-[3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)thiourea. The latter showed an IC50 = 0.22 µM for inhibition of glutaminyl cyclase. Peptide inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV were also prepared

IT 654671-78-0, MK431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(combination therapy; preparation of imidazoles as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

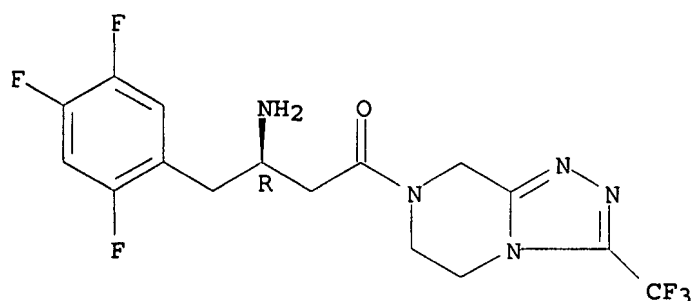
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

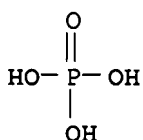
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 76 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:962041 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 143:242034

TI DPP-IV inhibitors for neurodegenerative and cognitive disorders

IN Hughes, Thomas Edward

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005079795	A2	20050901	WO 2005-EP1729	20050218
	WO 2005079795	A3	20051110		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2005215136 A1 20050901 AU 2005-215136 20050218  
 CA 2555399 A1 20050901 CA 2005-2555399 20050218  
 EP 1732550 A2 20061220 EP 2005-707520 20050218

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

CN 1921856 A 20070228 CN 2005-80005568 20050218

PRAI US 2004-546229P P 20040220

US 2004-607902P P 20040908

WO 2005-EP1729 W 20050218

AB The invention relates to the use of a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (DPP-IV inhibitor) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the prevention, delay of progression or the treatment of neurodegenerative disorders, cognitive disorders and for improving memory (both short term and long term) and learning ability.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (DPP-IV inhibitors for neurodegenerative and cognitive disorders)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

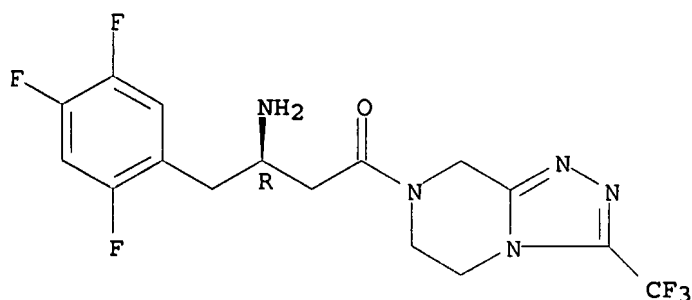
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

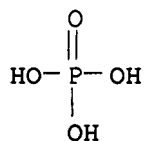
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

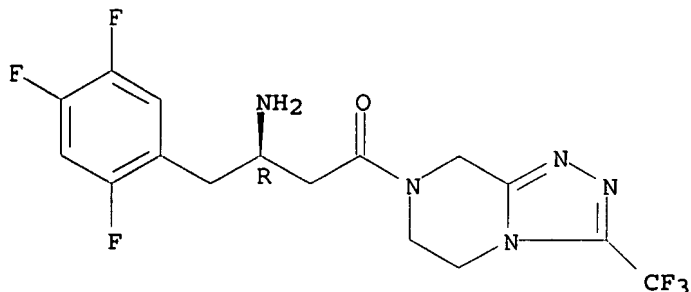
CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 77 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:945302 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 143:422325  
 TI First Generation Process for the Preparation of the DPP-IV Inhibitor Sitagliptin  
 AU Hansen, Karl B.; Balsells, Jaume; Dreher, Spencer; Hsiao, Yi; Kubryk, Michele; Palucki, Michael; Rivera, Nelo; Steinhuebel, Dietrich; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Askin, David; Grabowski, Edward J. J.  
 CS Department of Process Research, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA  
 SO Organic Process Research & Development (2005), 9(5), 634-639  
 CODEN: OPRDFK; ISSN: 1083-6160  
 PB American Chemical Society  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 143:422325  
 AB A new synthesis of sitagliptin (MK-0431), a DPP-IV inhibitor and potential new treatment for type II diabetes, suitable for the preparation of multi-kilogram quantities is presented. The triazolopyrazine fragment of sitagliptin was prepared in 26% yield over four chemical steps using a synthetic strategy similar to the medicinal chemical synthesis. Key process developments were made in the first step of this sequence, the addition of hydrazine to chloropyrazine, to ensure its safe operation on a large scale. The beta-amino acid fragment of sitagliptin was prepared by asym. reduction of the corresponding beta-ketoester followed by a two-step elaboration to an N-benzyloxy beta-lactam. Hydrolysis of the lactam followed by direct coupling to the triazolopiperazine afforded sitagliptin after cleavage of the N-benzyloxy group and salt formation. The overall yield was 52% over eight steps.  
 IT 654671-78-0P, Sitagliptin  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (first generation process for preparation of DPP-IV inhibitor sitagliptin)  
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

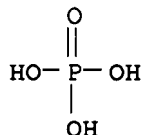
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

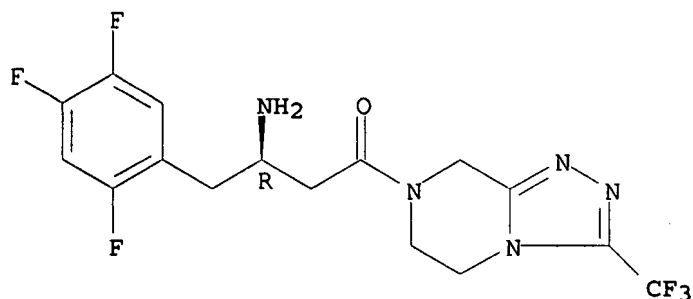
CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



IT 486460-32-6P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(first generation process for preparation of DPP-IV inhibitor sitagliptin using free base as synthetic intermediate)  
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 78 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:823672 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 143:229851  
TI Preparation of imidazolyl thiourea derivatives as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase  
IN Schilling, Stephan; Buchholz, Mirko; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich; Heiser, Ulrich  
PA Probiodrug A.-G., Germany  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 122 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005075436	A2	20050818	WO 2005-EP1153	20050204
	WO 2005075436	A3	20051208		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

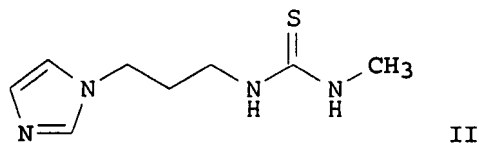
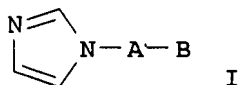
US 2004224875	A1	20041111	US 2004-838993	20040505
AU 2005210004	A1	20050818	AU 2005-210004	20050204
CA 2554809	A1	20050818	CA 2005-2554809	20050204
EP 1713780	A2	20061025	EP 2005-707206	20050204

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

CN 1918131	A	20070221	CN 2005-80004289	20050204
IN 2006KN02139	A	20070518	IN 2006-KN2139	20060728

PRAI US 2004-542133P	P	20040205
US 2004-838993	A	20040505
US 2004-634364P	P	20041208
US 2003-468014P	P	20030505
WO 2005-EP1153	W	20050204

OS MARPAT 143:229851  
 GI



AB Title compds. I [A = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; B = substituted thiourea, urea, amide, etc.] and their pharmaceutical acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by coupling of 1H-imidazole-1-propanamine with the corresponding isothiocyanate. The inhibitory activity of I towards DP IV was evaluated using chromogenic enzyme assay and it was revealed that selected compds. of the invention displayed Ki values in the range of 0.06 up to 204.5  $\mu$ M. I as glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors should prove useful in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease, depression and dementia. Pharmaceutical compns. comprising I are disclosed.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-431

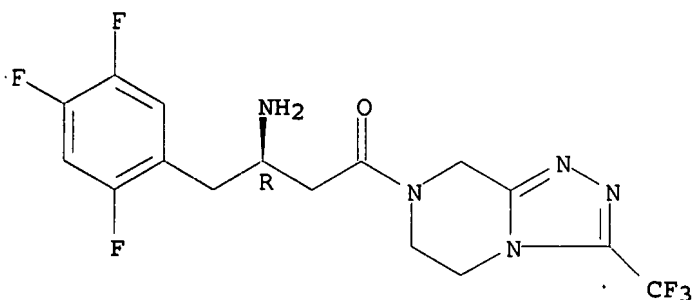
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (claimed co-drugs; preparation of imidazolyl thiourea derivs. as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

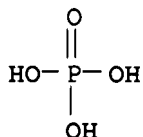
CRN 486460-32-6  
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
CMF H3 O4 P

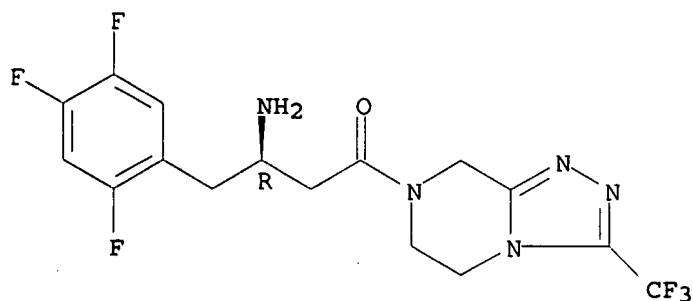


L4 ANSWER 79 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:729507 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 143:216652  
TI Novel crystalline salts of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor  
IN Ferlita, Russell R.; Hansen, Karl; Vydra, Vicky K.; Wang, Yaling;  
Lindemann, Christopher M.  
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005072530	A1	20050811	WO 2005-US951	20050112
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	EP 1708571	A1	20061011	EP 2005-705553	20050112
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				

IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS  
 PRAI US 2004-537073P P 20040116  
 WO 2005-US951 W 20050112  
 AB Novel crystalline salts of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I) are potent inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and are useful for the treatment of non-insulin dependent (type 2) diabetes mellitus. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compns. containing these novel salts, processes to prepare these salts and their pharmaceutical compns. as well as uses thereof for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. The procedure for preparing I is given.  
 IT 486460-32-6P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)  
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

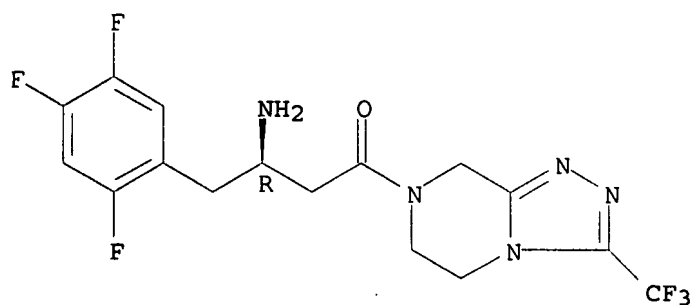
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 862156-86-3P 862156-87-4P 862156-90-9P  
 862156-92-1P 862156-93-2P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)  
 RN 862156-86-3 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monobenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

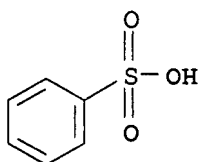




CM 2

CRN 98-11-3

CMF C6 H6 O3 S



RN 862156-87-4 CAPLUS

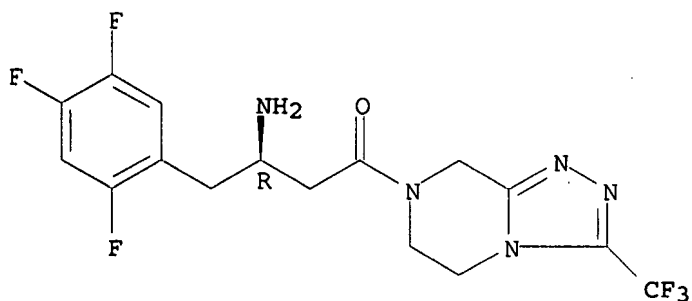
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, mono(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

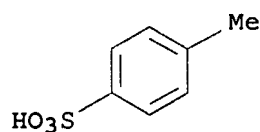
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 104-15-4

CMF C7 H8 O3 S



RN 862156-90-9 CAPLUS

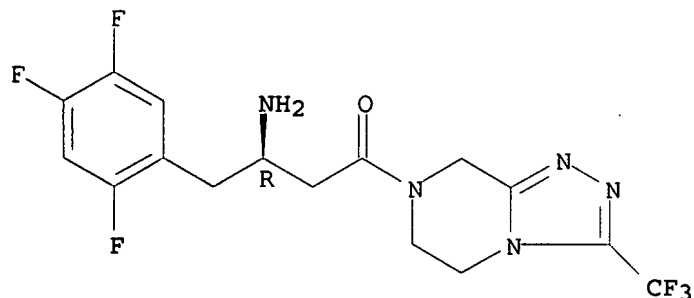
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-methanesulfonic acid, 7,7-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (1S,4R)-, compd. with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

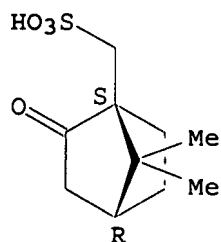


CM 2

CRN 3144-16-9

CMF C10 H16 O4 S

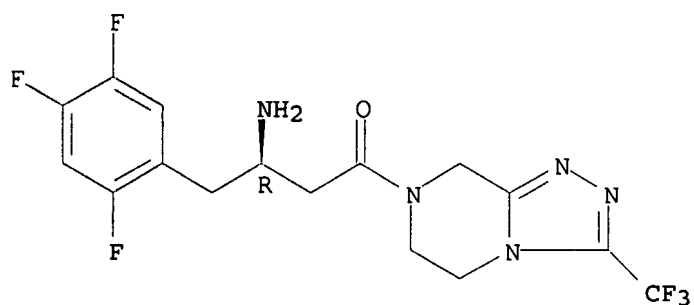
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 862156-92-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

● H<sub>2</sub>O

RN 862156-93-2 CAPLUS

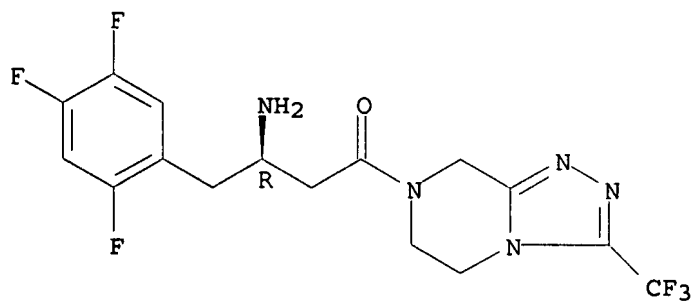
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate, hydrate (2:2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

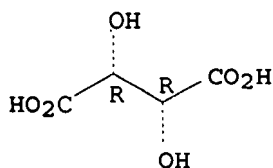


CM 2

CRN 87-69-4

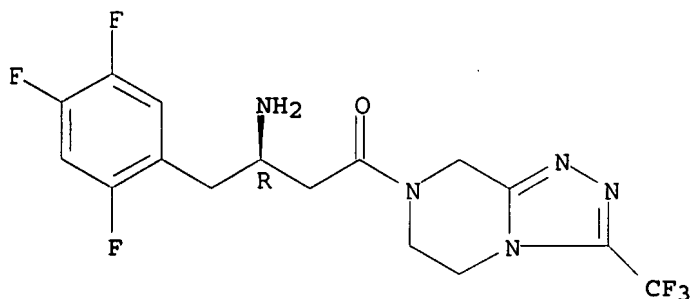
CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 486459-71-6 862156-85-2 862156-88-5  
 862156-89-6 862156-91-0  
 RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)  
 RN 486459-71-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-  
 trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-,  
 monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

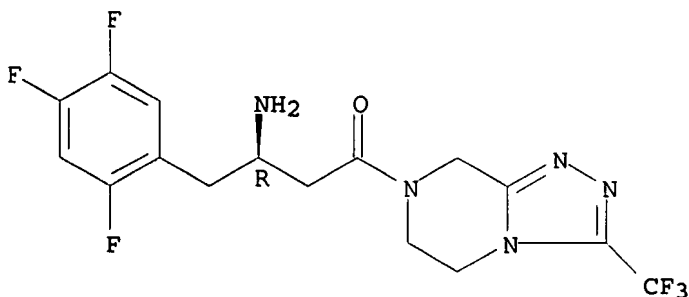
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

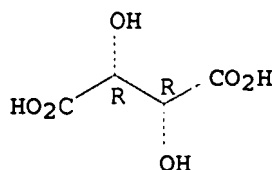
RN 862156-85-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-  
 trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-,  
 (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2  
 CRN 87-69-4  
 CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



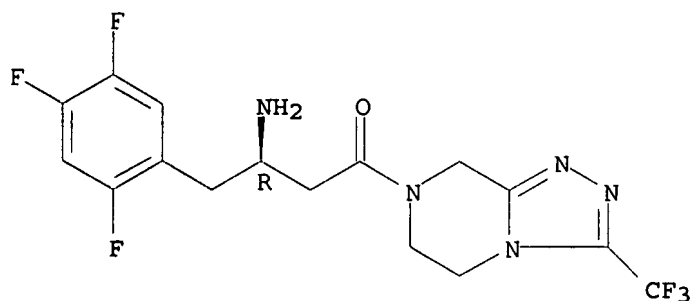
RN 862156-88-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-methanesulfonic acid, 7,7-dimethyl-2-oxo-, compd.  
 with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-  
 tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

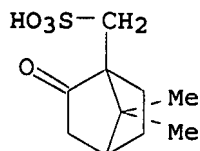
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 5872-08-2

CMF C10 H16 O4 S



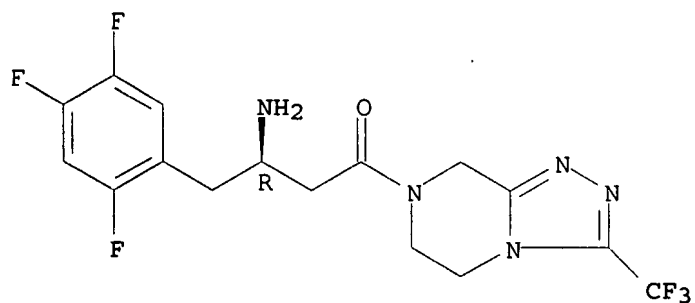
RN 862156-89-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-  
 trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-,  
 (2S,3S)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

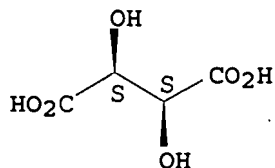


CM 2

CRN 147-71-7

CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 862156-91-0 CAPLUS

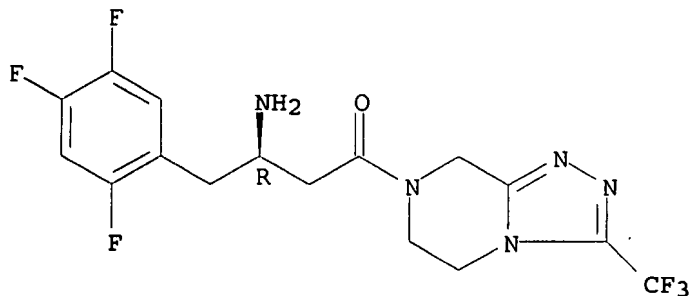
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-methanesulfonic acid, 7,7-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (1R,4S)-, compd. with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

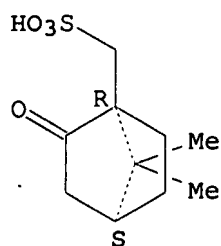


CM 2

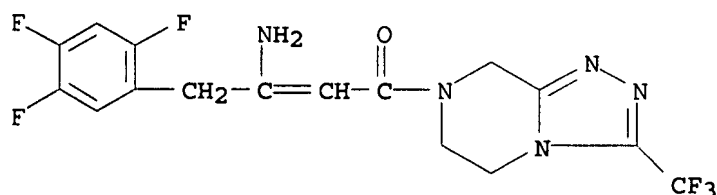
CRN 35963-20-3

CMF C10 H16 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 847445-81-2P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)  
(crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)  
RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX  
NAME)



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 80 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:696517 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 143:186770  
TI Glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors optionally combined with other agents for  
the treatment of neuronal disorders  
IN Schulz, Ingo; Schilling, Stephan; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Heiser,  
Ulrich; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich; Rossner, Steffen  
PA Probiobdrug AG, Germany  
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 976,677.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2005171112	A1	20050804	US 2004-2169	20041202
	US 2005137142	A1	20050623	US 2004-976677	20041029
	US 2006100253	A1	20060511	US 2005-290735	20051130
	WO 2006058720	A2	20060608	WO 2005-EP12765	20051130
	WO 2006058720	A3	20060727		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,  
KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,  
MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,  
SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,

VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,  
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,  
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2003-516717P P 20031103  
 US 2004-976677 A2 20041029  
 US 2004-2169 A2 20041202  
 US 2005-684137P P 20050524

OS MARPAT 143:186770

AB The invention provides a method for the treatment of neuronal disorders in a mammal, e.g. a human, which comprises administering an effective, nontoxic and pharmaceutically acceptable amount of at least one glutaminyl cyclase inhibitor, optionally in combination with at least one agent selected from prolyl endopeptidase inhibitors, LiCl, inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV/DP IV-like enzymes, NPY-receptor ligands, NPY agonists, NPY antagonists, acetylcholinesterase inhibitors, protein isoaspartate carboxymethyl transferase enhancers, inhibitors of  $\beta$ -secretases, inhibitors of  $\gamma$ -secretases and inhibitors of neutral endopeptidase, to a mammal in need thereof.

IT 654671-78-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors optionally combined with other agents for treatment of neuronal disorders)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

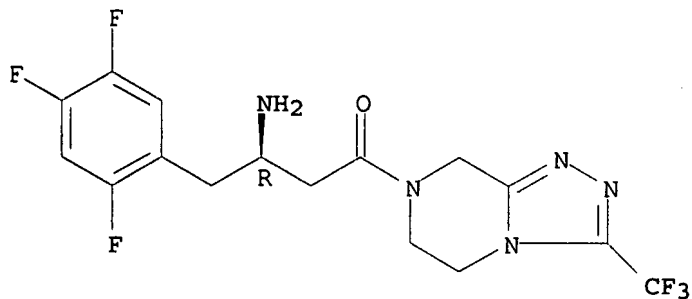
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

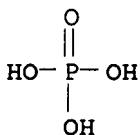
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P

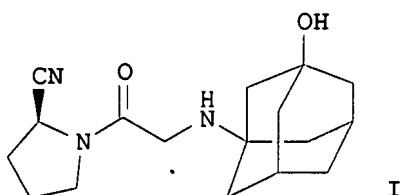




L4 ANSWER 81 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:673144 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 143:179590  
 TI Direct compression formulation for dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors  
 IN Kowalski, James; Parthiban, Lakshman Jayanth; Patel, Arun P.  
 PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005067976	A2	20050728	WO 2005-EP400	20050117
	WO 2005067976	A3	20061116		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM			
	RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 2005205055	A1	20050728	AU 2005-205055	20050117
	CA 2552569	A1	20050728	CA 2005-2552569	20050117
	EP 1715893	A2	20061102	EP 2005-700976	20050117
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU			
	NO 2006003739	A	20061020	NO 2006-3739	20060821
PRAI	US 2004-537706P	P	20040120		
	US 2004-604274P	P	20040825		
	WO 2005-EP400	W	20050117		

GI



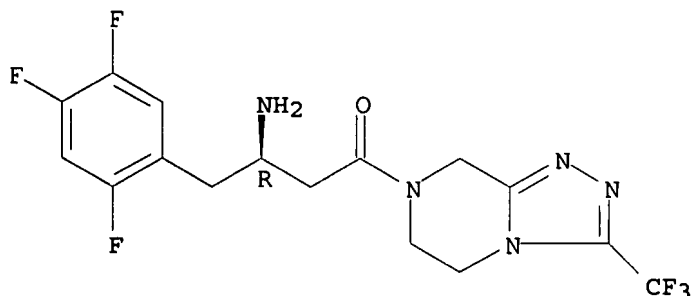
AB Dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor (referred to as DPP-IV) that may be 98.5-100% pure is a high-dose drug capable of being directly compressed with specific excipients into solid form dosage forms, such as tablets and capsules having desired, hardness, disintegrating ability and acceptable dissoln. characteristics. DPP-IV is not inherently compressible and thus presents formulation problems. Excipients used in the formulation enhance the flow and compaction properties of the drug and tableting mix. Optimal flow contributes to uniform die fill and weight control. The binder used ensures sufficient cohesive properties that allow DPP-IV to be compressed using the direct compression method. The tablets produced provide an acceptable in vitro dissoln. profile. A composition contained LAF 237 (I), cellulose, lactose, Na starch glycolate, and Mg stearate.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (direct compression formulation for dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors)  
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

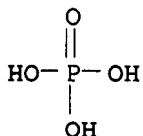
CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
 CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 82 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:571490 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 144:192453  
 TI MK-0431 : agent for type 2 diabetes and dipeptidyl-peptidase IV (CD26)  
 inhibitor  
 AU Sorbera, L. A.; Castaner, J.  
 CS Prous Science, Barcelona, 08080, Spain  
 SO Drugs of the Future (2005), 30(4), 337-343  
 CODEN: DRFUD4; ISSN: 0377-8282  
 PB Prous Science  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA English  
 AB A review. The incretin hormone glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1, GLP-1[7-36]amide) plays a crucial role in the regulation of insulin by acting on the pancreas to potentiate glucose-induced insulin secretion. GLP-1 also beneficially slows gastric emptying, reduces appetite and restores  $\beta$ -cell function, and has been the subject of research efforts to develop agents for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. However, GLP-1 has an extremely short half-life and is not suitable for therapeutic

use. It is rapidly hydrolyzed by the circulating enzyme dipeptidyl-peptidase IV (DPP-IV), which cleaves the mol. at the N-terminal, giving rise to the inactive truncated fragment GLP-1(9-36)amide. On the other hand, administration of a DPP-IV inhibitor could enhance the half-life of GLP-1 and could therefore produce the same pleiotropic effects as exogenously administered GLP-1 or GLP-1 analogs. Thus, one of the newer targets for the treatment of diabetes is the serine protease DPP-IV. MK-0431 (Ono-5435) is a novel, potent, orally active  $\beta$ -amino acid-derived DPP-IV inhibitor that has exhibited good pharmacokinetics in mice, rats, dogs and monkeys and was chosen for further development as a treatment for type 2 diabetes. It has been shown to be effective in insulin-resistant mice and mice with diet-induced obesity, and was safe and effective in patients with type 2 diabetes. The agent has reached phase III development as a treatment for this condition.

IT 654671-78-0P, MK 0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(chemical, pharmacol., pharmacokinetics, and clin. studies of MK-0431 as agent for type 2 diabetes and dipeptidyl-peptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

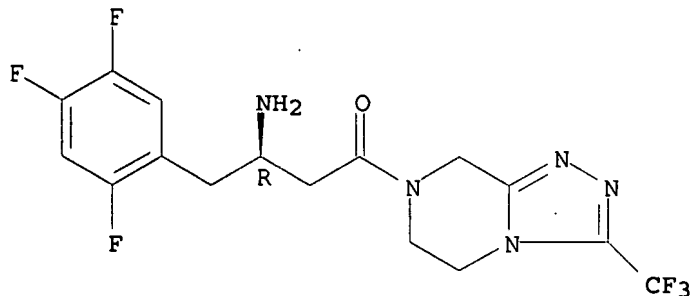
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

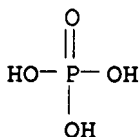
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 83 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:493507 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 143:43869  
 TI Preparation of nitrogen containing bicyclic pyridine-based derivatives as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase  
 IN O'Connor, Stephen P.; Robl, Jeffrey; Ahmad, Saleem; Bisaha, Sharon; Murugesan, Natesan; Ngu, Khehyong; Shi, Yan; Stein, Philip D.; Soundararajan, Nachimuthu; Natalie, Kenneth J., Jr.; Kolla, Laxma R.; Sausker, Justin; Quinlan, Sandra L.; Fan, Junying; Petsch, Dejah; Guo, Zhenrong  
 PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 193 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005051386	A1	20050609	WO 2004-US39051	20041119
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 2005171140	A1	20050804	US 2004-989138	20041115
	EP 1684754	A1	20060802	EP 2004-811719	20041119
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR, IS, YU				
PRAI	US 2003-523546P	P	20031120		
	US 2004-989138	A	20041115		
	WO 2004-US39051	W	20041119		
OS	MARPAT 143:43869				
GI					

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Title compds. I [Het = 5- to 8-membered ring including at least one nitrogen atom with provisions; n = 0-1; R1 and R2 independently = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R3 = H, aryl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R4 and R5 independently = H, alkyl; X = -CR6R7-CR6aR7a-, -CR6=CR7-; R6, R7, R6a and R7a independently = H, alkyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by cyclization of Et 2-amino-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-isopropyl-5-methoxycarbonyl-3-pyridinepropanoate (preparation given) followed by a reduction/sulfonylation/reduction sequence to give [4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-isopropyl-8-methanesulfonyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,8]naphthyridin-3-yl]-methanol (III). III was oxidized to the resp. aldehyde and coupled with 1,1-dimethylethyl(4R,6S)-2,2-dimethyl-6-(1-phenyl-1H-tetrazole-5-sulfonylmethyl)-[1,3]dioxan-4-yl-acetate followed by ring opening to give II. I should display activity as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase (no data given). I as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase inhibitors should prove useful in the treatment of, but not limited to, hyperlipidemia, dyslipidemia, and atherosclerosis. Pharmaceutical compns. comprising I

are disclosed.

IT 654671-78-0, MK 431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(claimed co-drug; preparation of nitrogen-containing bicyclic pyridine-based  
derivs. as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

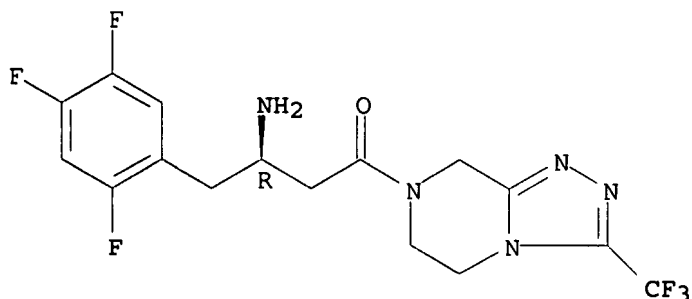
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

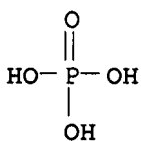
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 84 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:471999 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 143:13357

TI Combinations containing DPP IV inhibitors for treatment of obesity-related disorders

IN Holmes, David Grenville

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005049088	A2	20050602	WO 2004-EP12989	20041116

WO 2005049088 A3 20051229

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2004290896 A1 20050602 AU 2004-290896 20041116

CA 2545514 A1 20050602 CA 2004-2545514 20041116

EP 1687030 A2 20060809 EP 2004-797931 20041116

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

BR 2004016627 A 20070116 BR 2004-16627 20041116

CN 1901938 A 20070124 CN 2004-80040087 20041116

JP 2007511486 T 20070510 JP 2006-538824 20041116

PRAI US 2003-520564P P 20031117

WO 2004-EP12989 W 20041116

AB The present invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising a dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and an antiobesity agent, or an appetite regulating agent, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present invention furthermore relates to the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of diseases and disorders selected from the group consisting of hypertension, congestive heart failure, left ventricular hypertrophy, peripheral arterial disease, diabetes, especially type 2 diabetes mellitus, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, cataract, diabetic nephropathy, glomerulosclerosis, chronic renal failure, diabetic neuropathy, syndrome X, premenstrual syndrome, coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, thrombosis, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, transient ischemic attacks, stroke, vascular restenosis, hyperglycemia, hyperinsulinemia, hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, insulin resistance, impaired glucose metabolism, conditions of impaired glucose tolerance, conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, obesity, erectile dysfunction, skin and connective tissue disorders, foot ulcerations and ulcerative colitis, endothelial dysfunction and impaired vascular compliance. For example, synergistic effects can be observed with the combination therapy of the DPP IV inhibitor LAF237 (10  $\mu$ mole/kg) and an antiobesity agent (10 mg/kg) given orally for 3 wk on body weight, OGTT Glucose or insulin Excursions, and Plasma fibrinogen in rats.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (comps. containing DPP IV inhibitors for treatment of obesity-related disorders)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

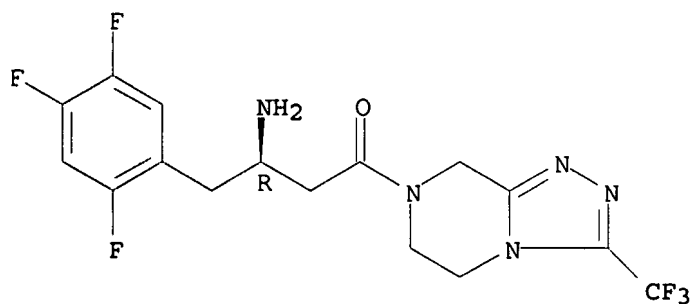
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

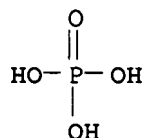
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L4 ANSWER 85 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:471952 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 143:20035

TI Combinations useful for the treatment of neuronal disorders

IN Schulz, Ingo; Schilling, Stephan; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich; Rossner, Steffen

PA Probiobdrug A.G., Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 123 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005049027	A2	20050602	WO 2004-EP12301	20041029
	WO 2005049027	A3	20060112		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2004290499	A1	20050602	AU 2004-290499	20041029
	CA 2544573	A1	20050602	CA 2004-2544573	20041029
	EP 1680120	A2	20060719	EP 2004-791058	20041029
	R:				
	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR				
	JP 2007509898	T	20070419	JP 2006-537220	20041029
	IN 2006KN01290	A	20070427	IN 2006-KN1290	20060516

PRAI US 2003-516717P P 20031103  
WO 2004-EP12301 W 20041029

OS MARPAT 143:20035

AB The present invention provides a method for the treatment of neuronal disorders, in a mammal such as a human, which method comprises administering an effective, non-toxic and pharmaceutically acceptable amount of at least one glutaminyl cyclase (QC)-inhibitor, optionally in combination with at least one agent, selected from the group consisting of prolyl endopeptidase inhibitor (PEP)-inhibitors, inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DP IV)/DP IV-like enzymes, NPY-receptor ligands, NPY agonists, NPY antagonists, acetylcholinesterase (ACE)-inhibitors, protein isoaspartate carboxymethyl transferase (PIMT) enhancers, inhibitors of  $\beta$ -secretases, inhibitors of  $\gamma$ -secretases and inhibitors of neutral endopeptidase, to a mammal in need thereof.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor; treatment of neuronal disorders using glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors in combination with other agents)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

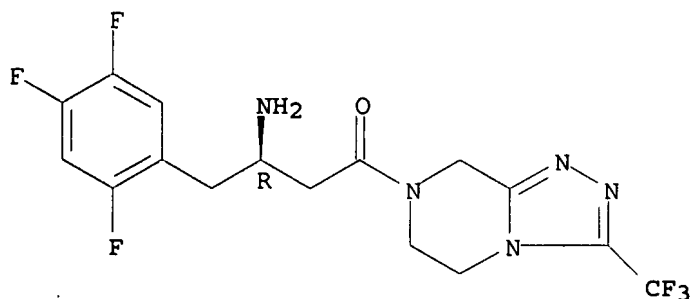
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

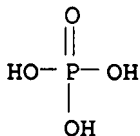
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P

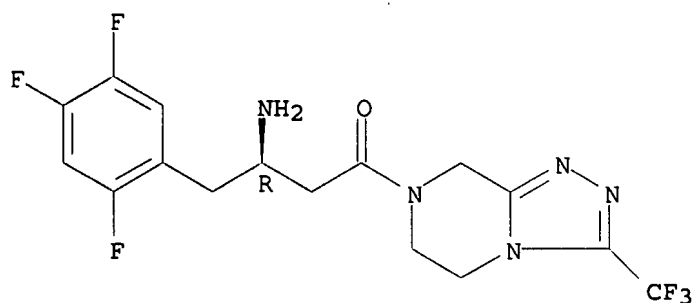




TI Use of organic compounds  
 IN Pratley, Richard; Foley, James E.; Hughes, Thomas Edward  
 PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005049022	A2	20050602	WO 2004-EP12990	20041116
	WO 2005049022	A3	20050721		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2004290897	A1	20050602	AU 2004-290897	20041116
	CA 2545641	A1	20050602	CA 2004-2545641	20041116
	EP 1686994	A2	20060809	EP 2004-797932	20041116
	R:				
	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS				
	BR 2004016628	A	20070116	BR 2004-16628	20041116
	CN 1905876	A	20070131	CN 2004-80040508	20041116
	JP 2007511487	T	20070510	JP 2006-538825	20041116
PRAI	US 2003-520562P	P	20031117		
	US 2003-520563P	P	20031117		
	US 2004-547191P	P	20040224		
	US 2004-547192P	P	20040224		
	WO 2004-EP12990	W	20041116		
AB	Disclosed is the use of a Dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (DPP-IV inhibitor), preferably (S)-1-[(3-hydroxy-1-adamantyl)amino]acetyl-2-cyano-pyrrolidine or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the treatment of cardiovascular diseases or damages, renal diseases or damages, heart failure, or heart failure associated diseases.				
IT	654671-78-0, MK-0431				
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DPP-IV inhibitors for treatment of cardiovascular and renal diseases)				
RN	654671-78-0 CAPLUS				
CN	1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)				
CM	1				
CRN	486460-32-6				
CMF	C16 H15 F6 N5 O				

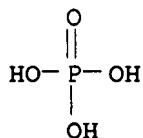
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



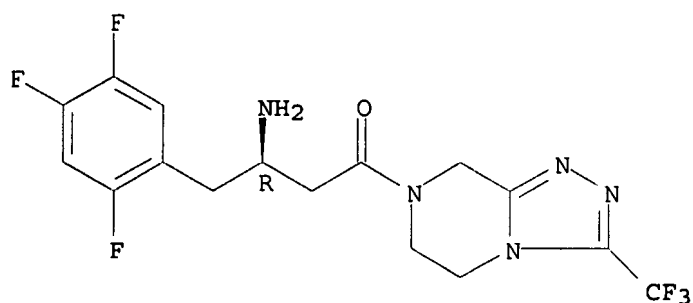
L4 ANSWER 87 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:419335 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 143:125519  
 TI MK-431 Merck  
 AU Deacon, Carolyn F.  
 CS Department of Medical Physiology Panum Institute, University of  
 Copenhagen, Copenhagen N, DK-2200, Den.  
 SO Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs (Thomson Scientific) (2005),  
 6(4), 419-426  
 CODEN: COIDAZ; ISSN: 1472-4472  
 PB Thomson Scientific  
 DT Journal; General Review  
 LA English  
 AB A review. Merck & Co is developing MK-431, the lead from a series of  
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors that enhance endogenous glucagon-like  
 peptide-1 levels, for the potential treatment of type 2 diabetes. Phase  
 III studies were initiated in the second quarter of 2004.  
 IT 654671-78-0, MK 431  
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of  
 action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (MK-431 for potential treatment of type 2 diabetic patients)  
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

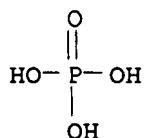
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
CMF H3 O4 P



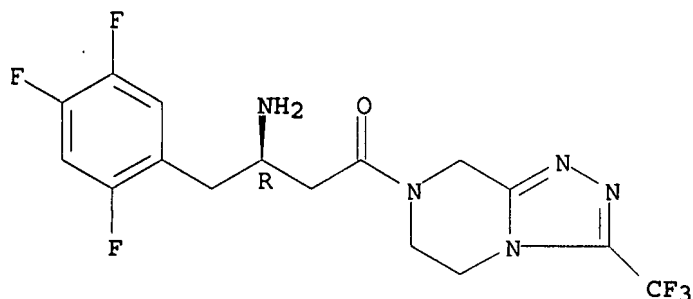
RE.CNT 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 88 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2005:405417 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 142:469248  
TI Pharmaceutical compositions for enhanced absorption  
IN Wong, Patrick S. L.; Yan, Dong  
PA Alza Corporation, USA; Guittard, George V.  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 92 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005041925	A2	20050512	WO 2004-US36040	20041029
	WO 2005041925	A3	20050929		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,				
	CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,				
	GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,				
	LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,				
	NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,				
	TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,				
	AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,				
	EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,				
	SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,				
	SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2004285533	A1	20050512	AU 2004-285533	20041029
	CA 2543238	A1	20050512	CA 2004-2543238	20041029
	US 2005158374	A1	20050721	US 2004-978141	20041029
	US 2005163848	A1	20050728	US 2004-978136	20041029
	US 2005163849	A1	20050728	US 2004-978137	20041029
	US 2005163841	A1	20050728	US 2004-978138	20041029

US 2005165102	A1	20050728	US 2004-978139	20041029
US 2006094782	A9	20060504		
US 2005163850	A1	20050728	US 2004-978252	20041029
EP 1677757	A2	20060712	EP 2004-810118	20041029
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
CN 1901881	A	20070124	CN 2004-80039649	20041029
JP 2007509973	T	20070419	JP 2006-538323	20041029
IN 2006KN01135	A	20070427	IN 2006-KN1135	20060502
NO 2006002504	A	20060721	NO 2006-2504	20060531
PRAI US 2003-516259P	P	20031031		
US 2003-519509P	P	20031112		
WO 2004-US36040	W	20041029		
AB	Disclosed is controlled delivery of pharmaceutical agents and methods, dosage forms and devices therefore. In particular, formulation, dosage forms, methods and devices for enhanced absorption and controlled delivery drug compds. are disclosed. Thus, metformin laurate was prepared and put into a dosage form containing PEG, PVP and Mg stearate.			
IT 486460-32-6	RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical compns. for enhanced absorption)			
RN 486460-32-6	CAPLUS			
CN	1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)			

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 89 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:300188 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 142:360851  
 TI Novel crystalline form of a phosphate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor  
 IN Chen, Alex M.; Wenslow, Robert M.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005030127	A2	20050407	WO 2004-US30434	20040917
	WO 2005030127	A3	20050526		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,				

TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,  
 AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
 EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,  
 SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,  
 SN, TD, TG

EP 1667524 A2 20060614 EP 2004-784324 20040917

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK

US 2007021430 A1 20070125 US 2006-570409 20060303

PRAI US 2003-505118P P 20030923

WO 2004-US30434 W 20040917

AB The present invention relates to a novel crystalline anhydrate polymorph of the dihydrogen phosphate salt of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine as well as a process for their preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing this form, and methods of use of the form for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.

IT 654671-77-9P 654671-78-0P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(crystalline form of phosphate salt of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-77-9 CAPLUS

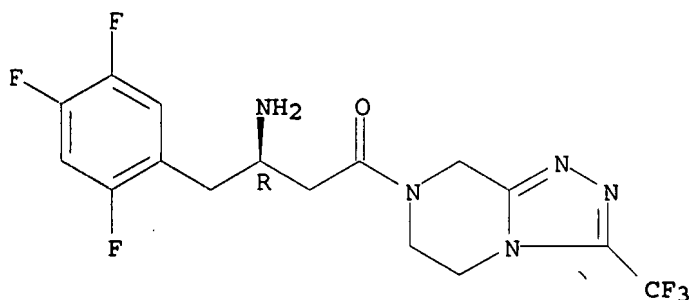
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate, hydrate (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

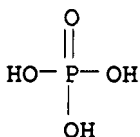
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

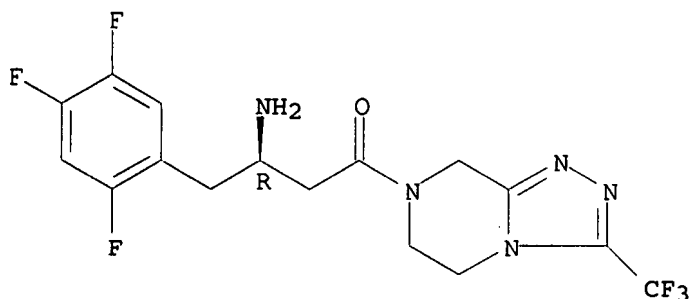
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

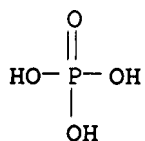
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



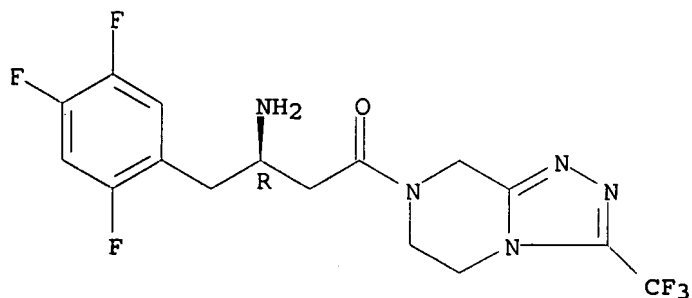
IT 486460-32-6P

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
(crystalline form of phosphate salt of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

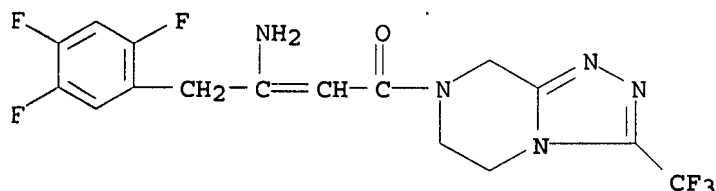
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

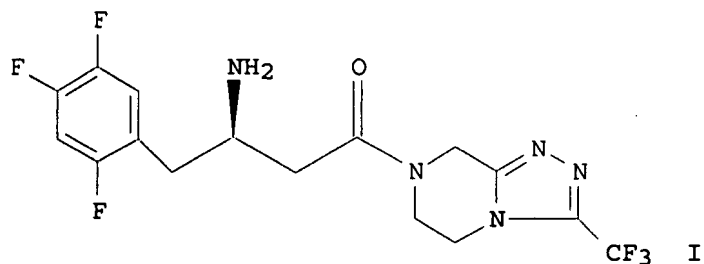


IT 847445-81-2P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (crystalline form of phosphate salt of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)  
 RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
 triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX  
 NAME)



L4 ANSWER 90 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2005:216618 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 142:303604  
 TI Novel crystal forms of a dihydrogen phosphate salt of a triazolopyrazine  
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor  
 IN Wenslow, Robert M.; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Chen, Alex M.; Cypes,  
 Stephen; Ferlita, Russell R.; Hansen, Karl; Lindemann, Christopher M.;  
 Spartalis, Evangelia  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005020920	A2	20050310	WO 2004-US27983	20040827
	WO 2005020920	A3	20050428		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 2004268024	A1	20050310	AU 2004-268024	20040827
	CA 2536251	A1	20050310	CA 2004-2536251	20040827
	EP 1662876	A2	20060607	EP 2004-782460	20040827
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK			
	CN 1845674	A	20061011	CN 2004-80025043	20040827
	JP 2007504230	T	20070301	JP 2006-525371	20040827
	US 2006287528	A1	20061221	US 2006-569566	20060227
PRAI	US 2003-499629P	P	20030902		
	WO 2004-US27983	W	20040827		
OS	CASREACT 142:303604				
GI					



AB The present invention relates to crystalline anhydrate polymorphs of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3- $\alpha$ ]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine dihydrogen phosphate salt (I) as well as a process for their preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing these novel forms, and methods of use of the novel forms and pharmaceutical compns. for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.

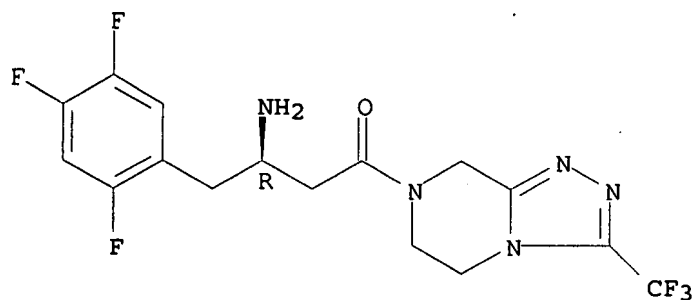
IT 486460-32-6P 654671-78-0P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(crystal forms of a triazolopyrazine dihydrogen phosphate salt dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- $\alpha$ ]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- $\alpha$ ]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

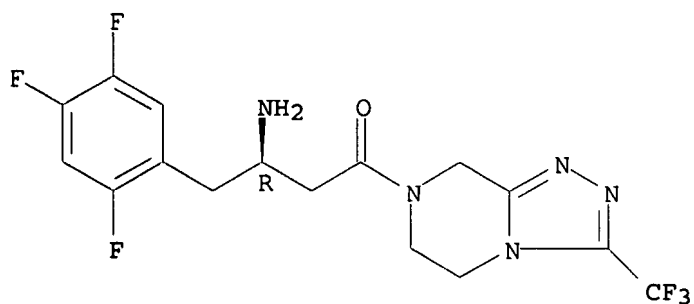
CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

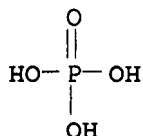




CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



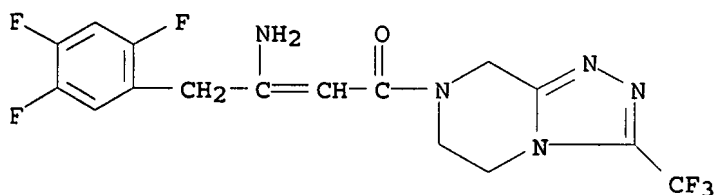
IT 847445-81-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(crystal forms of a triazolopyrazine dihydrogen phosphate salt dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 847445-75-4 847445-76-5 847445-77-6

847445-78-7 847445-79-8 847445-80-1

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (crystal forms of a triazolopyrazine dihydrogen phosphate salt dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 847445-75-4 CAPLUS

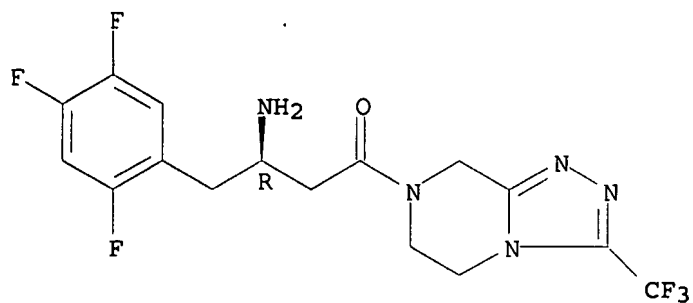
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with 2-propanone (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

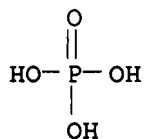
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

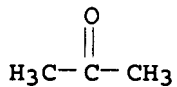
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 67-64-1

CMF C3 H6 O



RN 847445-76-5 CAPLUS

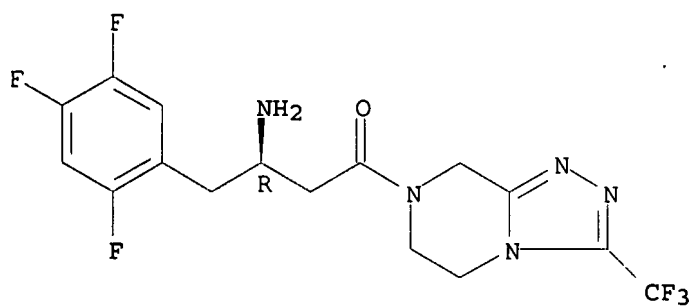
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with acetonitrile (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

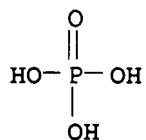
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

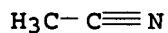
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 75-05-8

CMF C2 H3 N



RN 847445-77-6 CAPLUS

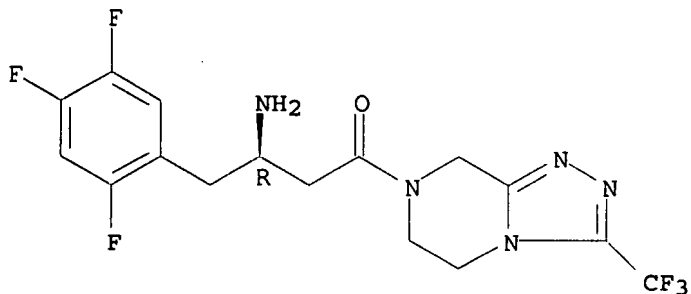
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with methanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

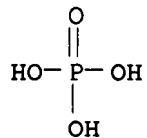
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

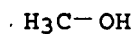
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 67-56-1

CMF C H4 O



RN 847445-78-7 CAPLUS

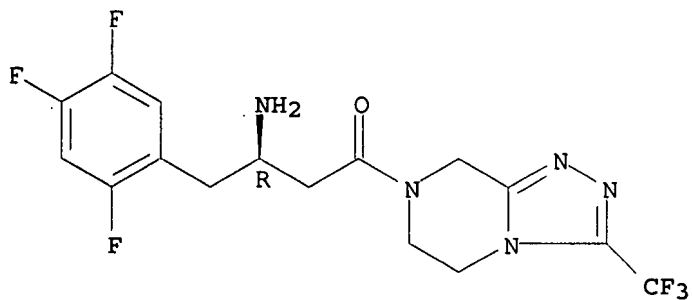
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with ethanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

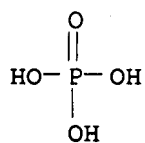
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

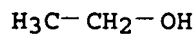
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 64-17-5

CMF C2 H6 O



RN 847445-79-8 CAPLUS

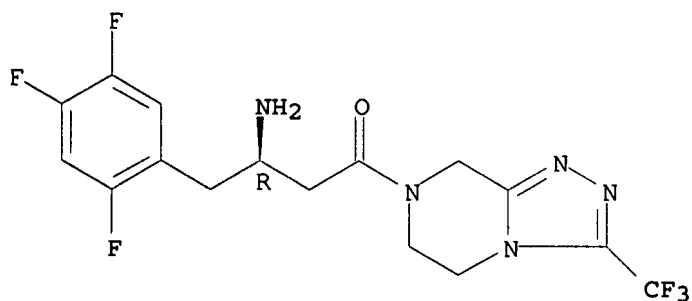
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with 1-propanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

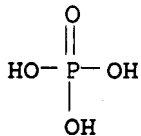
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

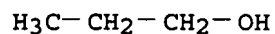
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 71-23-8

CMF C3 H8 O



RN 847445-80-1 CAPLUS

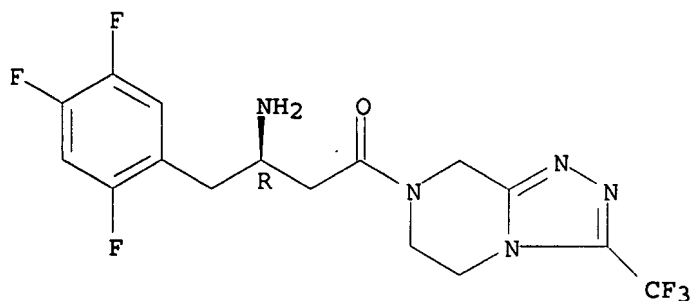
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with 2-propanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

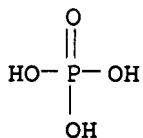
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

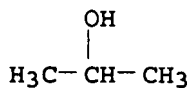
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 3

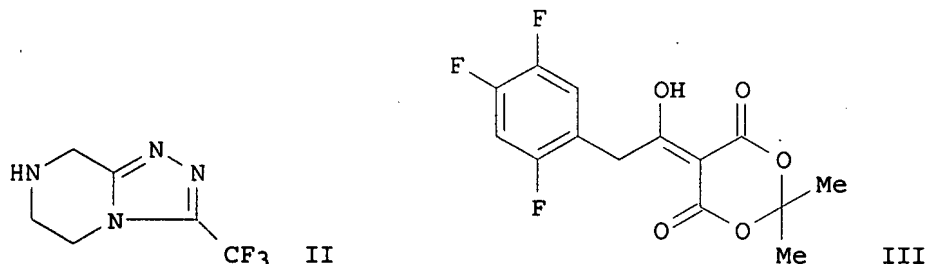
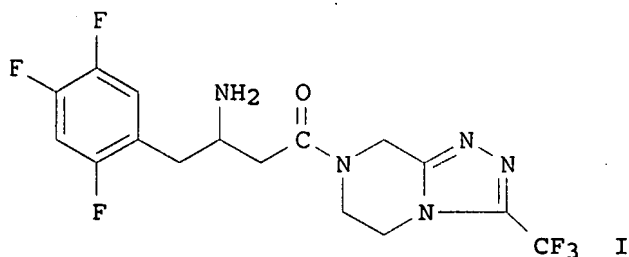
CRN 67-63-0

CMF C3 H8 O



DN 142:114455  
 TI Preparation of phosphoric acid salt of a  $\beta$ -amino acid amide  
 dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and its monohydrate  
 IN Cypes, Stephen Howard; Chen, Alex Minhua; Ferlita, Russell R.; Hansen,  
 Karl; Lee, Ivan; Vydra, Vicky K.; Wenslow, Robert M., Jr.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2005003135	A1	20050113	WO 2004-US19683	20040618
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2004253889	A1	20050113	AU 2004-253889	20040618
	CA 2529400	A1	20050113	CA 2004-2529400	20040618
	EP 1654263	A1	20060510	EP 2004-755691	20040618
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR				
	JP 2006516268	T	20060629	JP 2005-518292	20040618
	BR 2004011726	A	20060808	BR 2004-11726	20040618
	CN 1832949	A	20060913	CN 2004-80017544	20040618
	US 2005032804	A1	20050210	US 2004-874992	20040623
	NO 2006000362	A	20060323	NO 2006-362	20060123
PRAI	US 2003-482161P	P	20030624		
GI	WO 2004-US19683	W	20040618		



AB The invention is related to the preparation of dihydrogenphosphate salt of 4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I•H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) which is a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and therefore useful for the prevention and/or treatment of type 2 diabetes. The invention also relates to the preparation of hydrates, in particular a crystalline monohydrate of

the dihydrogenphosphate salt I, its pharmaceutical compns., and methods of use for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.

Thus, treating II•HCl (preparation given) with III (preparation given), followed

by reaction with NH<sub>4</sub>OAc in MeOH, and hydrogenation gave amine (R)-I.

Reaction of amine (R)-I with 85% aqueous H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and recrystn. from isopropanol/water gave (R)-I•H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>•H<sub>2</sub>O.

IT 654671-77-9P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine dihydrogen phosphate monohydrate

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(DPPIV inhibitor; preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 654671-77-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate, hydrate (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

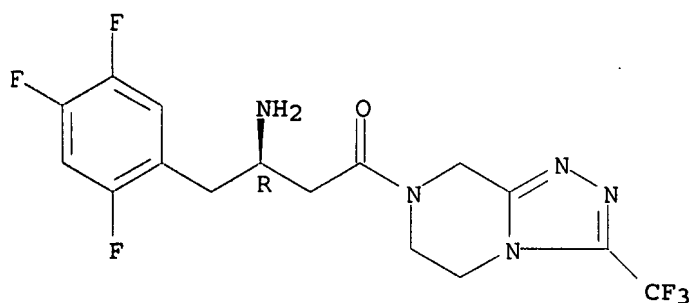
CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

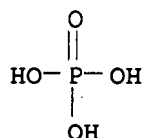




CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



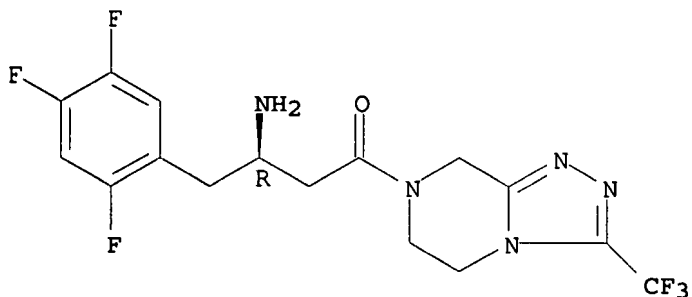
IT 486460-32-6P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine 767340-03-4P, (2Z)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-2-amine  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

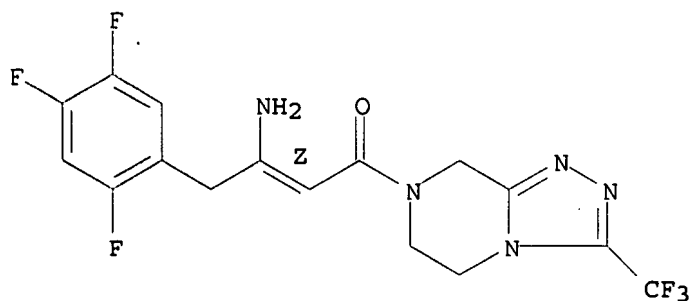
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 654671-78-0P 823817-57-8P 823817-58-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

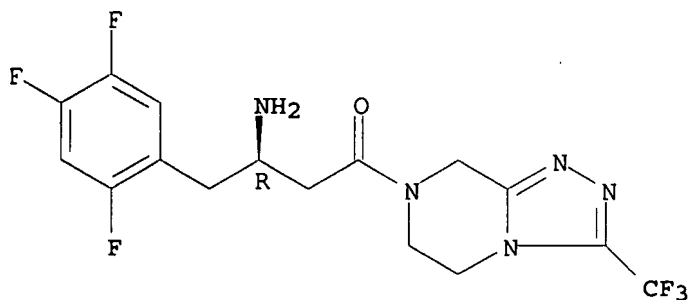
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

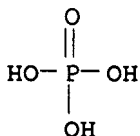
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RN 823817-57-8 CAPLUS

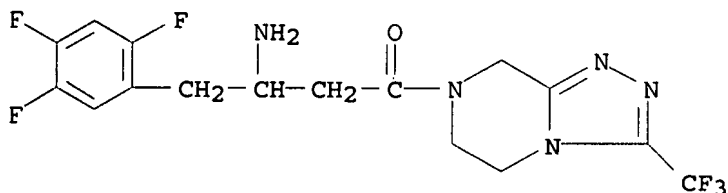
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-

trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate  
(1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 823817-56-7

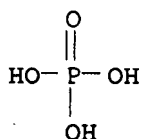
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RN 823817-58-9 CAPLUS

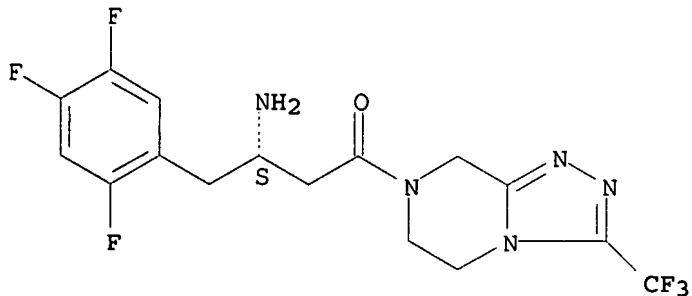
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate  
(1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 823817-55-6

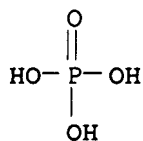
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2



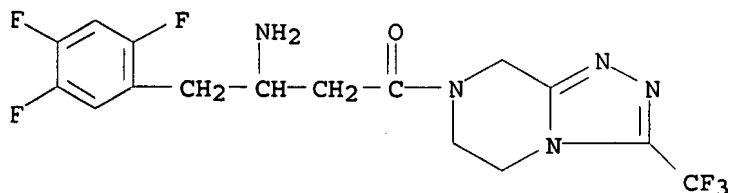
IT 823817-56-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 823817-56-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 823817-55-6P

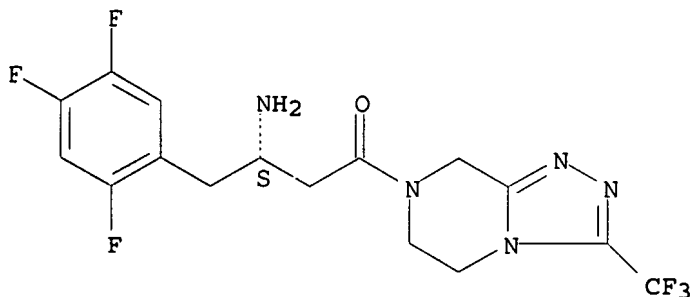
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 823817-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 92 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:1124587 CAPLUS &lt;&lt;LOGINID::20070612&gt;&gt;

DN 142:69188

TI Combination therapy for the treatment of diabetes

IN Erondur, Ngozi E.; Fong, Tung M.; MacNeil, Douglas J.; Van Der Ploeg,

Leonardus H. T.; Kanatani, Akio

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004110375	A2	20041223	WO 2004-US17291	20040602
	WO 2004110375	A3	20050512		
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	RW:				
	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	EP 1635832	A2	20060322	EP 2004-753999	20040602
	R:				
	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
	US 2007099884	A1	20070503	US 2005-559206	20051202
PRAI	US 2003-476388P	P	20030606		
	WO 2004-US17291	W	20040602		

OS MARPAT 142:69188

AB The present invention relates to compns. comprising an anti-obesity agent and an anti-diabetic agent useful for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes associated with obesity and diabetes-related disorders. The present invention further relates to methods of treating or preventing obesity, and obesity-related disorders, in a subject in need thereof by administering a composition of the present invention. The present invention further provides for pharmaceutical compns., medicaments, and kits useful in carrying out these methods.

IT 486459-82-9 486459-83-0 486459-84-1  
486459-85-2 486459-88-5 486459-89-6  
486459-97-6 486460-31-5 486460-32-6  
487064-52-8 487064-54-0

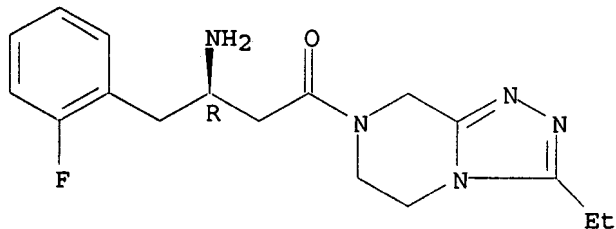
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor; combination therapy of diabetes and diabetes-related disorders using antiobesity agent and antidiabetic agent and other agents)

RN 486459-82-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

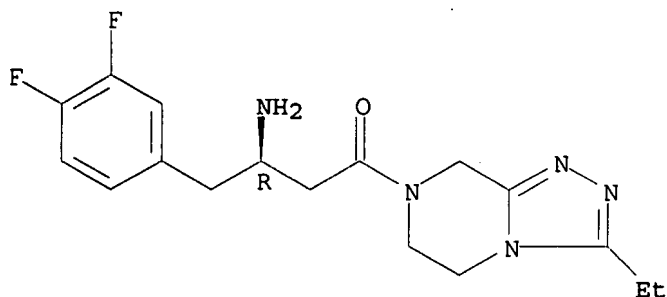
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-83-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

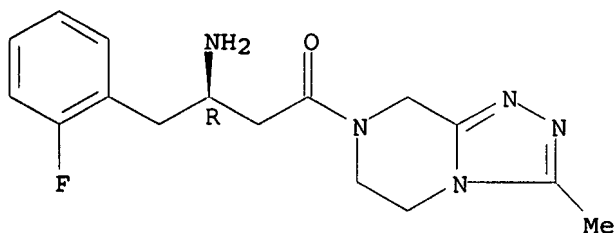
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

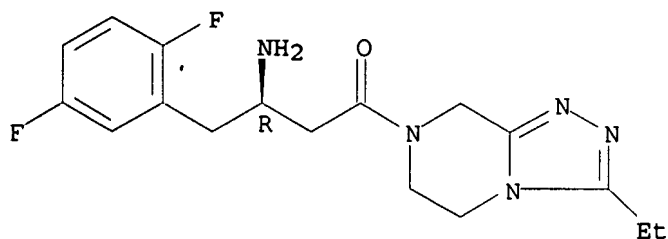
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-85-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

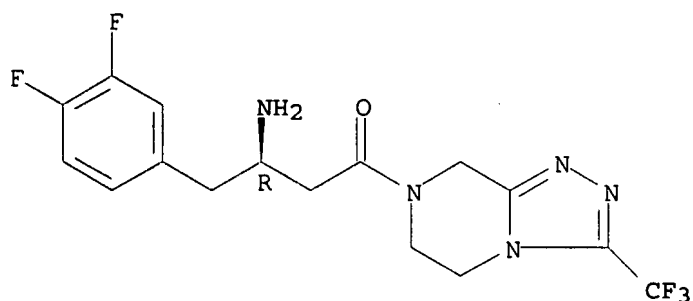
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-88-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

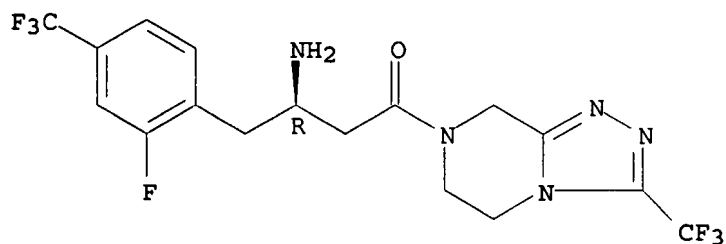
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-89-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-[2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

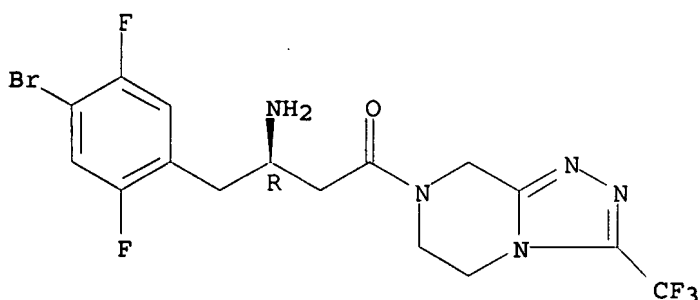
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-97-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(4-bromo-2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

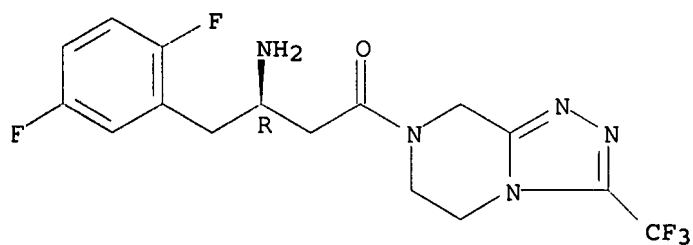
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

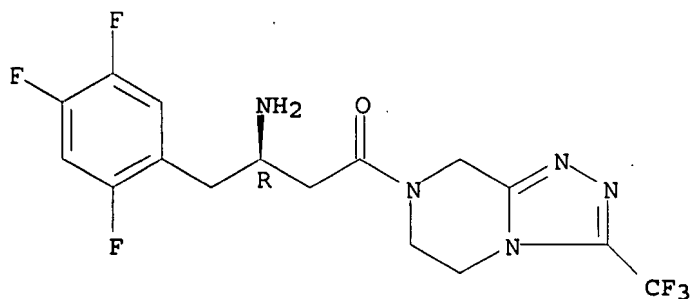
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

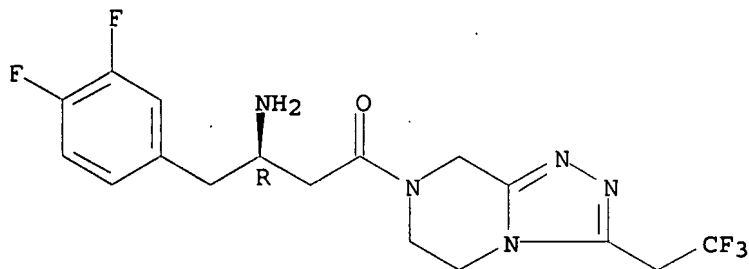
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-52-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

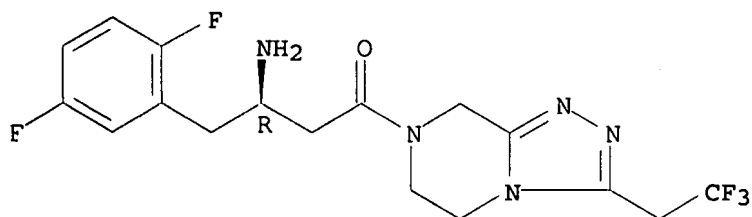


RN 487064-54-0 CAPLUS

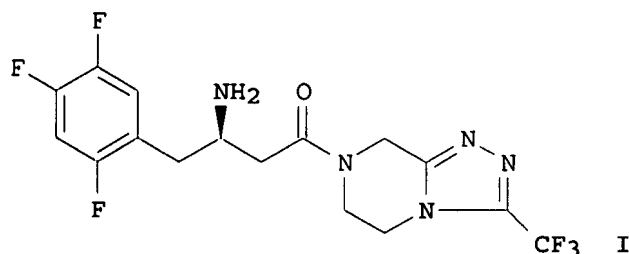
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.





L4 ANSWER 93 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2004:1070488 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 142:198023  
 TI (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(Trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine: A Potent, Orally Active Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitor for the Treatment of Type 2 Diabetes  
 AU Kim, Dooseop; Wang, Liping; Beconi, Maria; Eiermann, George J.; Fisher, Michael H.; He, Huaibing; Hickey, Gerard J.; Kowalchick, Jennifer E.; Leiting, Barbara; Lyons, Kathryn; Marsilio, Frank; McCann, Margaret E.; Patel, Reshma A.; Petrov, Aleksandr; Scapin, Giovanna; Patel, Sangita B.; Roy, Ranabir Sinha; Wu, Joseph K.; Wyvratt, Matthew J.; Zhang, Bei B.; Zhu, Lan; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.  
 CS Merck Research Laboratories, Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA  
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 48(1), 141-151  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
 PB American Chemical Society  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 OS CASREACT 142:198023  
 GI



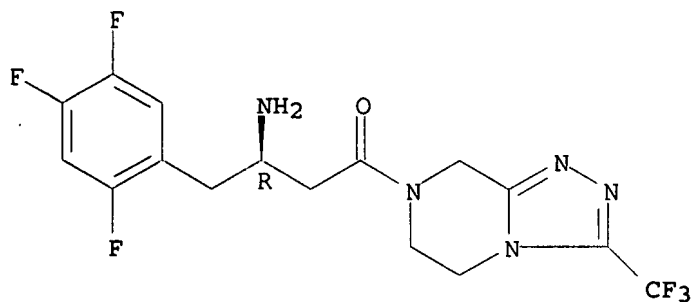
AB A novel series of  $\beta$ -amino amides incorporating fused heterocycles, i.e., triazolopiperazines, were synthesized and evaluated as inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I) is a potent, orally active DPP-IV inhibitor ( $IC_{50}$  = 18 nM) with excellent selectivity over other proline-selective peptidases, oral bioavailability in preclin. species, and in vivo efficacy in animal models. MK-0431, the phosphate salt of I, was selected for development as a potential new treatment for type 2 diabetes.  
 IT 654671-78-0P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (MK-0431; preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(2,4,5-trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-  
 alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

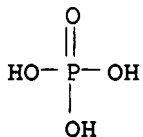
CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2  
 CMF H3 O4 P

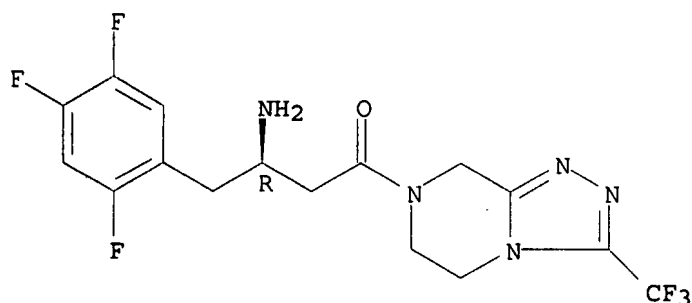


IT 837430-29-2P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation and crystal structure of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)buty  
 l]tetrahydro(fluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine bound to  
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV)  
 RN 837430-29-2 CAPLUS  
 CN Peptidase, dipeptidyl, IV, compd. with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-  
 trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-  
 triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6  
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 54249-88-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 486460-31-5P

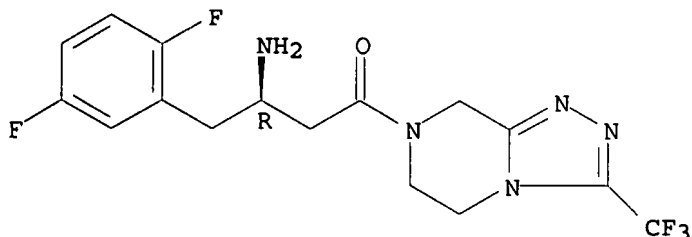
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(difluorophenyl)(oxo)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and its salts)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 837430-23-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(difluorophenyl)(oxo)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and its salts)

RN 837430-23-6 CAPLUS

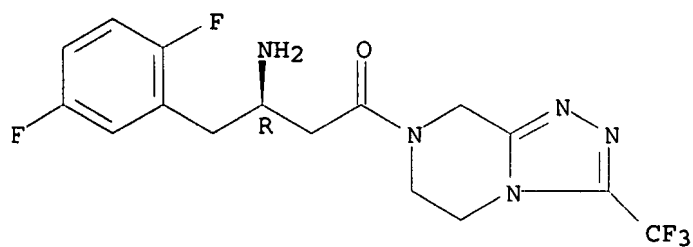
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-31-5

CMF C16 H16 F5 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

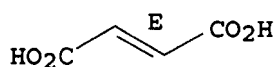


CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 486459-70-5P 837430-22-5P

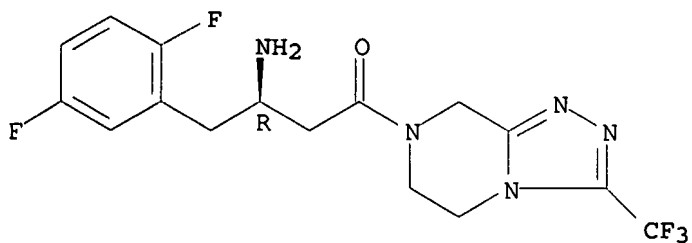
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(difluorophenyl)(oxo)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486459-70-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

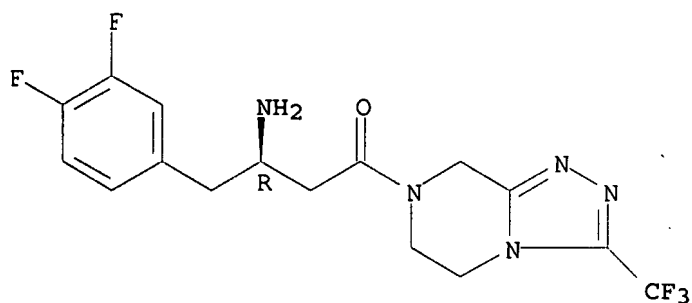


● HCl

RN 837430-22-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 486459-69-2P 837430-21-4P

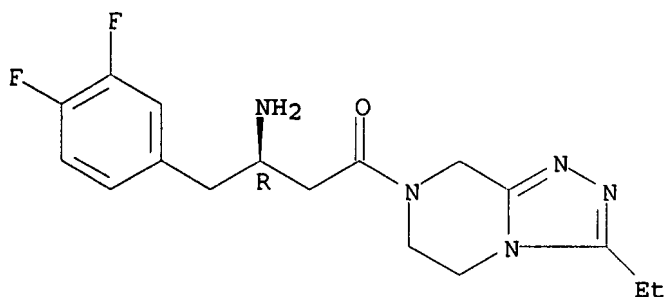
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(difluorophenyl)(oxo)butyl]tetrahydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486459-69-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

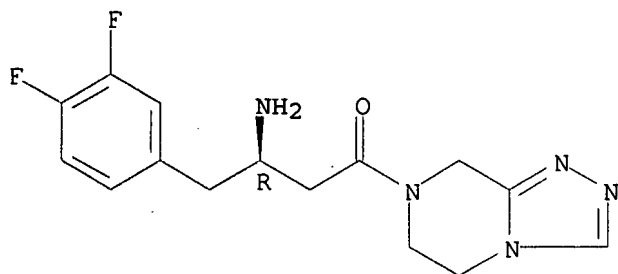


●2 HCl

RN 837430-21-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

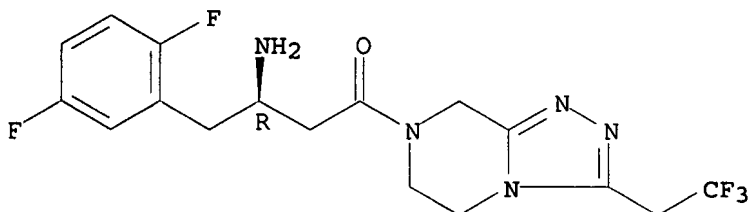
Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 HCl

IT 837430-27-0P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(difluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(fluoroethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))  
 RN 837430-27-0 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

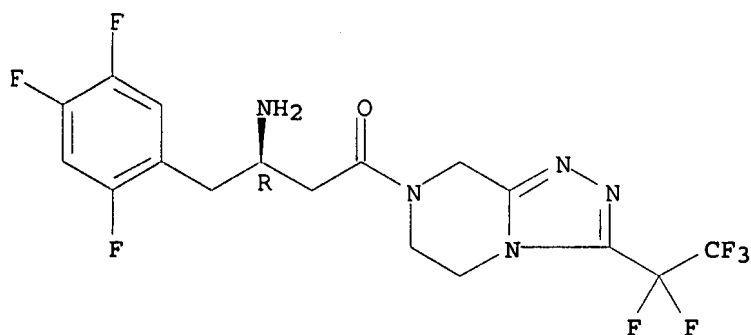
Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 HCl

IT 837430-26-9P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(fluoroethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))  
 RN 837430-26-9 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(pentafluoroethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 486460-32-6P

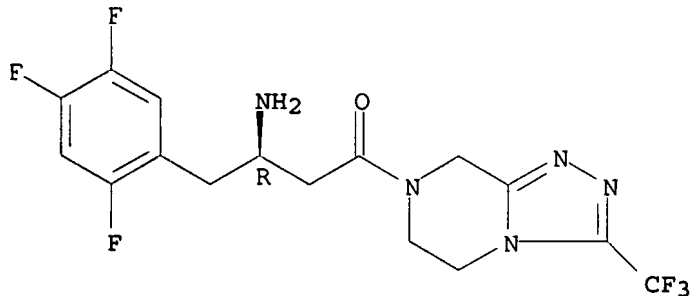
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 486459-71-6P

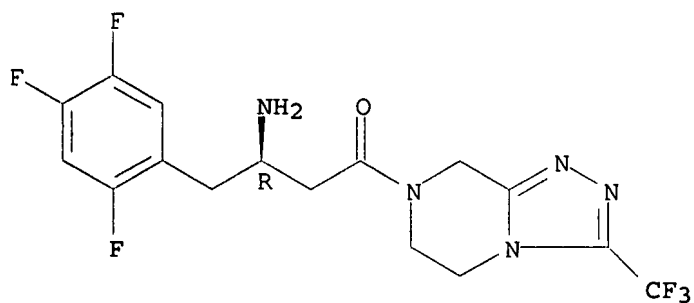
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486459-71-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 837430-24-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine salt)

RN 837430-24-7 CAPLUS

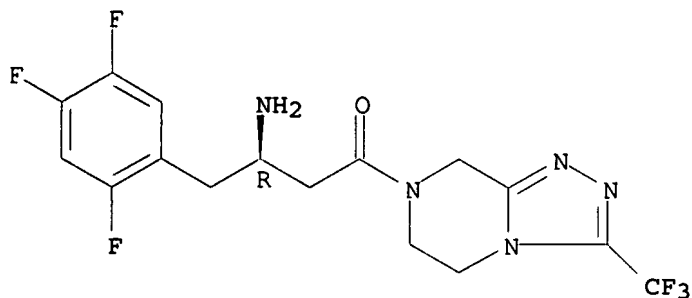
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

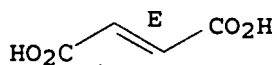


CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 837430-25-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

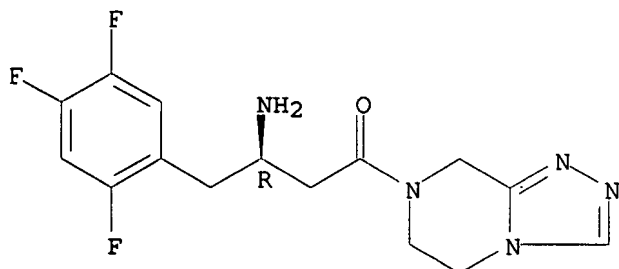


(preparation of [(R)-(amino)(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 837430-25-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 HCl

RE.CNT 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 94 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:964805 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 141:388745

TI Preparation of glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors for use in treating neurological diseases

IN Schilling, Stephan; Niestroj, Andre J.; Heiser, Ulrich; Buchholz, Mirko; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich

PA Probiobdrug AG, Germany

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 34 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004224875	A1	20041111	US 2004-838993	20040505
	WO 2004098591	A2	20041118	WO 2004-EP4773	20040505
	WO 2004098591	A3	20050331		
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	RW:				
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	EP 1620091	A2	20060201	EP 2004-731158	20040505
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	JP 2006525276	T	20061109	JP 2006-505375	20040505
	AU 2005210004	A1	20050818	AU 2005-210004	20050204

CA 2554809 A1 20050818 CA 2005-2554809 20050204  
 WO 2005075436 A2 20050818 WO 2005-EP1153 20050204  
 WO 2005075436 A3 20051208

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2005215573 A1 20050929 US 2005-51760 20050204  
 EP 1713780 A2 20061025 EP 2005-707206 20050204

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

CN 1918131 A 20070221 CN 2005-80004289 20050204

PRAI US 2003-468014P P 20030505  
 US 2004-542133P P 20040205  
 US 2004-838993 A 20040505  
 WO 2004-EP4773 W 20040505  
 US 2004-634364P P 20041208  
 WO 2005-EP1153 W 20050204

OS MARPAT 141:388745

AB The present invention relates to compds. that act as inhibitors of QC and combinations thereof for the treatment of neuronal disorders, especially Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's chorea, pathogenic psychotic conditions, schizophrenia, impaired food intake, sleep-wakefulness, impaired homeostatic regulation of energy metabolism, impaired autonomic function, impaired hormonal balance, impaired regulation, body fluids, hypertension, fever, sleep dysregulation, anorexia, anxiety related disorders including depression, seizures including epilepsy, drug withdrawal and alcoholism, neurodegenerative disorders including cognitive dysfunction and dementia.

IT 654671-78-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in combination chemotherapy; preparation of glutaminy cyclase inhibitors for use in treating neurol. diseases)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

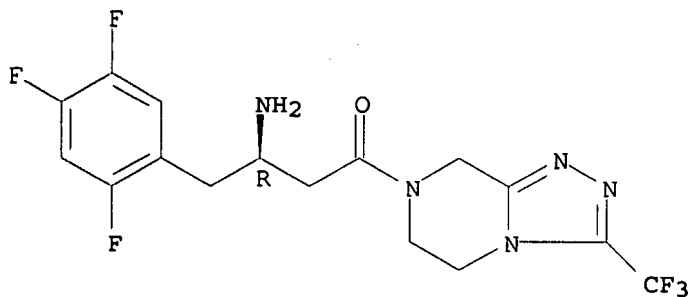
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

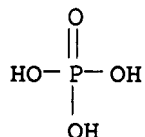
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 04 P



L4 ANSWER 95 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:857554 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>

DN 141:314625

TI Process for the preparation of  $\beta$ -amino acid amide dipeptidyl  
peptidase-IV inhibitors

IN Angelaud, Remy; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Askin, David; Balsells, Jaume;  
Hansen, Karl; Lee, Jaemoon; Maligres, Peter E.; Rivera, Nelo R.; Xiao, Yi;  
Zhong, Yong-Li

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

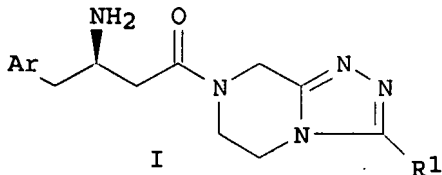
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004087650	A2	20041014	WO 2004-US8826	20040323
	WO 2004087650	A3	20050113		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRAI US 2003-457976P

P 20030327

OS CASREACT 141:314625; MARPAT 141:314625

GI



AB The invention provides a novel process for the preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid amides I (Ar is Ph which may be substituted by halogen, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; R1 is H, alkyl or fluoroalkyl) which

are inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and thereby useful for the treatment of Type 2 diabetes. The process involves acylation of 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (II) or a derivative with a (3R)-3-[(benzyloxy)amino]-4-arylbutanoic acid (III), followed by hydrogenolysis. In an example, I (Ar = 2,5-difluorophenyl, R1 = CF3) was prepared from II.HCl 3-trifluoromethyl derivative (prepared from hydrazine, Et trifluoroacetate, chloroacetyl chloride, and ethylenediamine) and III (Ar = 2,5-difluorophenyl) prepared from 2,5-difluorophenylacetic acid, Meldrum's acid, and O-benzylhydroxylamine hydrochloride.

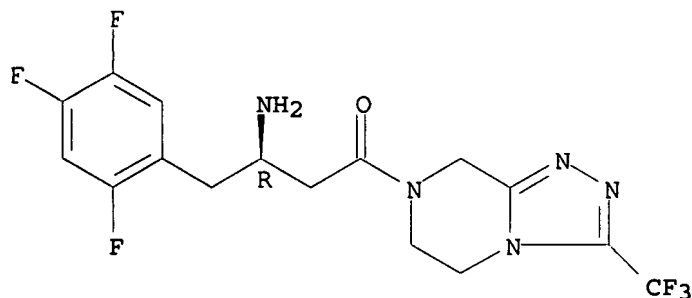
IT 486460-32-6P 767352-27-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(process for preparation of triazolopyrazine  $\beta$ -amino acyl derivs. as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 767352-27-2 CAPLUS

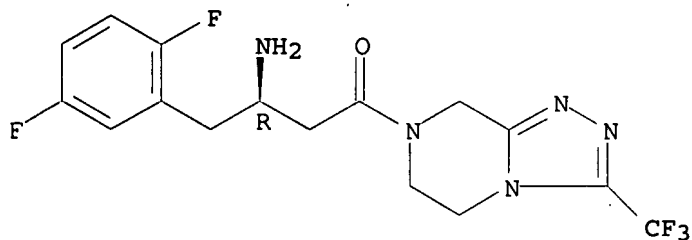
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-31-5

CMF C16 H16 F5 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

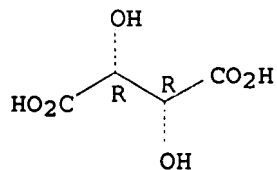


CM 2

CRN 87-69-4

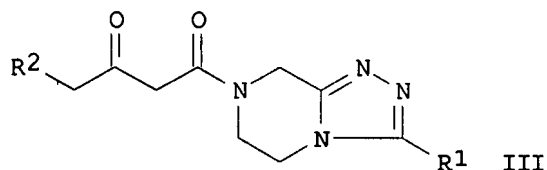
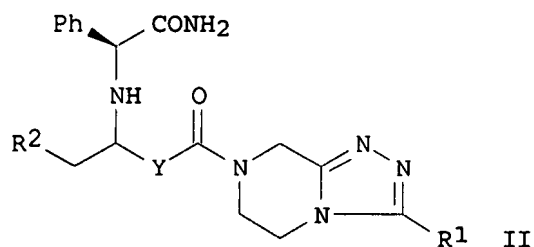
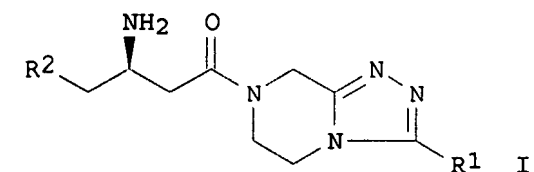
CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 96 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2004:824045 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
DN 141:332476  
TI Process for preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivatives  
IN Dreher, Spencer D.; Ikemoto, Norihiro; Njolito, Eugenia; Rivera, Nelo R.;  
Tellers, David M.; Xiao, Yi  
PA Merck & Co., Inc, USA  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004085661	A2	20041007	WO 2004-US8533	20040319
	WO 2004085661	A3	20050310		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,				
	CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,				
	GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,				
	LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,				
	NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,				
	TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,				
	BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,				
	ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,				
	SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,				
	TD, TG				
PRAI	US 2003-457128P	P	20030324		
	US 2003-511210P	P	20031015		
OS	CASREACT 141:332476; MARPAT 141:332476				
GI					



AB A process for the asym. synthesis of enantiomerically enriched  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. I [ $R_1$  = H, or alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to five fluorines;  $R_2$  = Ph, unsubstituted or independently substituted with one to five substituents: fluorine, trifluoromethyl, or trifluoromethoxy] in a suitable organic solvent is developed, which includes catalytic hydrogenation of Z-enamines II ( $Y = :CH$ ), which was prepared by addition of L-phenylglycine amide to  $\beta$ -ketoesters III under acidic conditions, and subsequent catalytic hydrogenolysis of II ( $Y = CH_2$ ). Thus,  $\beta$ -ketoester III ( $R_1 = CF_3$ ;  $R_2 = 2,4,5$ -trifluorophenyl) obtained from 2,4,5-trifluorophenylacetic acid and 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,4- $\alpha$ ]pyrazine hydrochloride was added to L-phenylglycine amide to give Z-enamine II ( $R_1 = CF_3$ ;  $R_2 = 2,4,5$ -trifluorophenyl), which after catalytic hydrogenation in the presence of platinum dioxide, followed by hydrogenolysis with palladium dihydroxide as catalyst gave compound I ( $R_1 = CF_3$ ;  $R_2 = 2,4,5$ -trifluorophenyl) in 94.55% yield and 97% ee.

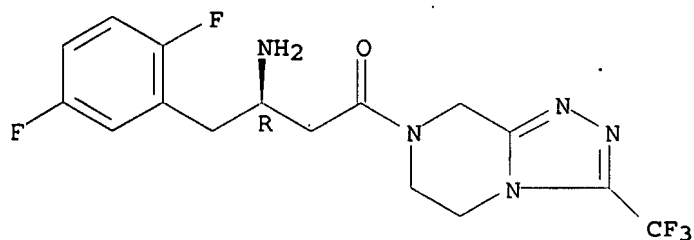
IT 486460-31-5P 486460-32-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(asym. synthesis of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. via addition of phenylglycine amide to triazolopyrazinyl  $\beta$ -ketoesters, followed by catalytic hydrogenation of enamines and catalytic hydrogenolysis)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

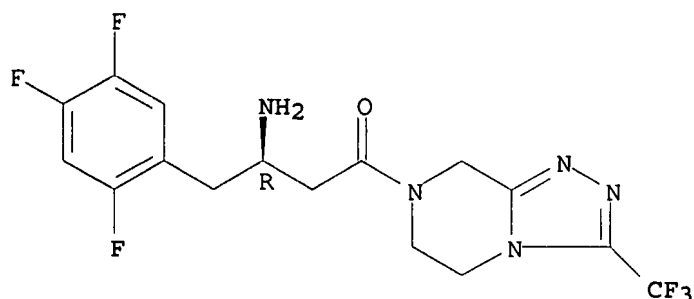
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 97 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2004:817850 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 141:314350  
 TI Process for the preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivatives by asymmetric hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines.  
 IN Xiao, Yi; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Krska, Shane W.; Njolito, Eugenia; Rivera, Nelo R.; Sun, Yongkui; Rosner, Thorsten  
 PA Merck & Co. Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004085378	A1	20041007	WO 2004-US7793	20040315
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 2004223885	A1	20041007	AU 2004-223885	20040315
	CA 2518435	A1	20041007	CA 2004-2518435	20040315
	EP 1606243	A1	20051221	EP 2004-720790	20040315
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
	CN 1761642	A	20060419	CN 2004-80007313	20040315
	JP 2006521354	T	20060921	JP 2006-507177	20040315
	US 2006194977	A1	20060831	US 2005-549425	20050915
PRAI	US 2003-455932P	P	20030319		
	WO 2004-US7793	A	20040315		

OS CASREACT 141:314350; MARPAT 141:314350  
 AB (R)- or (S)-R1CH(NH2)CH2COZ [Z = OR2, SR2, NR2R3; R1 = alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl; R2, R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; R2R3N = (substituted) 4-7 membered ring] were prepd in  $\geq 70\%$  enantiomeric excess by hydrogenation of prochiral R1(H2N)C:CCOZ (variables

as above) in the presence of transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines in a suitable organic solvent. Thus, (Z)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-2-amine (preparation given) was hydrogenated in the presence of chloro(1,5-cyclooctadiene)rhodium(I) dimer and (R,S) tert-Bu Josiphos in MeOH at 200 psi and 50° for 13 h to give 72% (R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine in 98-99% enantiomeric excess.

IT 486460-32-6P

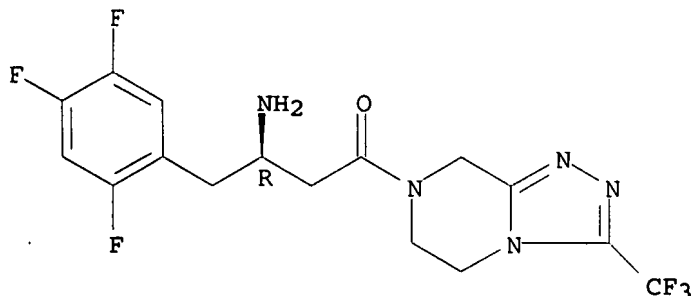
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. by asym. hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 767340-03-4P

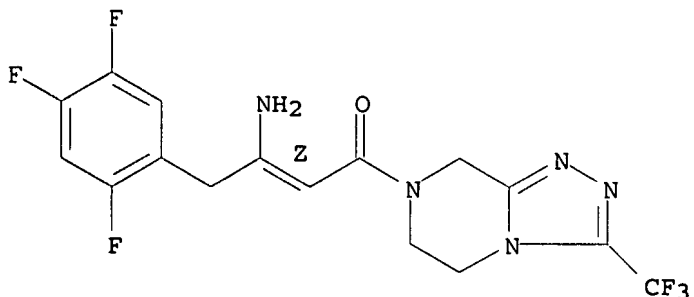
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of chiral  $\beta$ -amino acid derivs. by asym. hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



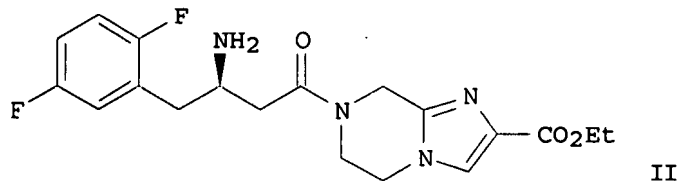
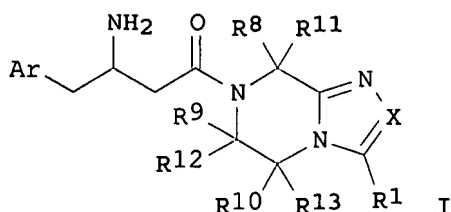
RE.CNT 4

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



L4 ANSWER 98 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 2004:565099 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070612>>  
 DN 141:123655  
 TI Preparation of 3-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid derivatives as dipeptidyl  
 peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes  
 IN Duffy, Joseph L.; Edmondson, Scott D.; Kim, Dooseop; Kirk, Brian A.; Wang,  
 Liping; Weber, Ann E.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 118 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004058266	A1	20040715	WO 2003-US40114	20031216
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2508947	A1	20040715	CA 2003-2508947	20031216
	AU 2003297219	A1	20040722	AU 2003-297219	20031216
	EP 1583534	A1	20051012	EP 2003-814066	20031216
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
	JP 2006513265	T	20060420	JP 2005-509979	20031216
	US 2006052382	A1	20060309	US 2005-540283	20050620
PRAI	US 2002-435389P	P	20021220		
	US 2003-469315P	P	20030509		
	WO 2003-US40114	W	20031216		
OS	MARPAT 141:123655				
GI					



AB Title compds. I [wherein X = N or CR<sub>2</sub>; Ar = (un)substituted Ph; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> =  
 independently H, halo, HO, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl(thio), alkoxy,

etc.; R8-R10 = independently H, cyano, carboxy, (un)substituted (cyclo)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R11-R13 = independently H, alkyl; with proviso; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors (no data). For example, Et 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)butanoyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid trifluoroacetic acid salt (II•CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H) was given in a multiple-step synthesis starting from Et imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylate. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful for the treatment or prevention of diseases in which the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme is involved, such as diabetes and particularly type 2 diabetes (no data).

IT 723286-07-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 3-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid derivs. as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for treatment or prevention of diabetes)

RN 723286-07-5 CAPLUS

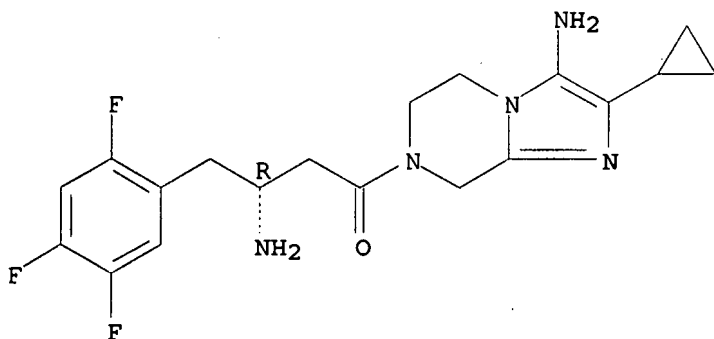
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-3-amine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-06-4

CMF C19 H22 F3 N5 O

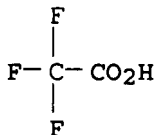
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



IT 723285-98-1P 723285-99-2P 723286-00-8P  
723286-01-9P 723286-02-0P 723286-03-1P  
723286-04-2P 723286-06-4P 723286-08-6P  
723286-09-7P 723286-10-0P 723286-11-1P  
723286-13-3P 723286-14-4P 723286-15-5P

723286-16-6P 723286-18-8P 723286-19-9P  
 723286-20-2P 723286-21-3P 723286-22-4P  
 723286-23-5P 723286-24-6P 723286-25-7P  
 723286-26-8P 723286-27-9P 723286-28-0P  
 723286-29-1P 723286-30-4P 723286-31-5P  
 723286-32-6P 723286-33-7P 723286-34-8P  
 723286-35-9P 723286-36-0P 723286-37-1P  
 723286-38-2P 723286-39-3P 723286-40-6P  
 723286-41-7P 723286-42-8P 723286-43-9P  
 723286-44-0P 723286-45-1P 723286-46-2P  
 723286-47-3P 723286-48-4P 723286-49-5P  
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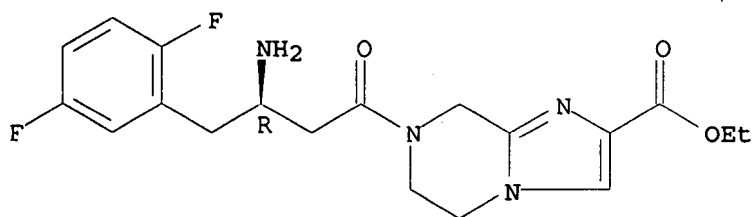
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
 (Uses)

(preparation of 3-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid derivs. as dipeptidyl  
 peptidase inhibitors for treatment or prevention of diabetes)

RN 723285-98-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-  
 difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723285-99-2 CAPLUS

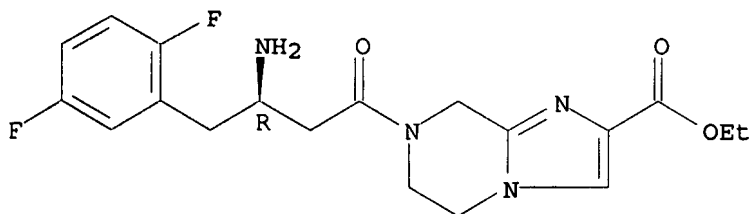
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-  
 difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, ethyl ester,  
 mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723285-98-1

CMF C19 H22 F2 N4 O3

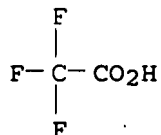
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

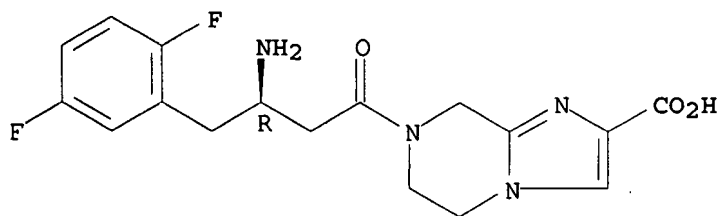
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-00-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-01-9 CAPLUS

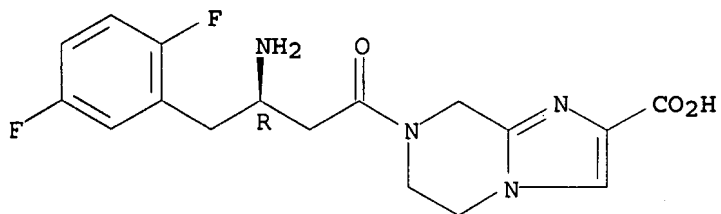
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-00-8

CMF C17 H18 F2 N4 O3

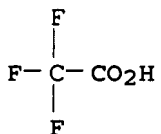
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

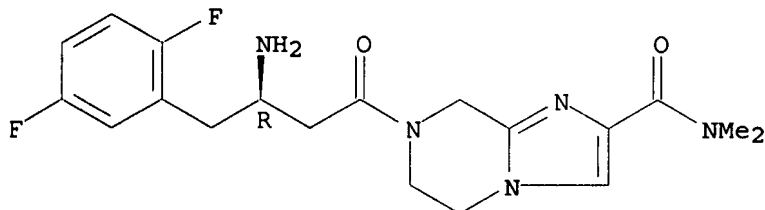
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-02-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N,N-dimethyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

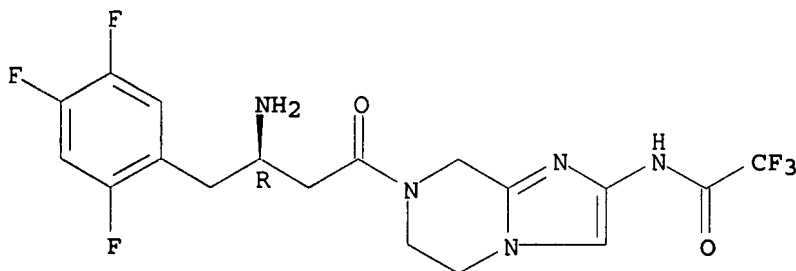


● 2 HCl

RN 723286-03-1 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-2-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-04-2 CAPLUS

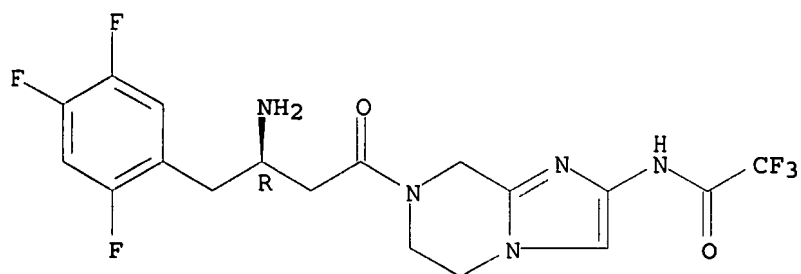
CN Acetamide, N-[7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-2-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-03-1

CMF C18 H17 F6 N5 O2

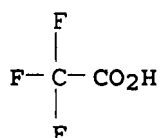
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

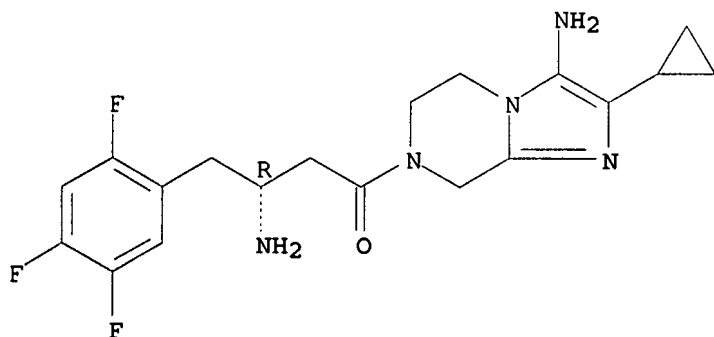
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-06-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-3-amine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

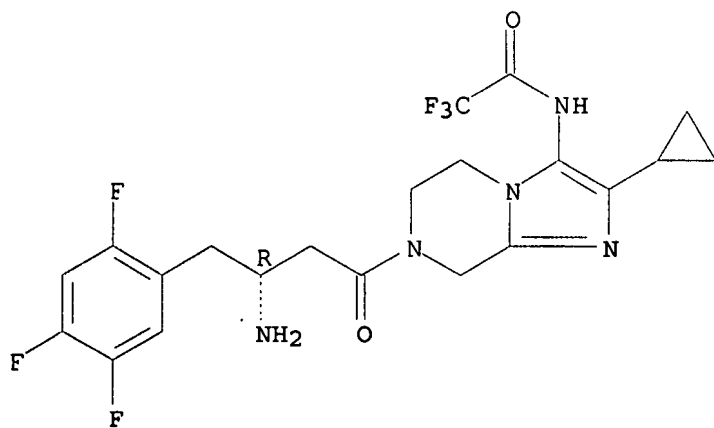
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-08-6 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-3-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-09-7 CAPLUS

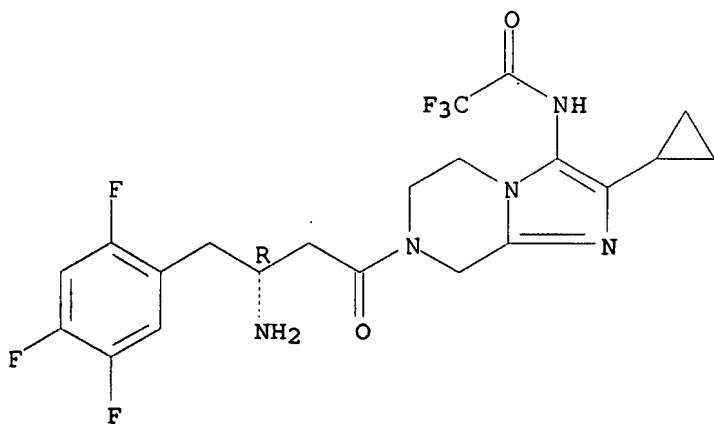
CN Acetamide, N-[7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-3-yl]-2,2,2-trifluoro-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-08-6

CMF C21 H21 F6 N5 O2

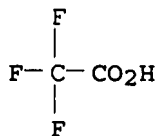
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

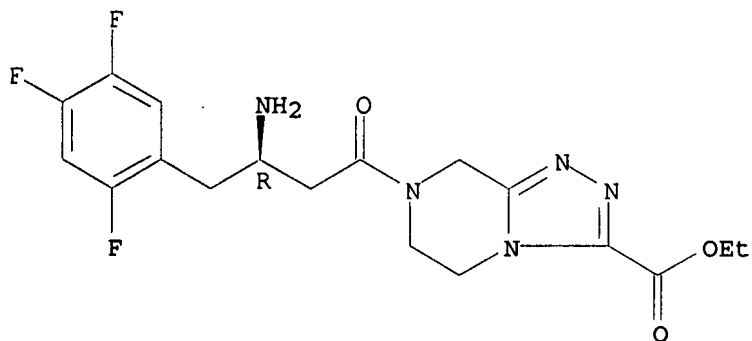
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-10-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine-3-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

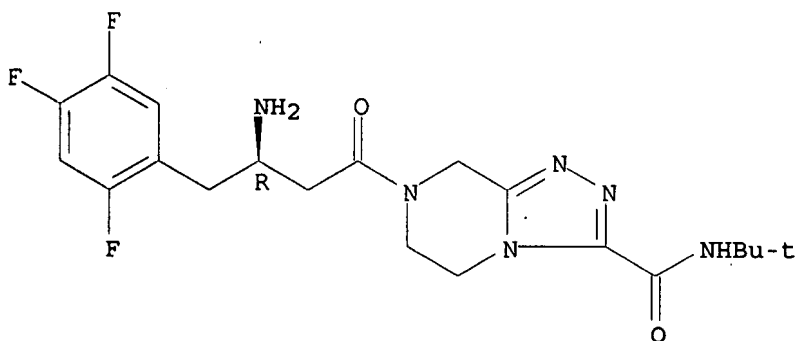


● HCl

RN 723286-11-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine-3-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



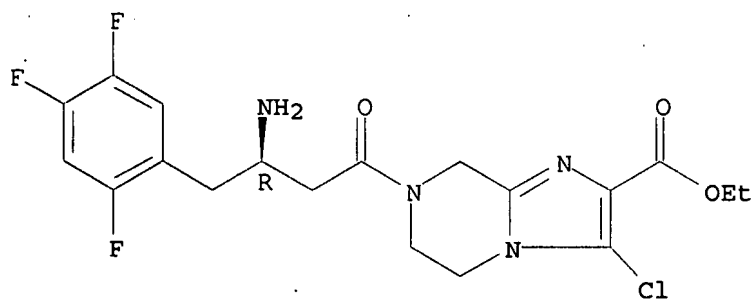
● HCl

RN 723286-13-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-3-chloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.





RN 723286-14-4 CAPLUS

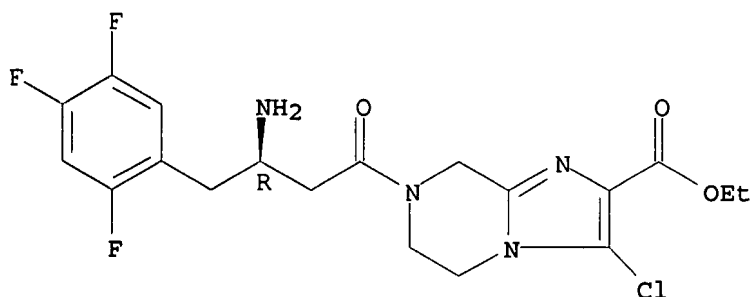
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-3-chloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, ethyl ester, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-13-3

CMF C19 H20 Cl F3 N4 O3

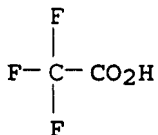
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

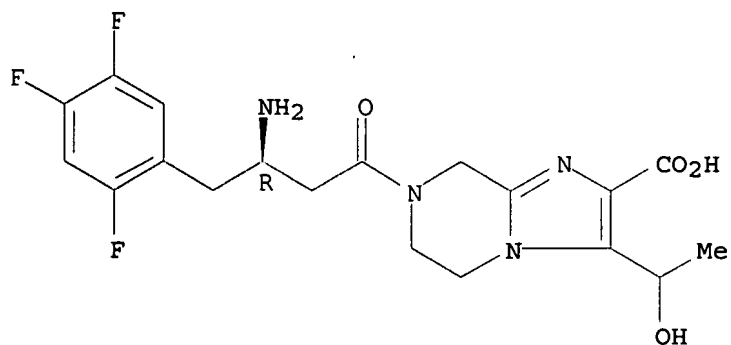
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-15-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-16-6 CAPLUS

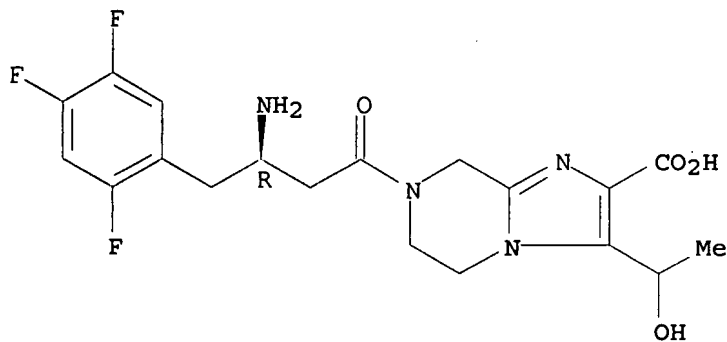
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-15-5

CMF C19 H21 F3 N4 O4

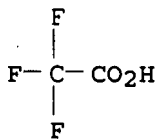
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

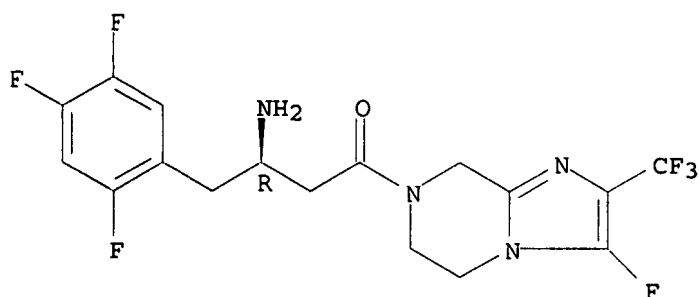
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-18-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-3-fluoro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

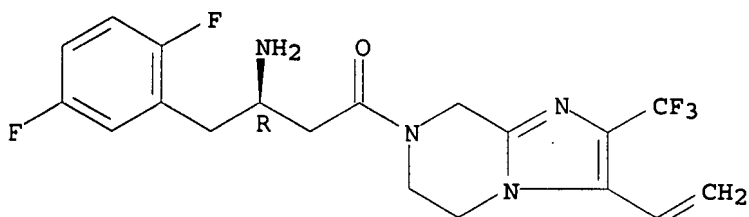


●2 HCl

RN 723286-19-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

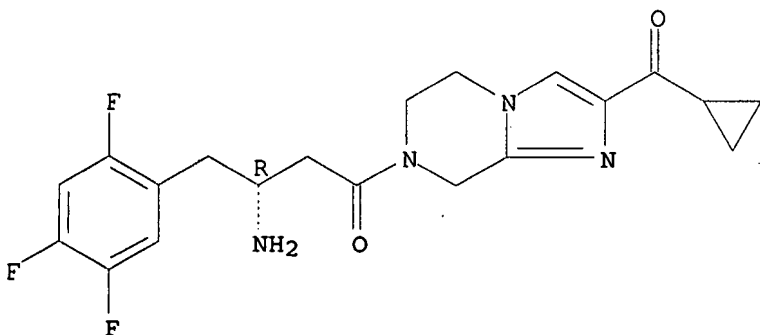


● HCl

RN 723286-20-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-21-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-

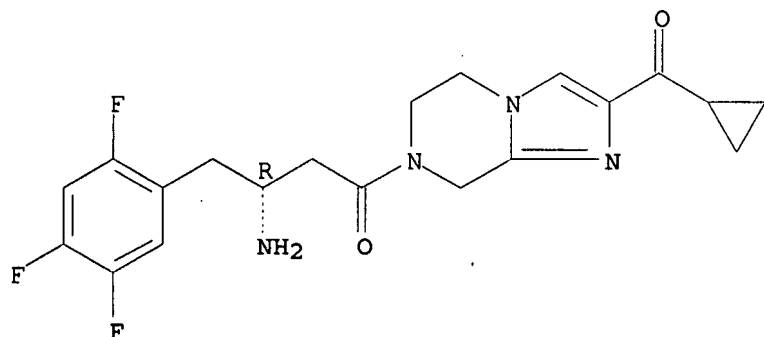
trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-,  
bis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 723286-20-2

CMF C20 H21 F3 N4 O2

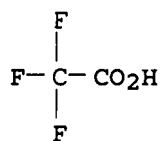
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

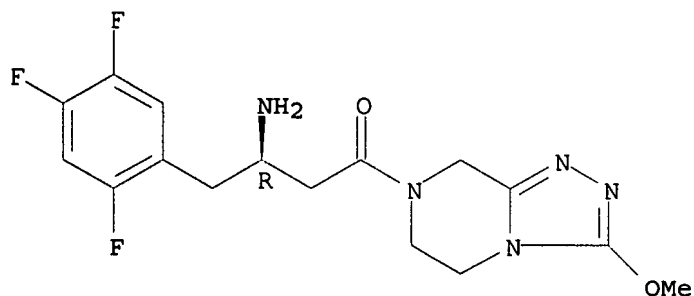
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 723286-22-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

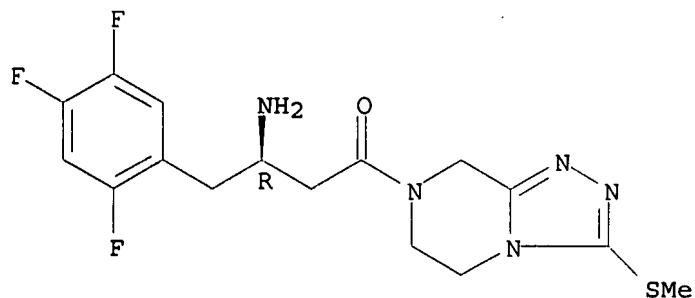
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-23-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(methylthio)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

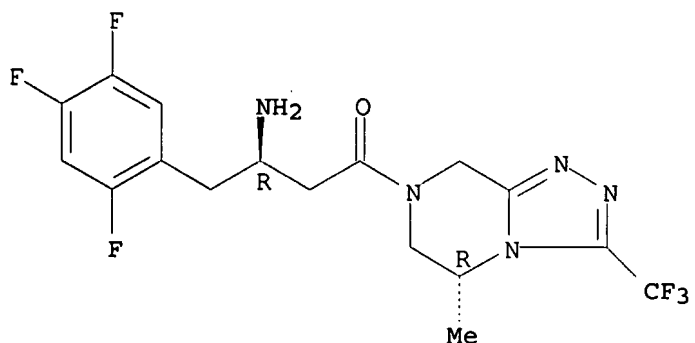
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (5R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

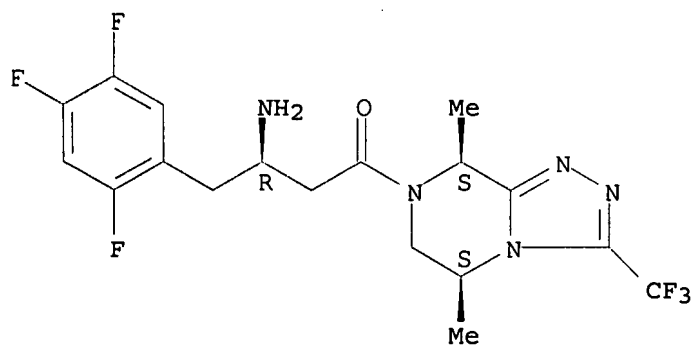


● HCl

RN 723286-25-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (5S,8S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

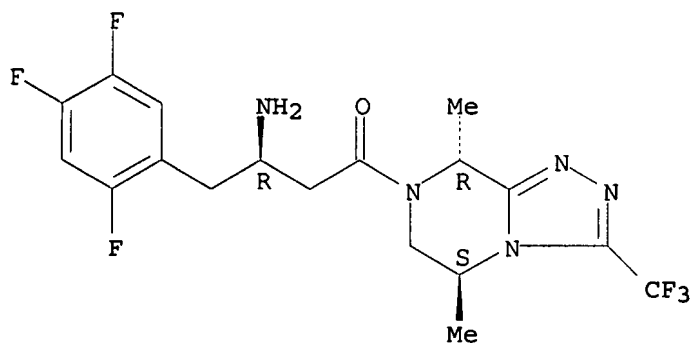


● HCl

RN 723286-26-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (5S,8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

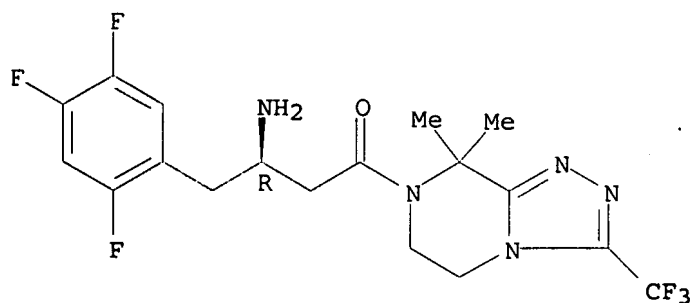


● HCl

RN 723286-27-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

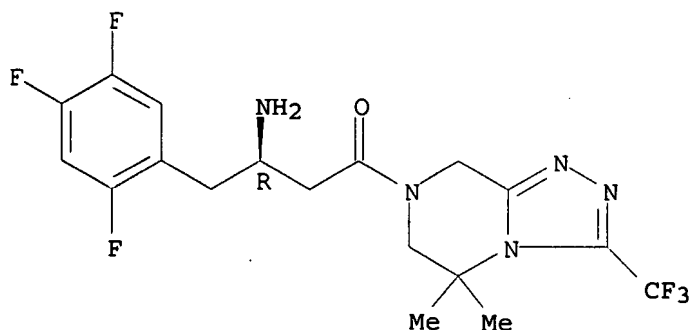


● HCl

RN 723286-28-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,5-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

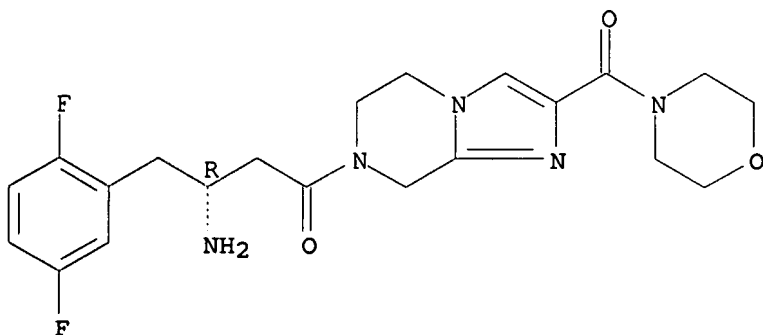


● HCl

RN 723286-29-1 CAPLUS

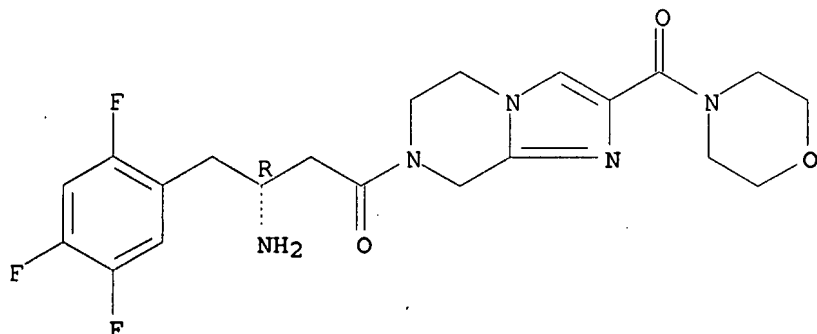
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



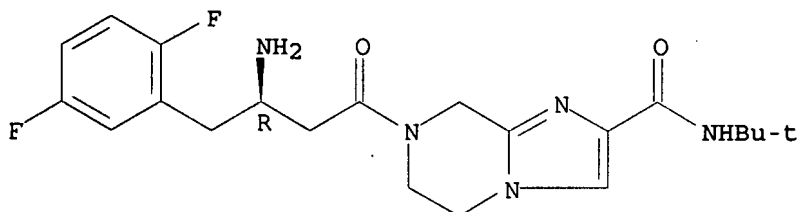
RN 723286-30-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



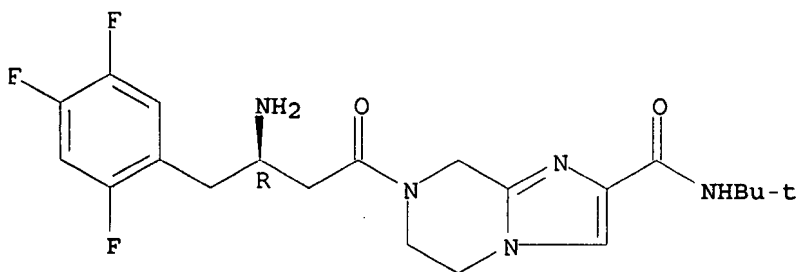
RN 723286-31-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-32-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

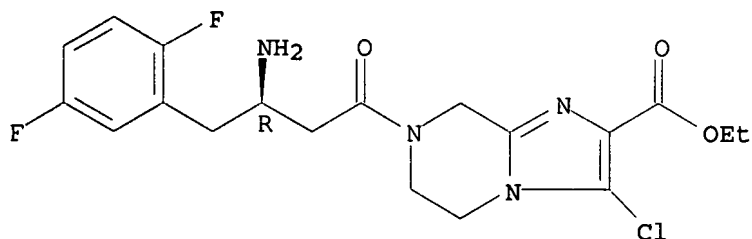


RN 723286-33-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-chloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, ethyl ester



(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

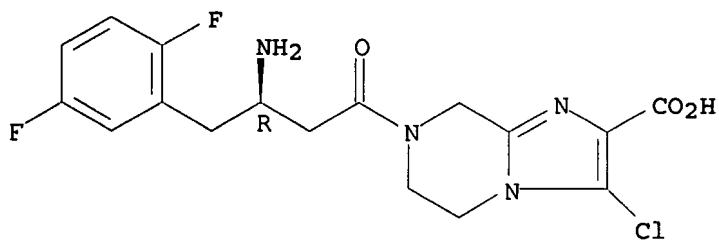
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-34-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-chloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

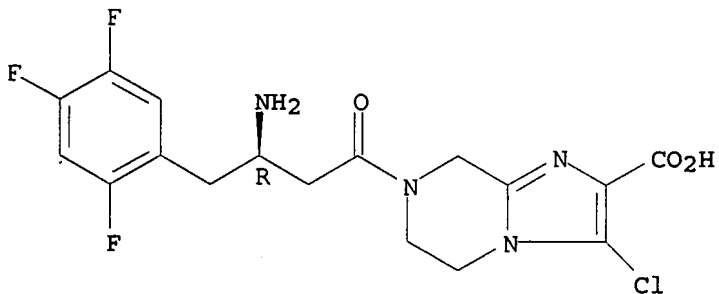
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-35-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-3-chloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

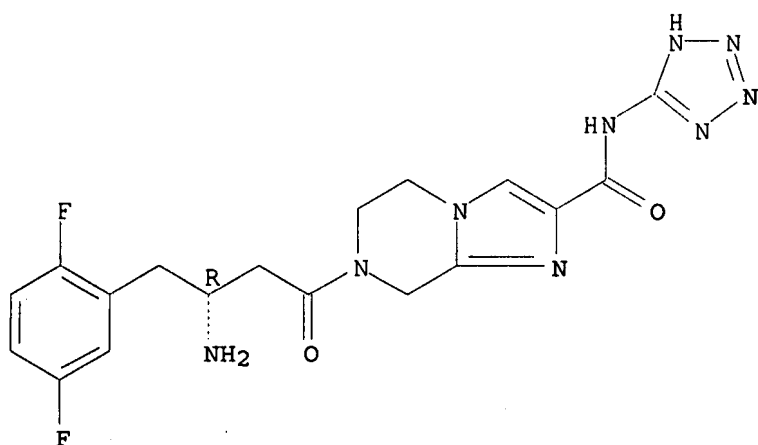
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-36-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-1H-tetrazol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

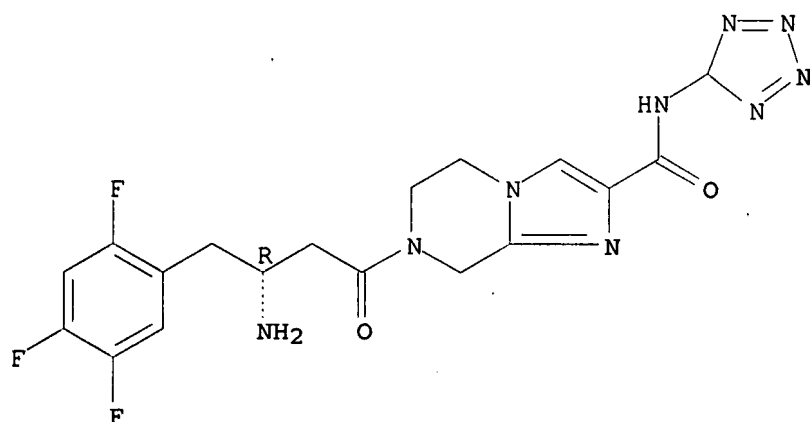
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-37-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-5H-tetrazol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

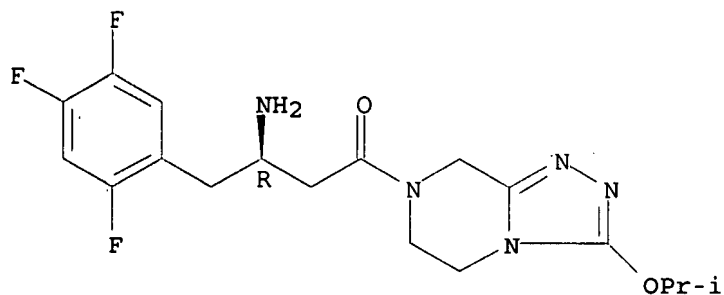
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-38-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(1-methylethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

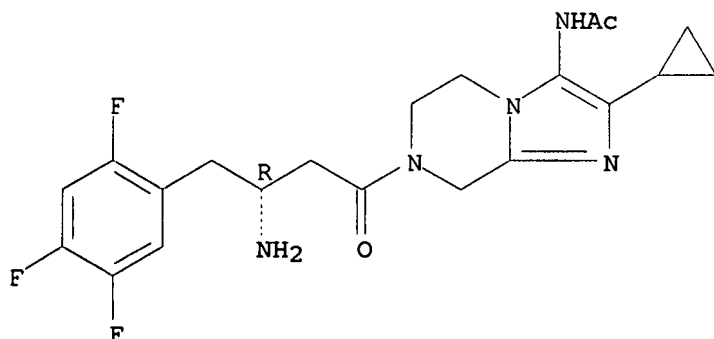
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

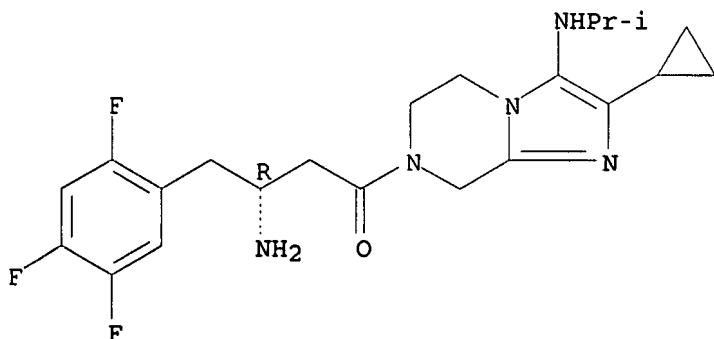
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-40-6 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazin-3-amine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

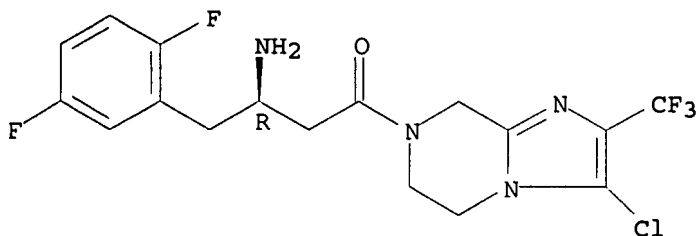
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-41-7 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-chloro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

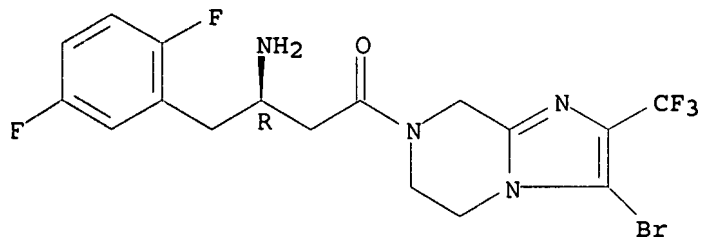
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-42-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-bromo-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

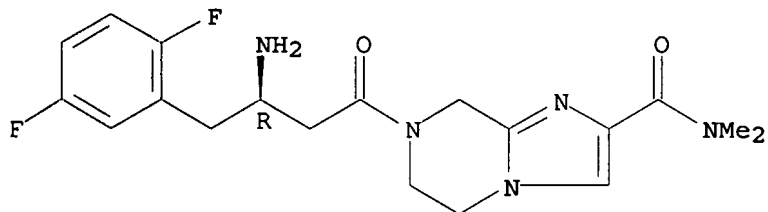
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-43-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

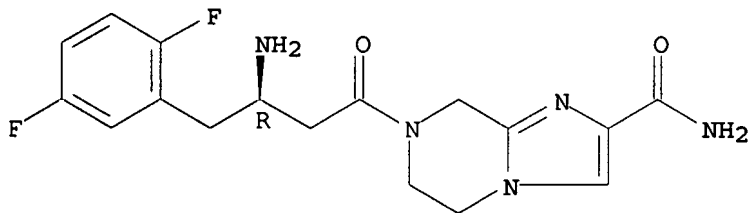
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-44-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

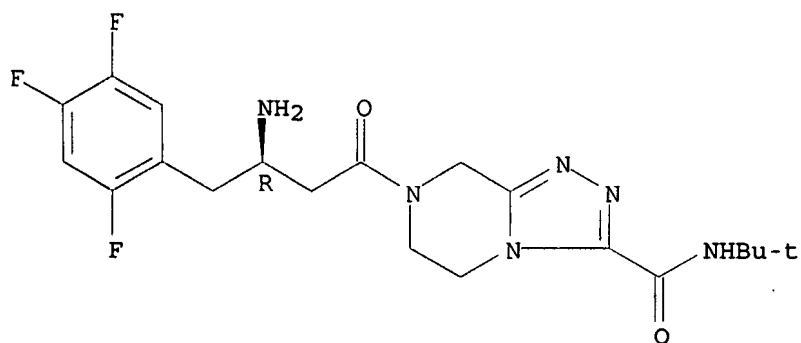
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-45-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine-3-carboxamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

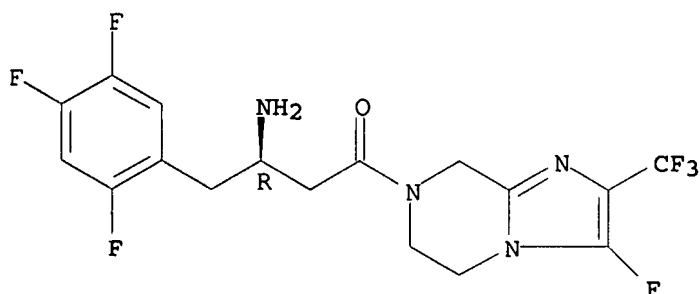
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-46-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-3-fluoro-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

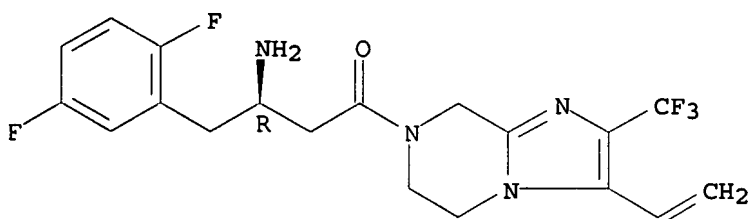
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-47-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

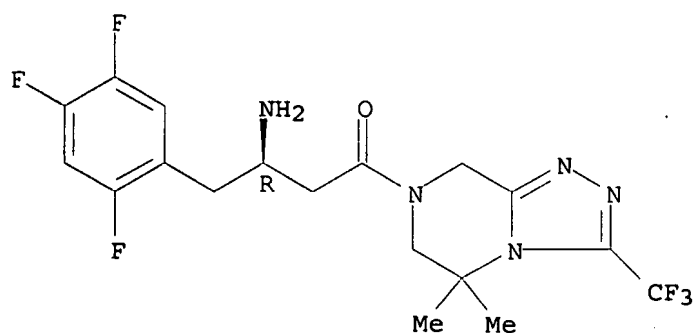
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-48-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,5-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

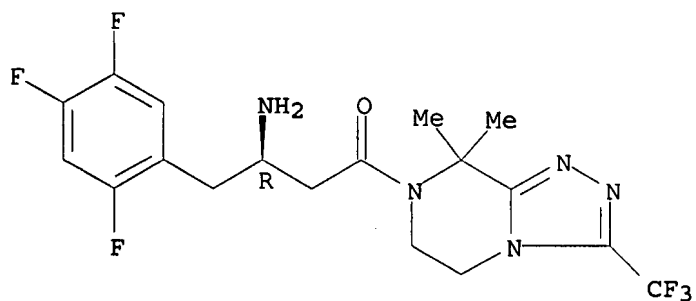
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-49-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

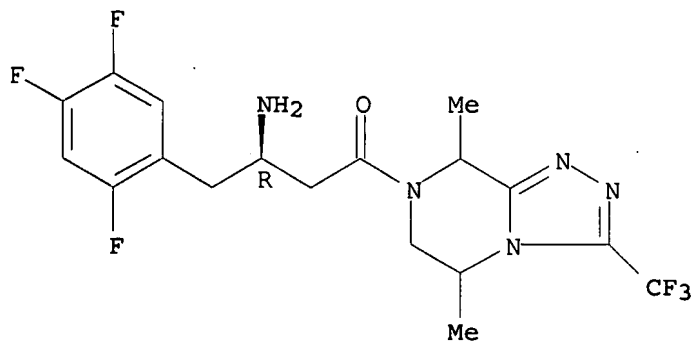
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-50-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

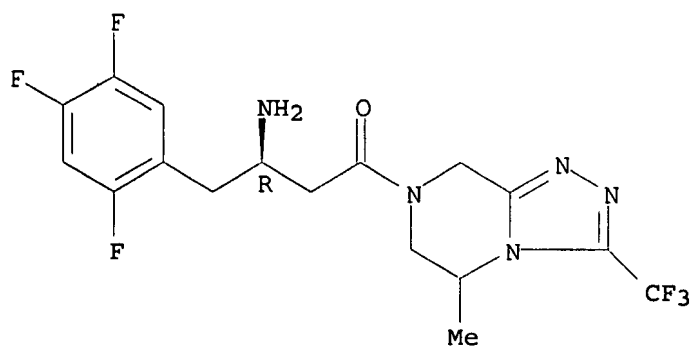
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-51-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

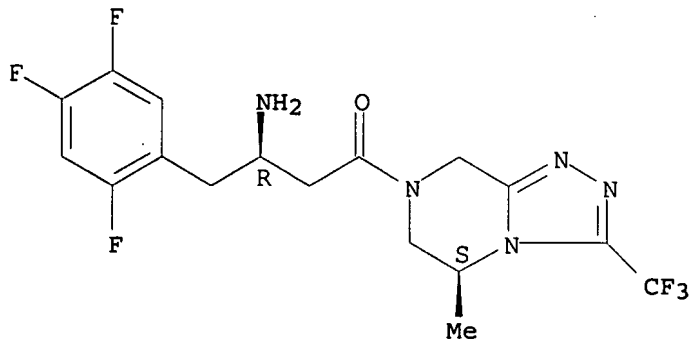
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 723286-52-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (5S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

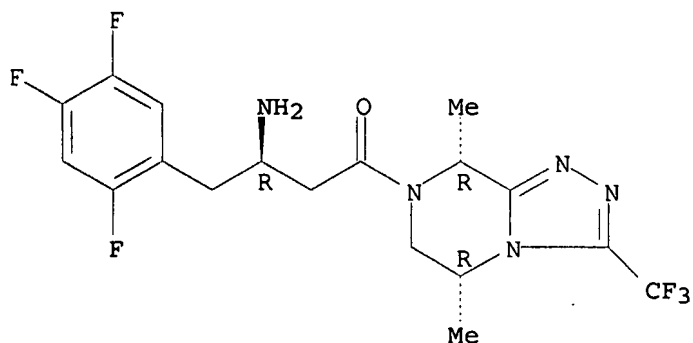


● HCl

RN 723286-53-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (5R,8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

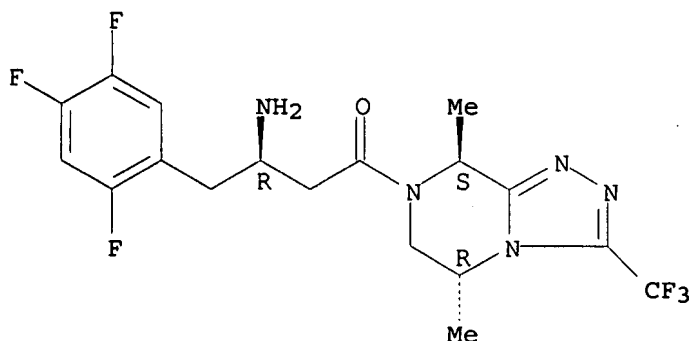
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 723286-54-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (5R,8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

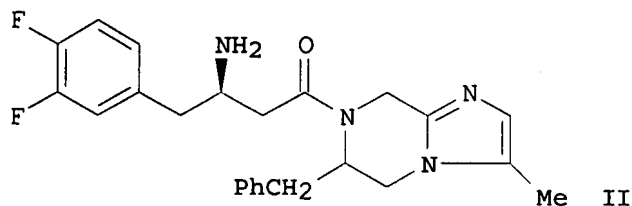
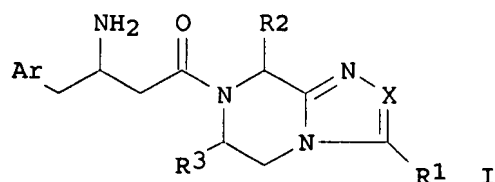
L4 ANSWER 99 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
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 DN 139:307796  
 TI Preparation of aminoacylimidazo- and triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl  
 peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes  
 IN Brockunier, Linda L.; Duffy, Joseph L.; Kim, Dooseop; Parmee, Emma R.;  
 Weber, Ann E.  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003082817	A2	20031009	WO 2003-US8723	20030321
	WO 2003082817	A3	20031218		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,



CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
 GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,  
 LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH,  
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
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 CA 2478389 A1 20031009 CA 2003-2478389 20030321  
 AU 2003225916 A1 20031013 AU 2003-225916 20030321  
 EP 1490335 A2 20041229 EP 2003-745557 20030321  
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 JP 2005526811 T 20050908 JP 2003-580285 20030321  
 PRAI US 2002-367410P P 20020325  
 WO 2003-US8723 W 20030321  
 OS MARPAT 139:307796  
 GI



AB Title compds. I [Ar = (un)substituted Ph; X = N, (un)substituted CH<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>1</sub> = H, CN, (un)substituted alkyl, Ph, heterocyclic; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = H, CN, (un)substituted alkyl, Ph, naphthyl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CONH<sub>2</sub>, cycloalkyl] were prepared for use as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors in the treatment or prevention of diseases, such as diabetes and particularly type 2 diabetes. Thus, 6-benzyl-3-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine was prepared in 5 steps from 2-benzyloxirane and was acylated with (R)-3,4-F<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(NHCO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H and deblocked to give the imidazopyrazine II.

IT 611239-93-1P 611239-94-2P 611239-96-4P  
 611239-97-5P 611239-99-7P 611240-00-7P  
 611240-01-8P 611240-02-9P 611240-03-0P  
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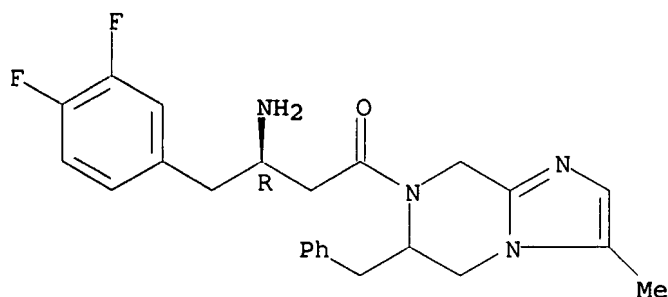
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aminoacylimidazo- and triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes)

RN 611239-93-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

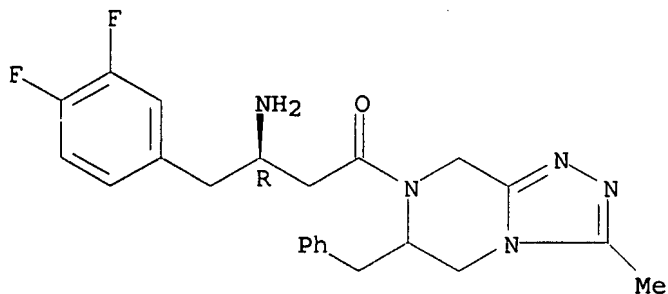


●2 HCl

RN 611239-94-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 611239-96-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-

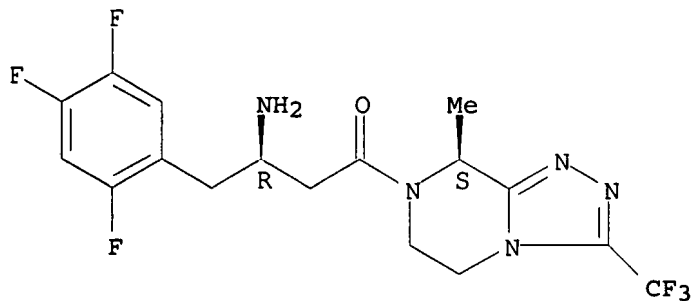
trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-,  
(8S)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 611239-95-3

CMF C17 H17 F6 N5 O

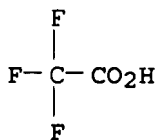
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

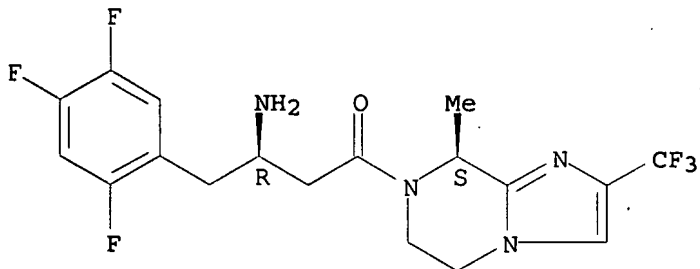
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 611239-97-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, dihydrochloride, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



●2 HCl

RN 611239-99-7 CAPLUS

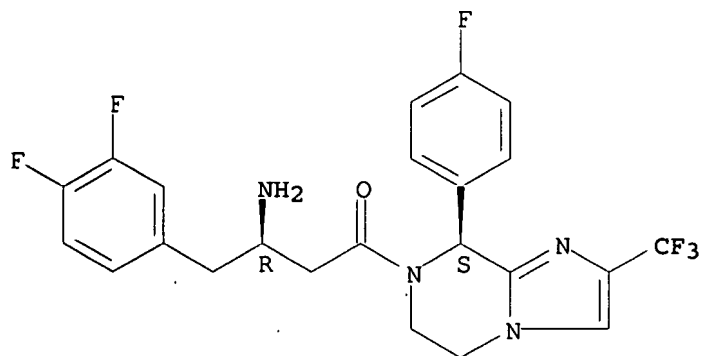
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 611239-98-6

CMF C23 H20 F6 N4 O

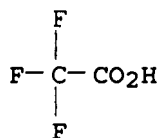
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

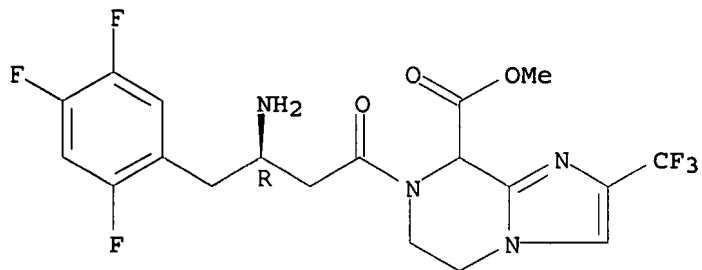
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 611240-00-7 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-8-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, methyl ester, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

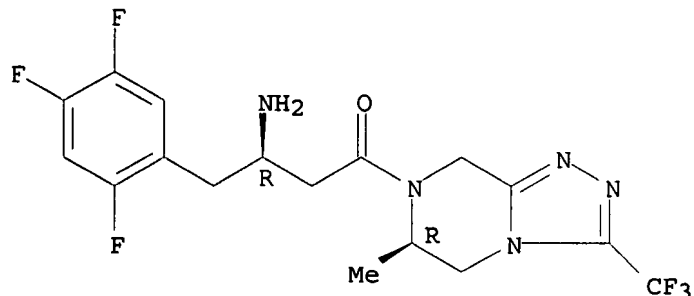
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-01-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

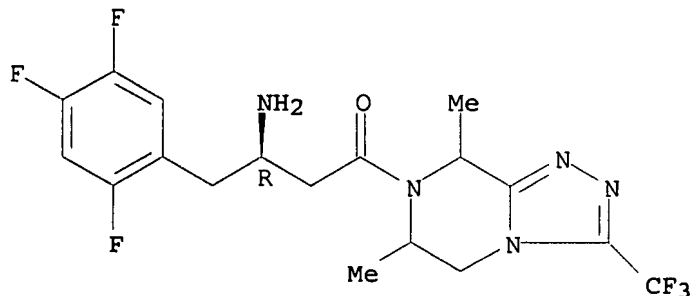


● HCl

RN 611240-02-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

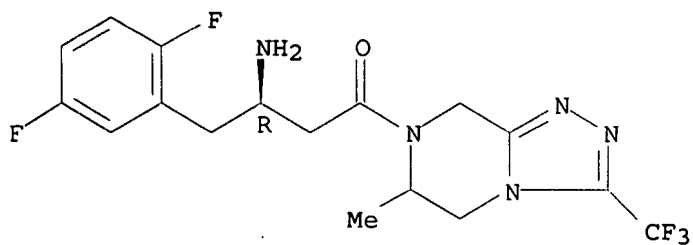


● HCl

RN 611240-03-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

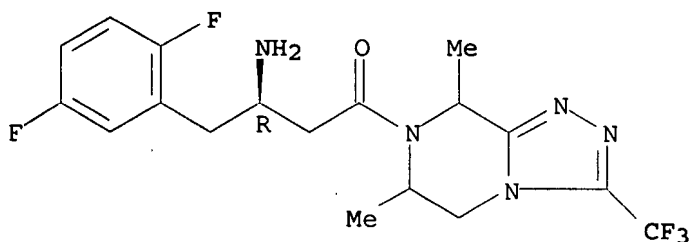


● HCl

RN 611240-04-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

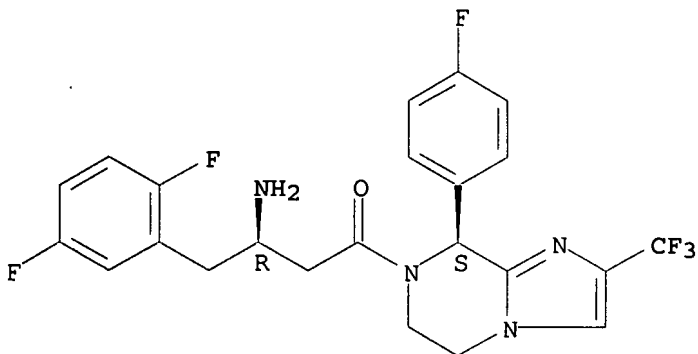


● HCl

RN 611240-05-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

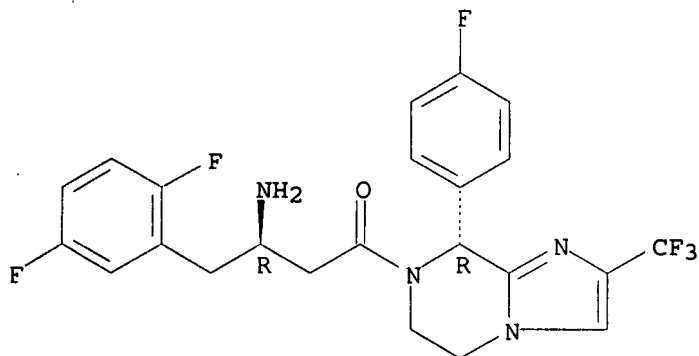


RN 611240-06-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-

8-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

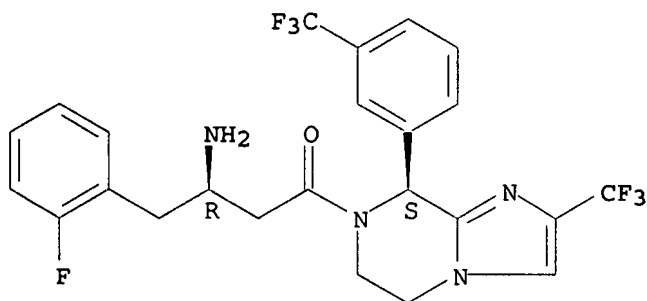
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-07-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-8-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

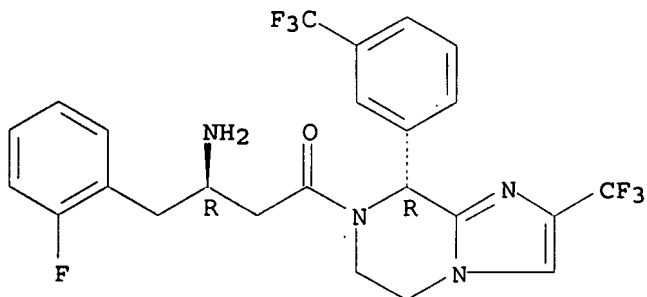
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-08-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-8-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

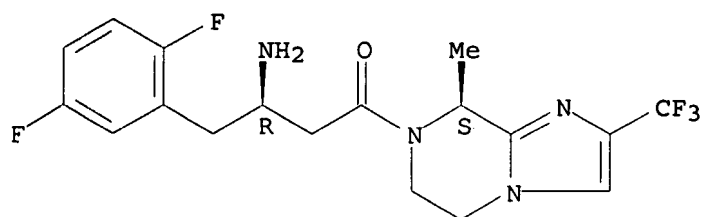
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-09-6 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

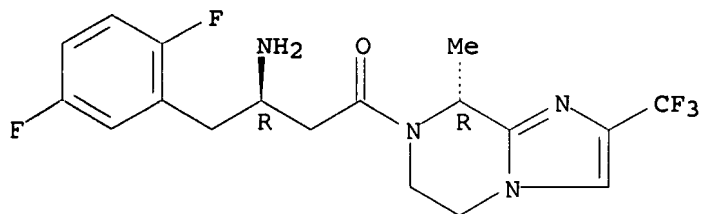
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-10-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

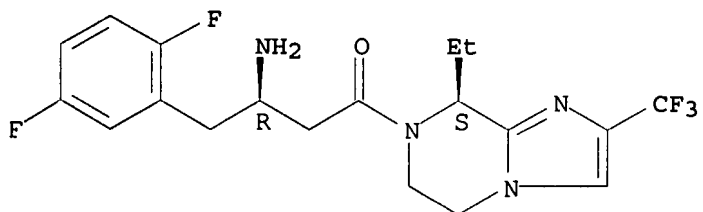
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-11-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

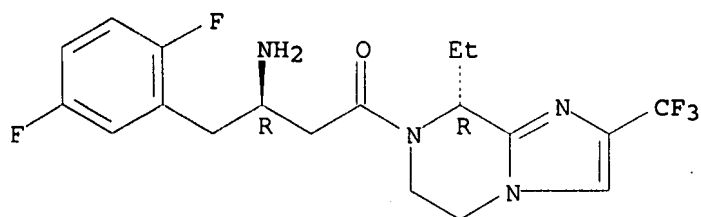


RN 611240-12-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

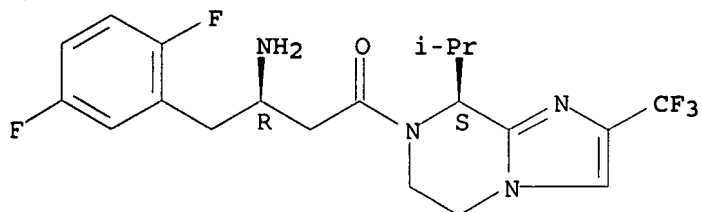




RN 611240-13-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(1-methylethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

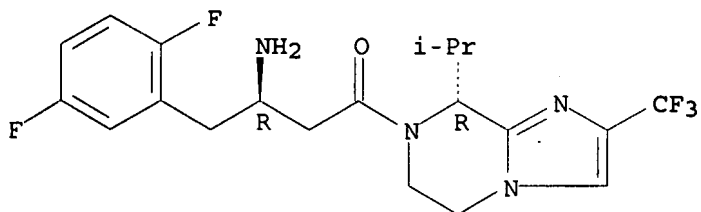
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-14-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(1-methylethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

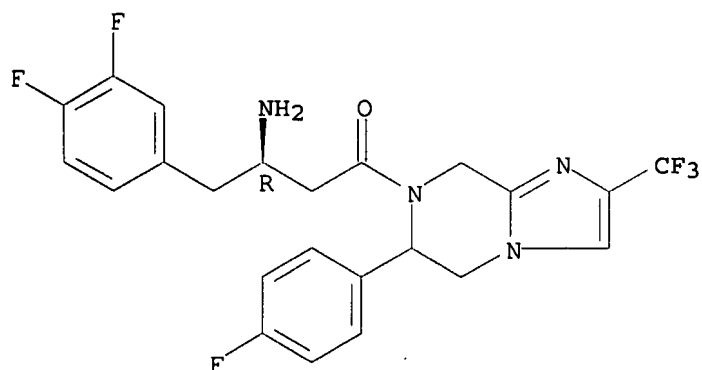
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-15-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

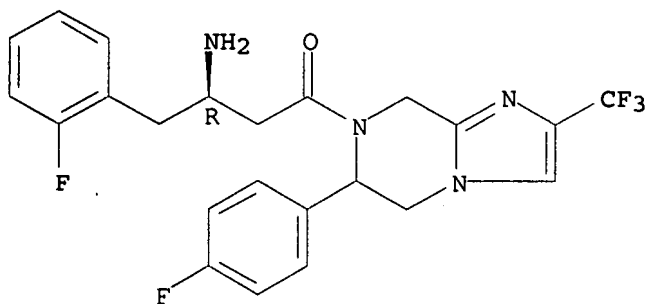
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

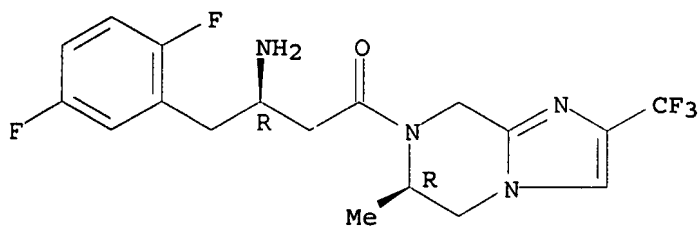
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-17-6 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

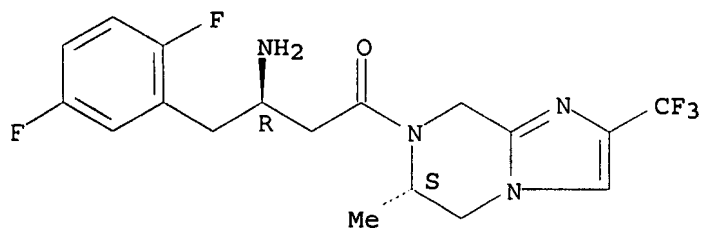
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-18-7 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

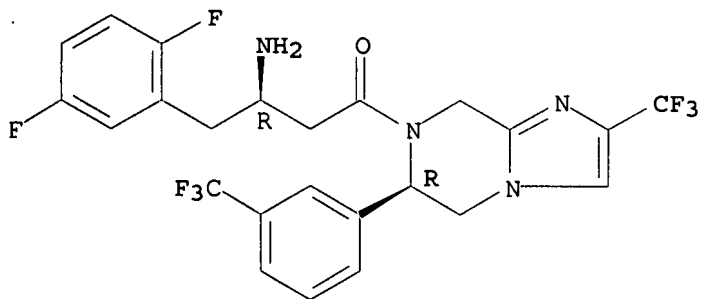
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-19-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

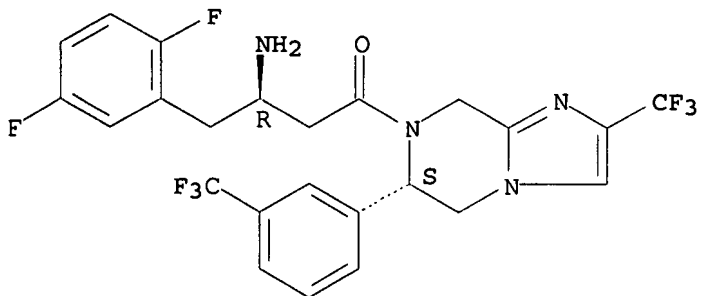
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-20-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-6-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-, (6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

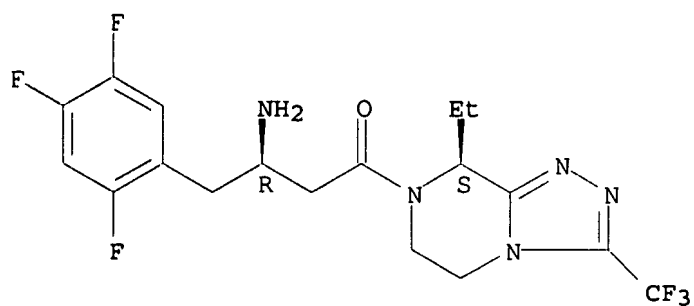
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-21-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

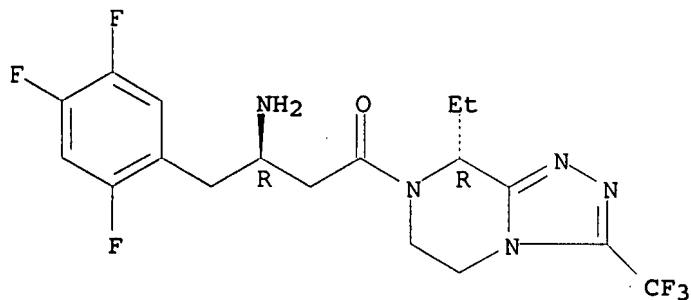
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-22-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

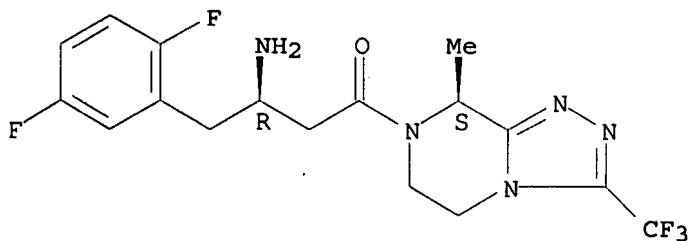
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-23-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

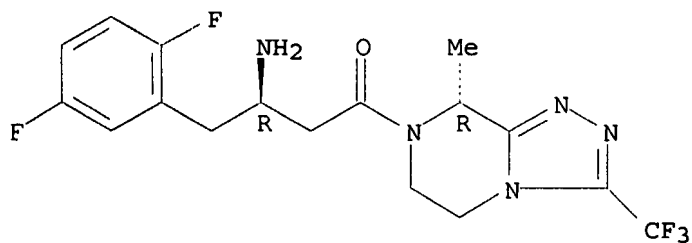
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-24-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

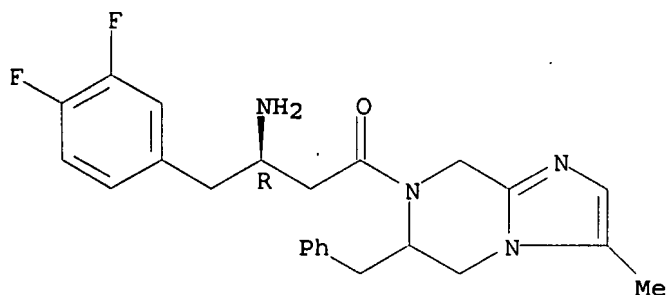
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-25-6 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

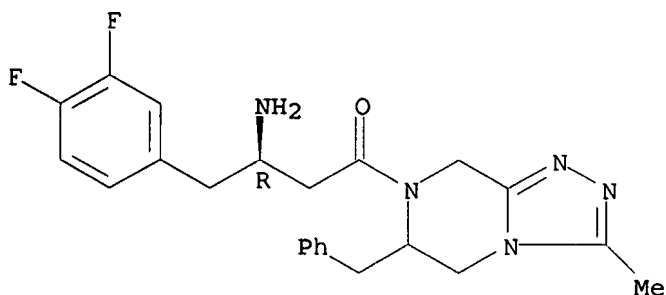
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-26-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

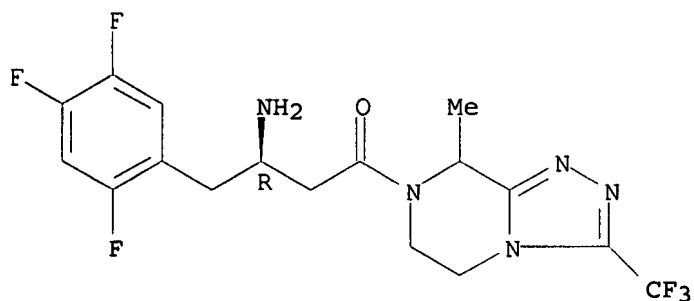
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-27-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

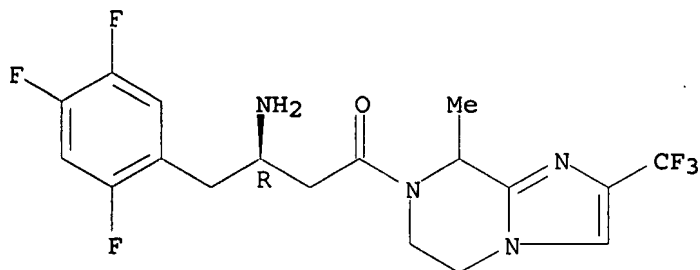
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-28-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

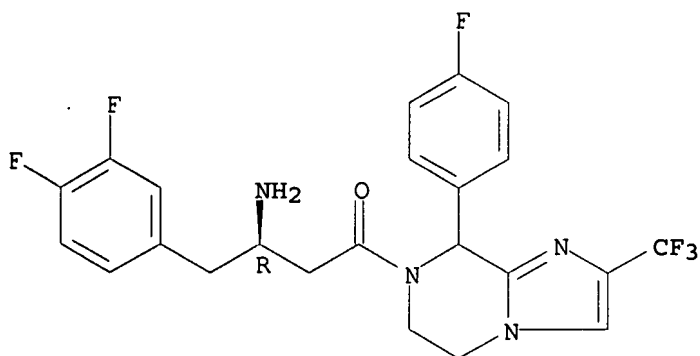
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-29-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

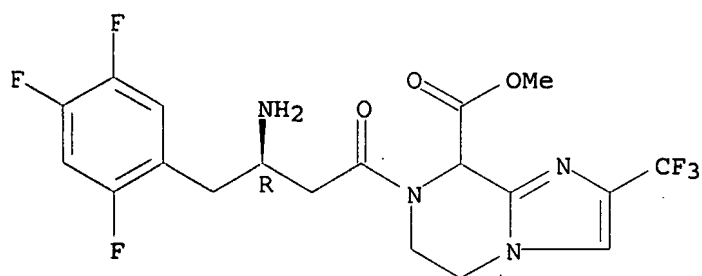
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-30-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-8-carboxylic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

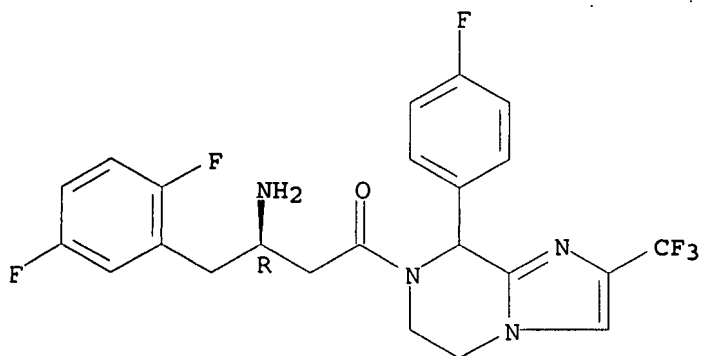
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-31-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

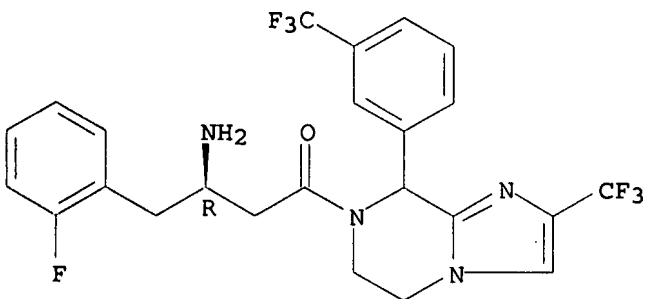
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-32-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-8-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

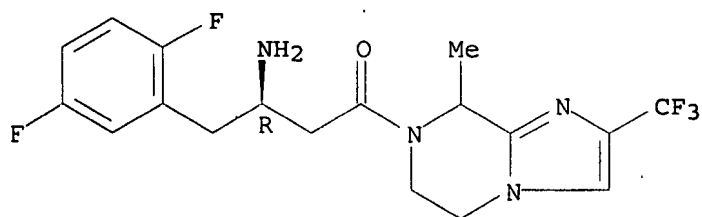
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-33-6 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

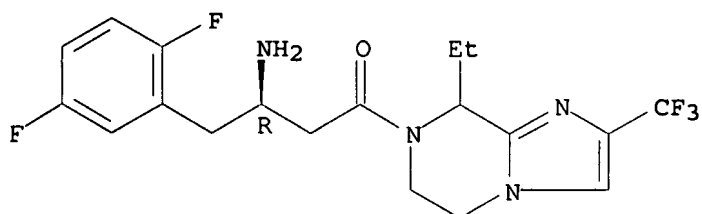
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-34-7 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

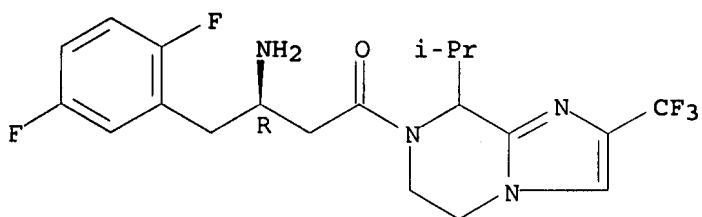
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-35-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(1-methylethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

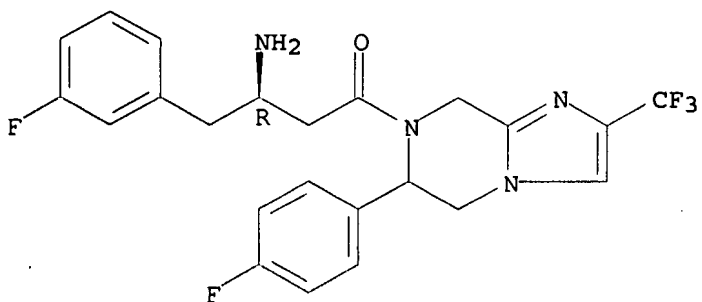
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-36-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

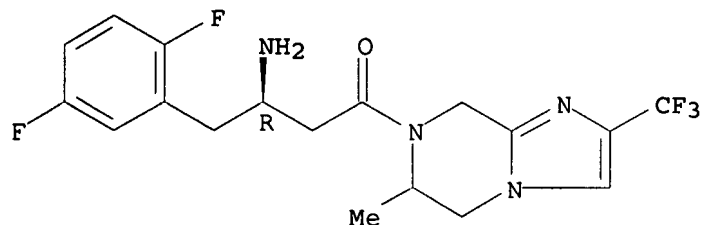
Absolute stereochemistry.





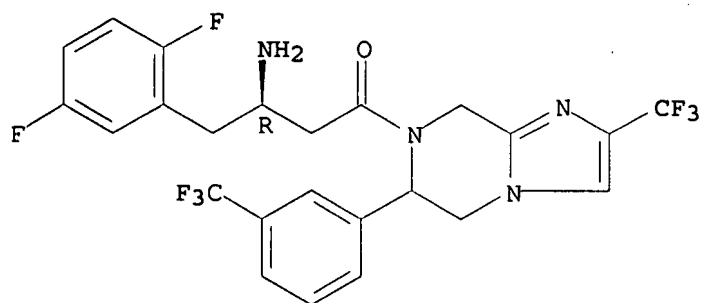
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Absolute stereochemistry.



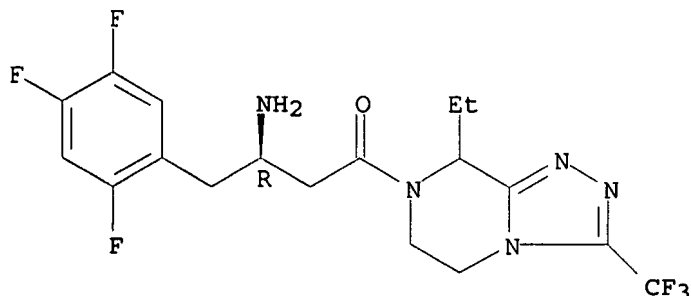
RN 611240-38-1 CAPLUS  
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Absolute stereochemistry.



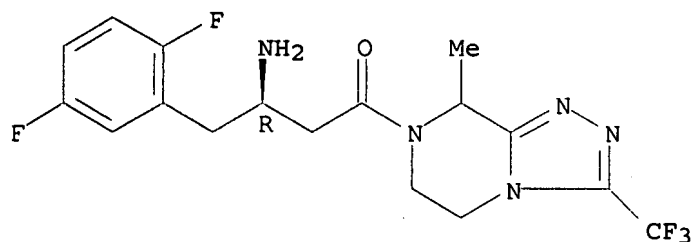
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 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-40-5 CAPLUS  
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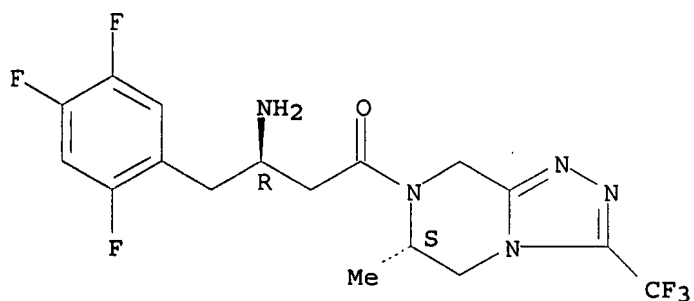
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-41-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

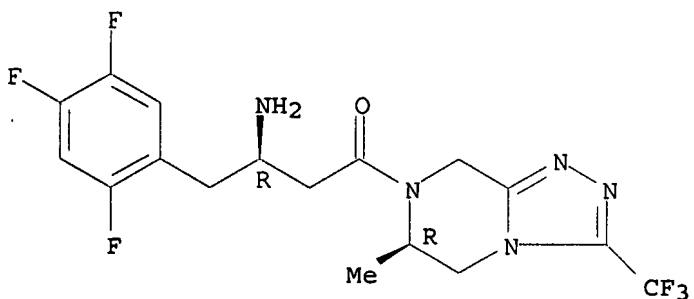
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-42-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

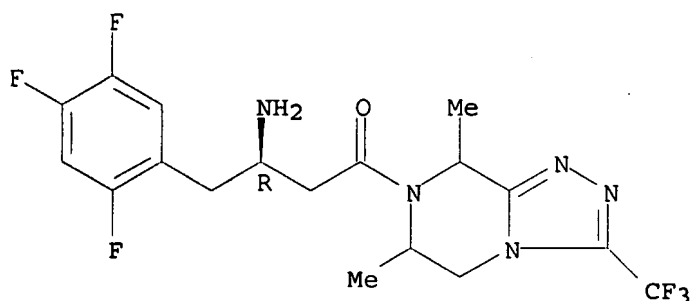
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-43-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

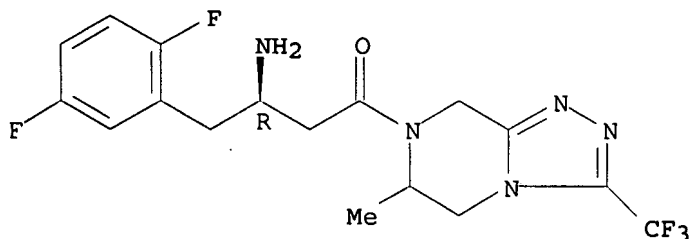
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-44-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

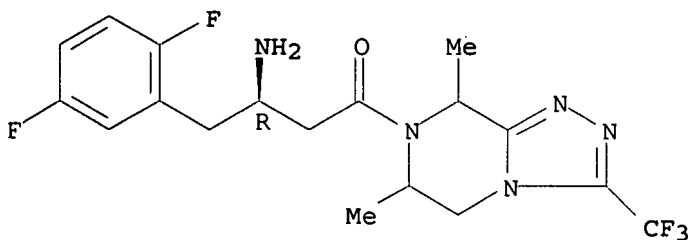
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-45-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-80-3 CAPLUS

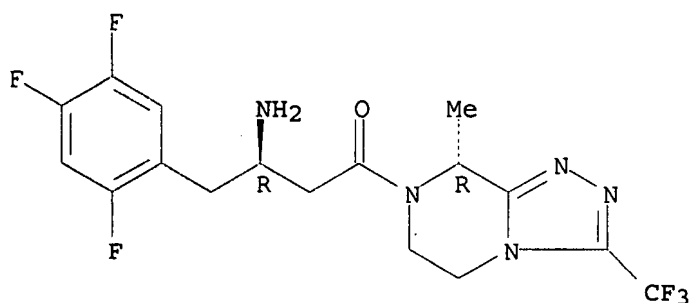
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 611240-79-0

CMF C17 H17 F6 N5 O

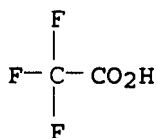
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

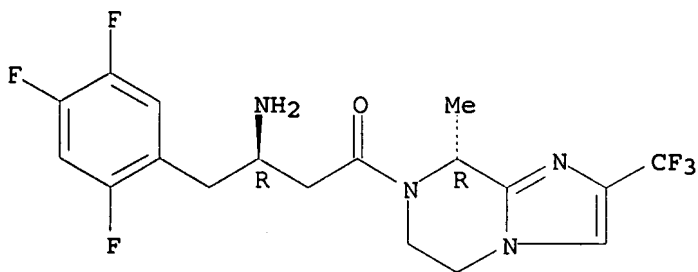
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 611240-82-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, dihydrochloride, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



●2 HCl

RN 611240-87-0 CAPLUS

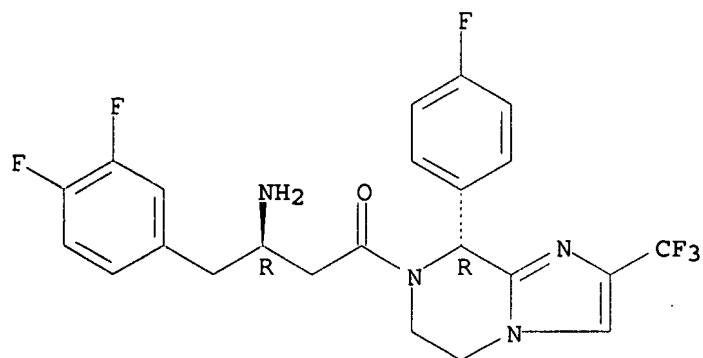
CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 611240-86-9

CMF C23 H20 F6 N4 O

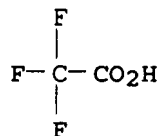
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

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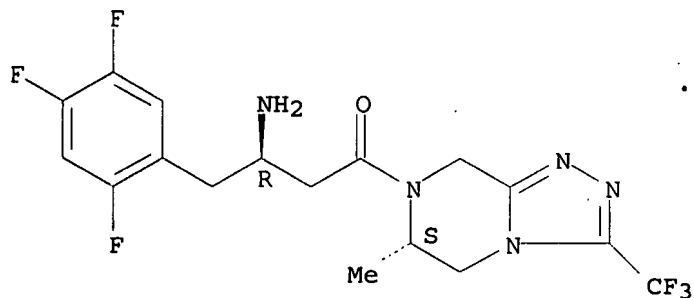
CMF C2 H F3 O2



RN 611240-88-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 100 OF 100 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

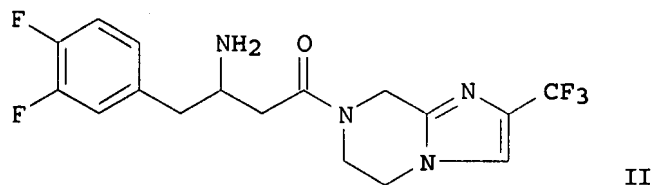
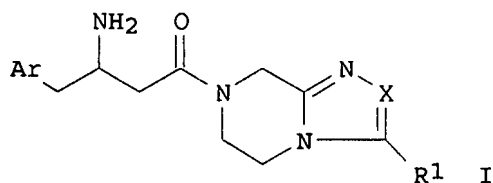
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DN 138:106717

TI Preparation of  $\beta$ -amino tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazines and tetrahydrotriazolo[4,3-a]pyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes

IN Edmondson, Scott D.; Fisher, Michael H.; Kim, Dooseop; MacCoss, Malcolm;  
 Parmee, Emma R.; Weber, Ann E.; Xu, Jinyou  
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

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OS	MARPAT 138:106717				
GI					



AB  $\beta$ -Amino tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazines and tetrahydrotriazolo[4,3-a]pyrazines [e.g., I; wherein Ar = (substituted) phenyl; X = N, CR<sub>2</sub>; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, independently = H, CN, (branched) (substituted) (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)alkyl, (substituted) Ph, (saturated) 5- or 6-membered heterocycle, etc.] were prepared. For example, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)butanoyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine (II) was prepared in several steps. The prepared compds. are inhibitors of the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme ("DP-IV inhibitors") and, thus, are useful in the treatment or prevention of diseases in which the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme is involved, such as type 2 diabetes (no data).

IT 486459-65-8P 486459-66-9P 486459-67-0P  
 486459-68-1P 486459-69-2P 486459-70-5P  
 486459-71-6P 486459-72-7P 486459-73-8P  
 486459-74-9P 486459-75-0P 486459-76-1P  
 486459-77-2P 486459-78-3P 486459-79-4P  
 486459-80-7P 486459-81-8P 486459-82-9P  
 486459-83-0P 486459-84-1P 486459-85-2P  
 486459-86-3P 486459-87-4P 486459-88-5P  
 486459-89-6P 486459-93-2P 486459-94-3P  
 486459-95-4P 486459-96-5P 486459-97-6P  
 486460-27-9P 486460-28-0P 486460-29-1P  
 486460-30-4P 486460-31-5P 486460-32-6P  
 487064-52-8P 487064-54-0P 487064-56-2P

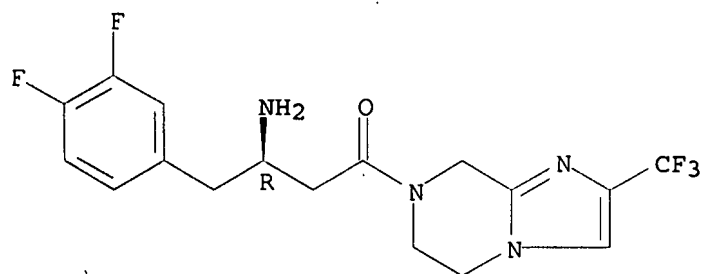
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of  $\beta$ -amino tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazines and tetrahydrotriazolo[4,3-a]pyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors)

RN 486459-65-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

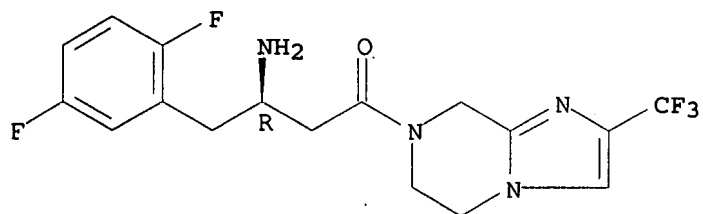


●2 HCl

RN 486459-66-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

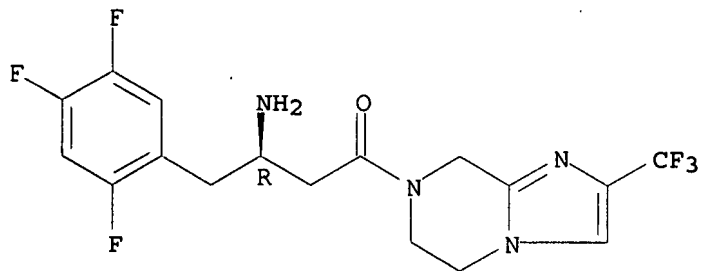


●2 HCl

RN 486459-67-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



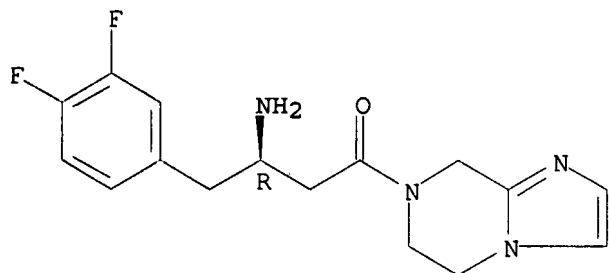
●2 HCl

RN 486459-68-1 CAPLUS



CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

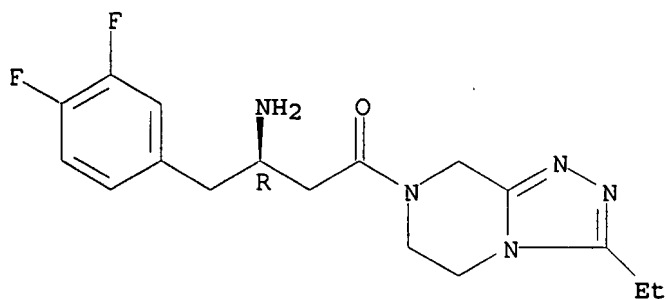


● 2 HCl

RN 486459-69-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

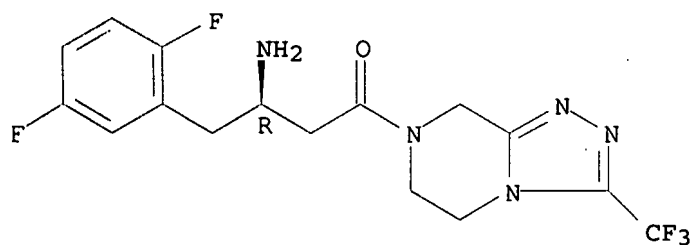


● 2 HCl

RN 486459-70-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

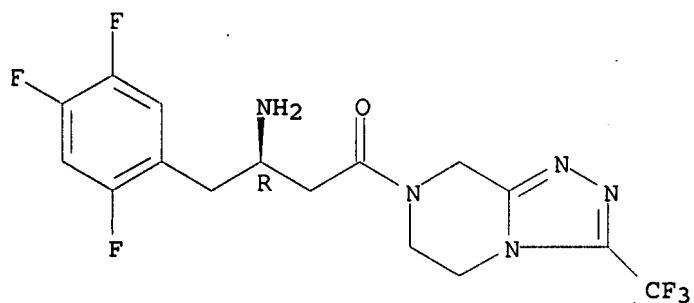


● HCl

RN 486459-71-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

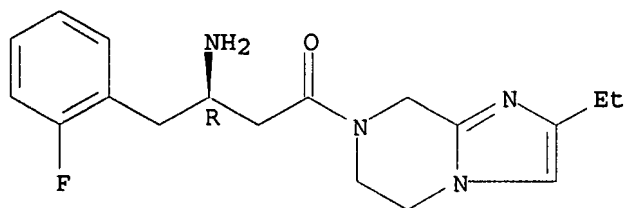


● HCl

RN 486459-72-7 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-2-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

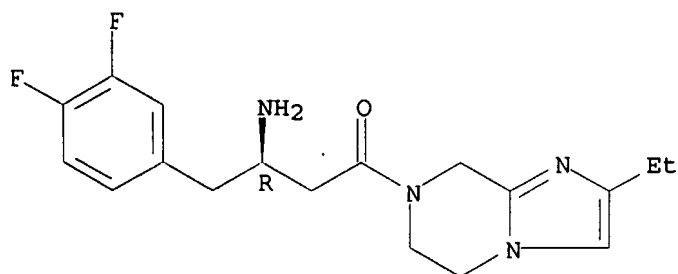
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-73-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-2-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

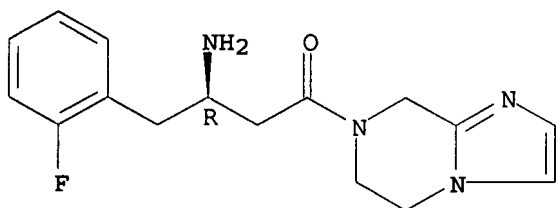
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-74-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

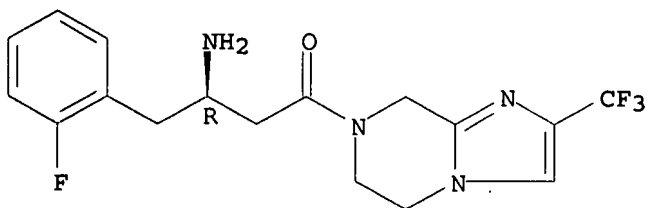
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-75-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

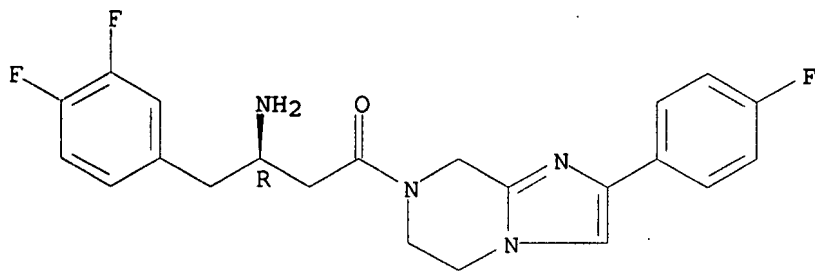
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-76-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

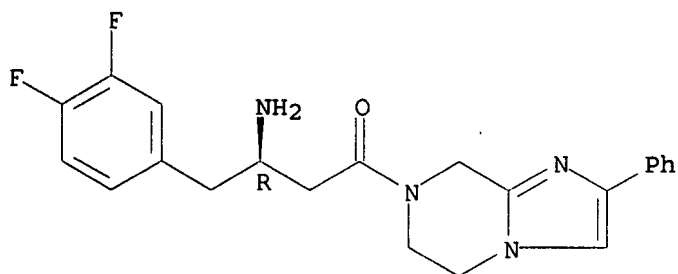
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-77-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

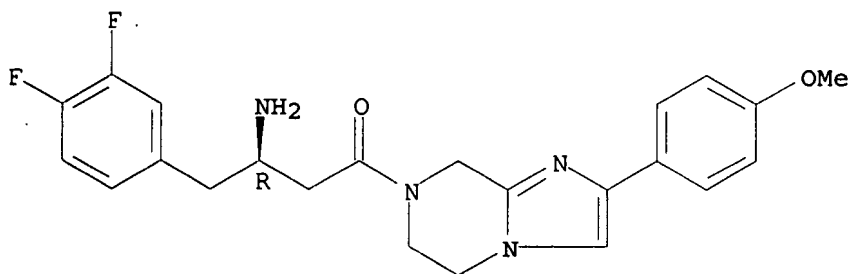
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-78-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

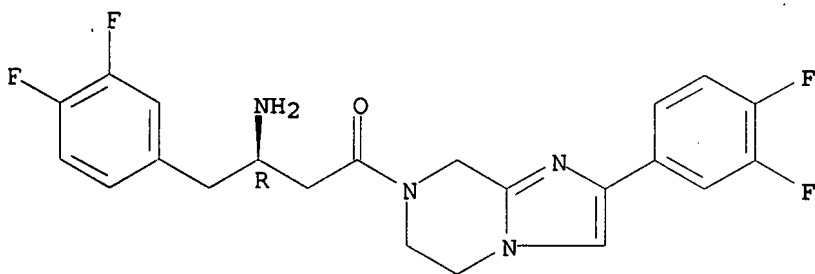
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-79-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

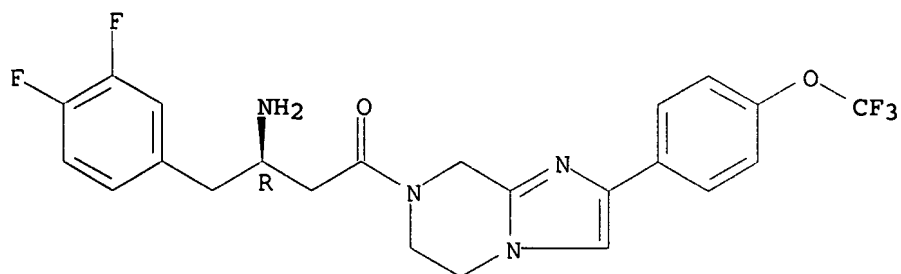
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-80-7 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

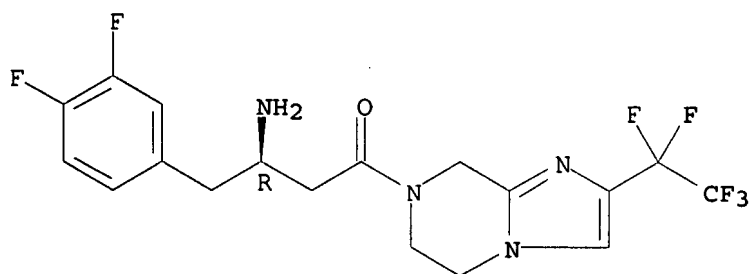
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-81-8 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(pentafluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

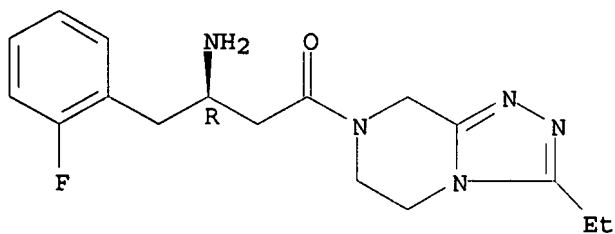
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-82-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

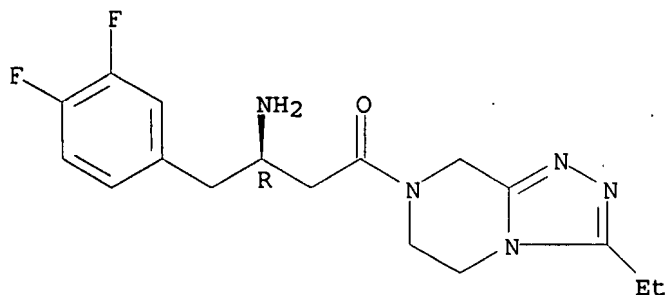
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-83-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

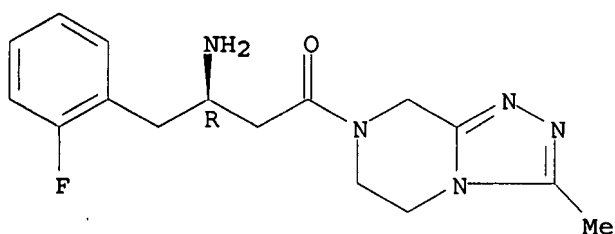
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

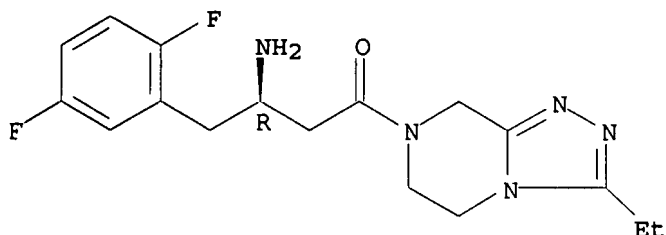
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-85-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

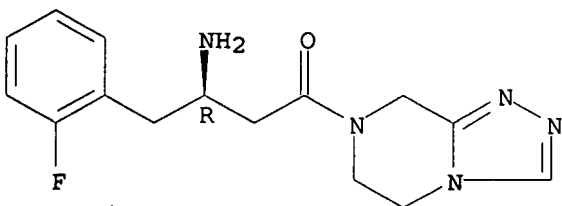
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-86-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

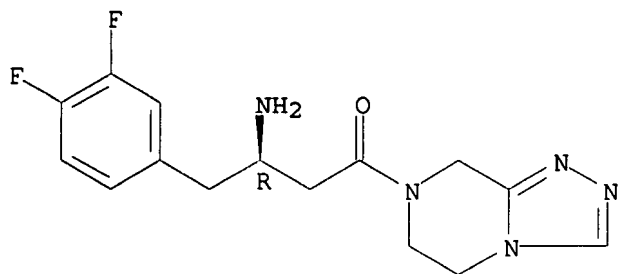
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-87-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

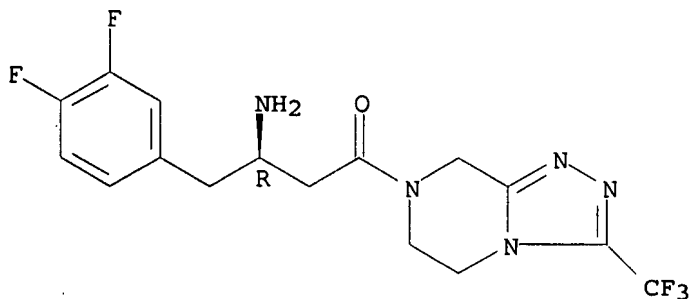
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-88-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

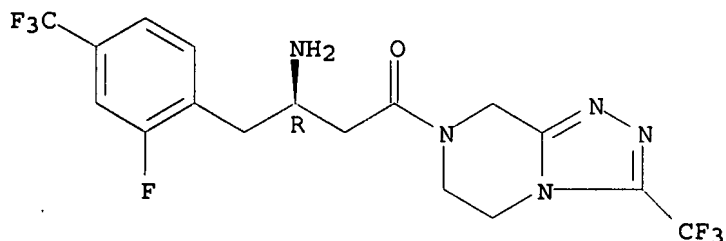
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-89-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-[2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

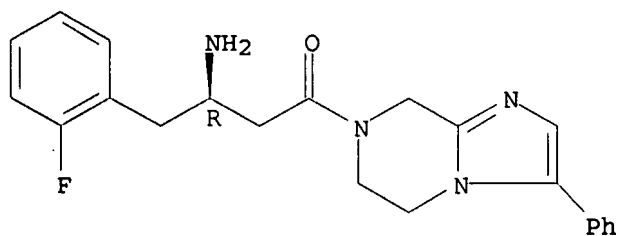
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-93-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

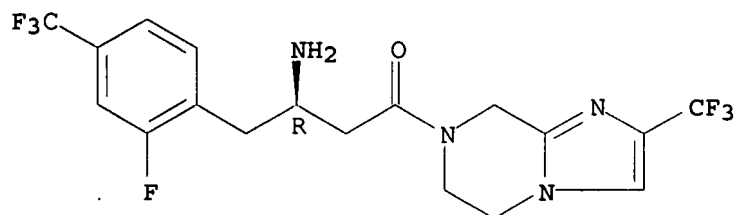
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-94-3 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-[2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

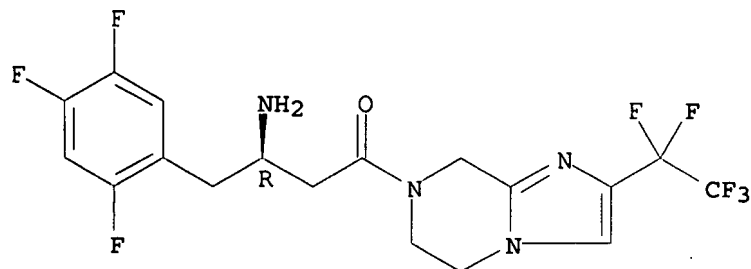
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-95-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(pentafluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

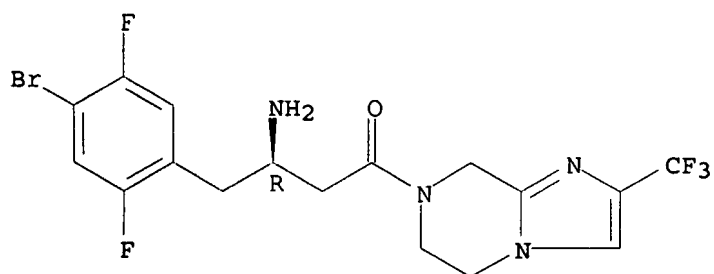


RN 486459-96-5 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(4-bromo-2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

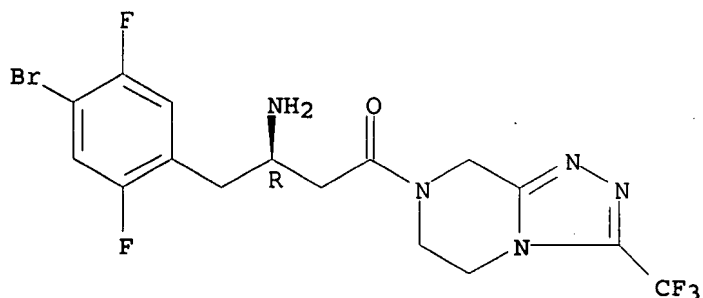




RN 486459-97-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(4-bromo-2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

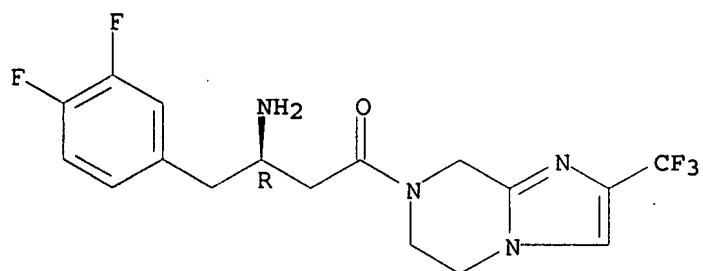
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-27-9 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

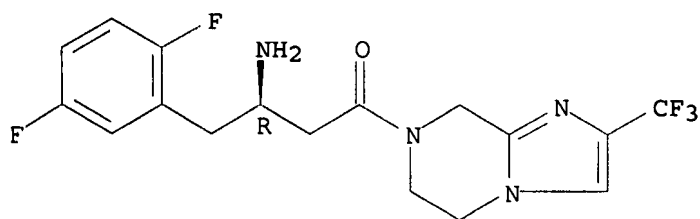
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-28-0 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

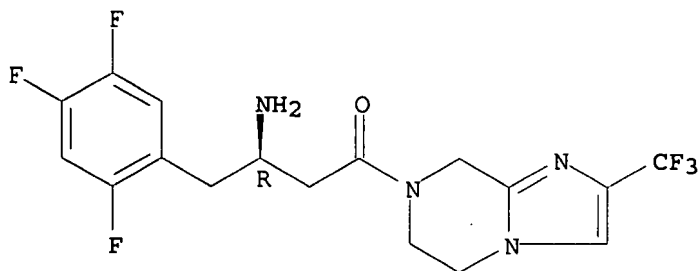
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-29-1 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

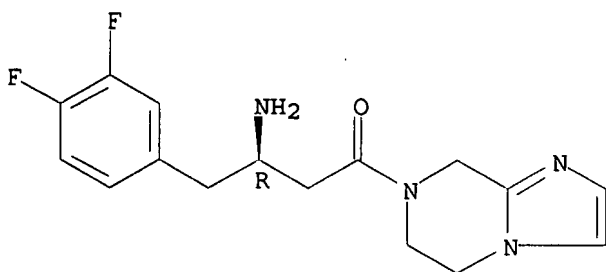
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-30-4 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

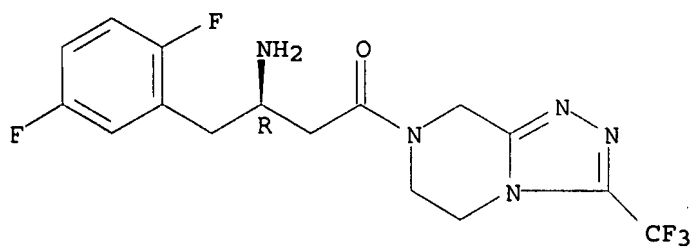
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

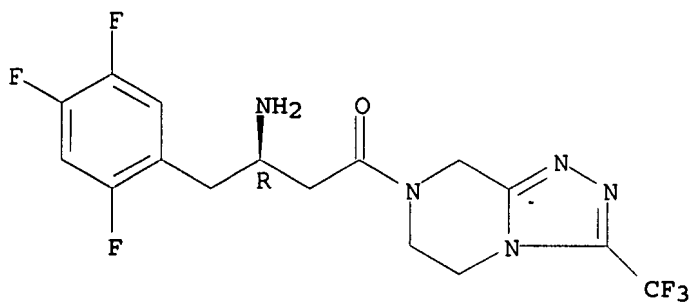
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

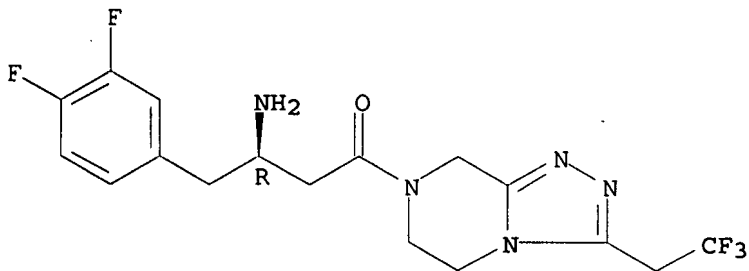
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-52-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

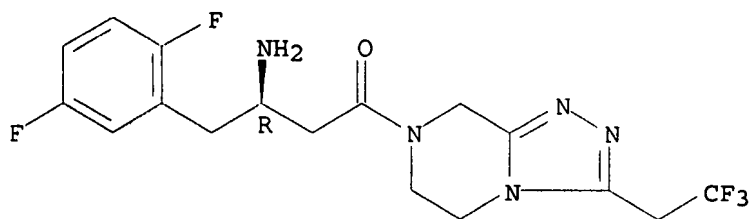
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-54-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

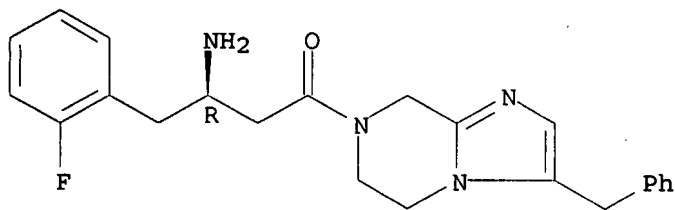
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-56-2 CAPLUS

CN Imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT